

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2013/2014

COURSE NAME

: HYDROLOGY

COURSE CODE

: DAC 20902

PROGRAMME

: 1 DAA

EXAMINATION DATE

: DECEMBER 2013 /

JANUARY 2014

DURATION

: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

: ANSWER 4 (FOUR) QUESTIONS

ONLY

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

CONFIDENTIAL

Q1	(a)	With the aid of sketches, explain the hydrologic cycle in nature indicating its various phases in Figure Q1(a) .
		(6 marks)
	(b)	Explain briefly about water balance equation.
		(4 marks)
	(c)	Refer Table Q1(c) , a swimming pool $(4m \times 4m \times 1.5m)$ has a small leak at the bottom. Measurements of rainfall, evaporation, and water level are taken daily for 5 days to determine what should be done for repair. Estimate the average daily leakage out of the swimming pool in cm ³ /day where the pool is exactly 1.5 m deep at the end of day 1.
		(5 marks)
	(d)	Determine the evaporation loss, in cm, over the lake for 10 days observation. The lake area is 121 ha, has 0.43 m ³ /s of inflow, 0.37 m ³ /s of outflow, total storage increase of 1.97 ha-m and infiltration loss is insignificant. A USGS gage next to the lake recorded a total of 3.3 cm precipitation for the lake for the month.
		(10 marks)
Q2	(a)	Sketch and explain briefly about non recording precipitation gauge.
		(10 marks)
	(b)	Refer Table Q2(b) , determine rainfall (cm) and rainfall intensity (cm/hour).
		(15 marks)

Q3	(a)	Explain briefly about energy budget method.
		(6 marks)
	(b)	List the compatible position to allocate the evaporation pan.
		(6 marks)
	(c)	The drainage area of the Segamat River at Johore, is 12,900 km ² . If the mean annual runoff is determined to be 155.5 m ³ /s and the average annual rainfall is 1.10 m, estimate the ET losses for the area. How does this compare with the lake evapotranspiration of 1 m/year measured at Pusu River, Selangor.
		(13 marks)
Q4	(a)	Sketch and label the paths of runoff.
		(10 marks)
	(b)	Data of stream-gauging at a gauging site are given in Table Q4(b) . The rating equation of the current meter is $v = 0.53 \ N_s + 0.07 \ m/s$. Calculate the discharge in the stream.
		(15 marks)
Q5	(a)	List two (2) factors that affecting hydrograph shape with example.
		(4 marks)
	(b)	Sketch and explain briefly about straight line method.
		(6 marks)
	(c)	Refer Table Q5(c) , the daily streamflow data for a particular catchment having an area of 6000 km^2 . Separate the baseflow using the intersection method (N = $0.8\text{A}^{0.2}$). Determine total of baseflow and direct flow.
		(15 marks)

Q6 (a) Sketch and explain about flood routing process.

(9 marks)

(b) Route the inflow and outflow hydrograph tabulated in the **Table Q6(b)** where the inflow equals to outflow for the first day. Determine the coefficients K and x for use in the Muskingum routing equations for this reach.

(16 marks)

Q7 (a) Sketch and label about groundwater sources.

(10 marks)

(b) The soil under the dam consists of four layers as shown in the **Figure Q7(b)**. Calculate the average conductivity (m/day) and transmissivity (m²/day) of the soil when water table is at the ground surface.

(15 marks)

- END OF QUESTION -

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION: SEM I 2013/2014 COURSE NAME: HYDROLOGY PROGRAMME: 1 DAA COURSE CODE: DAC 20902

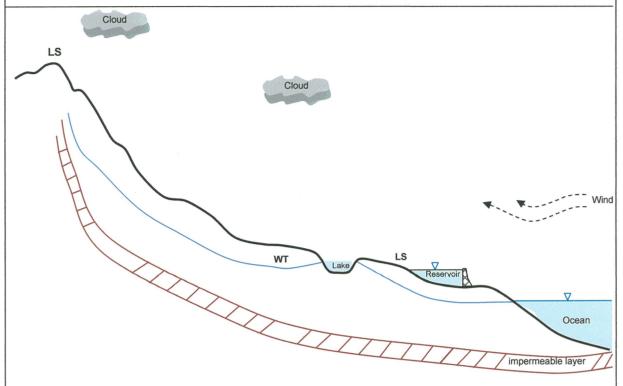


FIGURE Q1(a)

TABLE Q1(c): Data of evaporation and rainfall

Day	Evaporation (mm)	Rainfall (mm)	Measured Level (mm)
1	14	-	1,530
2	0	26	-
3	13	-	-
4	0	52	-
5	12	-	1330

TABLE Q2(b): Rainfall data

Time	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Cumulative Rainfall (mm)	0	9	16	22	35	48	56	62	66

FINAL EXAMINATION

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TABLE Q4(b): Data of stream-gauging

Distance from left of bank (m)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21
Depth (m)	0	1.5	3.0	6.5	6.3	3.0	1.3	0
Revolutions at 0.6d	0	45	65	125	120	64	42	0
Duration of observation (s)	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90

TABLE Q5(c): Daily streamflow data

									_	4.0
Time (days)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total Flow (m ³ /s)	600	750	900	1200	1300	1000	900	700	650	550

TABLE Q6(b): Inflow and outflow hydrograph

Time (hour)	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
Inflow (ft ³ /s)	50	150	340	250	200	155	115	90	50	25
Outflow (ft^3/s)	50	59	126	235	239	214	178.5	141.5	110	75

