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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2012/2013**

COURSE NAME : PROGRAMMING PRINCIPLES
COURSE CODE : DAT 10603
PROGRAMME : 1 DAT
EXAMINATION DATE : OCTOBER 2012
DURATION : 2 ½ HOURS
INSTRUCTIONS : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF NINE (9) PAGES

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- Q1** (a) Explain the importance of algorithm. (2 marks)
- (b) List **THREE (3)** advantages of algorithm. (6 marks)
- (c) List **TWO (2)** differences between flow chart and pseudocode . (4 marks)
- (e) Explain each stages of the SDLC life cycle. (8 marks)

- Q2** (a) Write a pseudocode that represents the flow chart in figure Q2(a). (4 marks)
- (b) Identify the output of the following segment for input value of n is 15.

```
int n, ev =0;
printf(" Masukkan nilai n: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
while (ev <= n ) {
    printf("%3d", ev);
    ev = ev + 2;
}
printf("\n");
```

(4 marks)

- (c) Identify the output of the following segment.

```
int main(){
int a=12;
if (a < 12)
    printf("less \n");
else
    printf("not less \n");
}
```

(4 marks)

- (d) Write a program that produces the output of the following result in **Table Q2(d)**.

(8 marks)

- Q3** (a) Identify the output of the following segment. Let $x=25$ and $y=10$.

```
int i=15, x;
double y;
cout << "Please enter an integer value x: ";
cin >> x;
cout << "Please enter an integer value y: ";
cin >> y ;
y = pow(x,3);
cout << "\nThe value you entered of i is "<< i <<" and
y is " <<x;
cout << "\nand the result of twice of i is " << i*2
<<" and y raised by 3 is "<< y <<"\n\n";
```

(8 marks)

- (b) Write a program using looping procedure that produces the following output.

Output:

```

1 x
2 xx
3 xxx
4 xxxx
5 xxxxx
6 xxxxxx
7 xxxxxxx
8 xxxxxxxx
9 xxxxxxxxx
10 xxxxxxxxxx

```

(6 marks)

- (c) Write a program using looping procedure that produces the following output.

Output:

```

ppppppppp
  p  p
    p p

ppppppppp
  p  p
    p p

ddddddddd
d      d
d      d
d d

```

(6 marks)

Q4 (a) Identify the output of the following statements.

- (i) `int x = 10; int y = 2; double a = x % y; a=0`
- (ii) `int a= 30, b=10; a -= 5;`
- (iii) `int f, g=55; f=++g; g=--f+10; cout <<" f = " <<f<<endl; cout <<" g = " << g<<endl;`
- (iv) `int d=2,b=3, c=5; c -= d+b;`

(8 marks)

(b) Identify the output of the following statements; let `x = 33.2; y = 3; and z = 25;`.

- (i) `int abs(int x);`
- (ii) `double pow10(int x);`
- (iii) `double sqrt(double x);`
- (iv) `double floor(double x);`
- (v) `double ceil(double x);`
- (vi) `double pow(3,2);`

(12 marks)

Q5 (a) Give **TWO (2)** reasons why function are importance.

(4 marks)

(b) Identify the missing statement in program that produced the given results.

```
int i=0;
while ____ (i) ____ {
    cout << i <<" " << ____ (ii) ____ <<endl;
    ____ (iii) ____;
}
```

Output:

```

0 10
1  9
2  8
3  7
4  6
5  5

```

Press any key to continue . . .

(6 marks)

- (c) Write a function that add two integers. The main function is given in the following code listing. Use first integer as **a** variable and the second integer as **b** variable;

```

int main ()
{
    int c;
    c = sum(5,3);
    cout << "The result is " << c;
    return 0;
}

```

(6 marks)

- (d) Identify the missing code statement of the following functions. The output result are given below.

```

int subtraction (int a, int b)
{
    int subs;
    subs = _____(i)_____;
    _____(ii)_____(subs);
}
int main ()
{
    int x=5, y=3;
    cout << "Subtracting 2 from 7 is " << subtraction (7,2)
    << '\n';
    cout << "Subtracting y from x is " << subtraction (x,y)
    << '\n';
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
Subtracting 2 from 7 is 5  
Subtracting y from x is 2  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

(4 marks)

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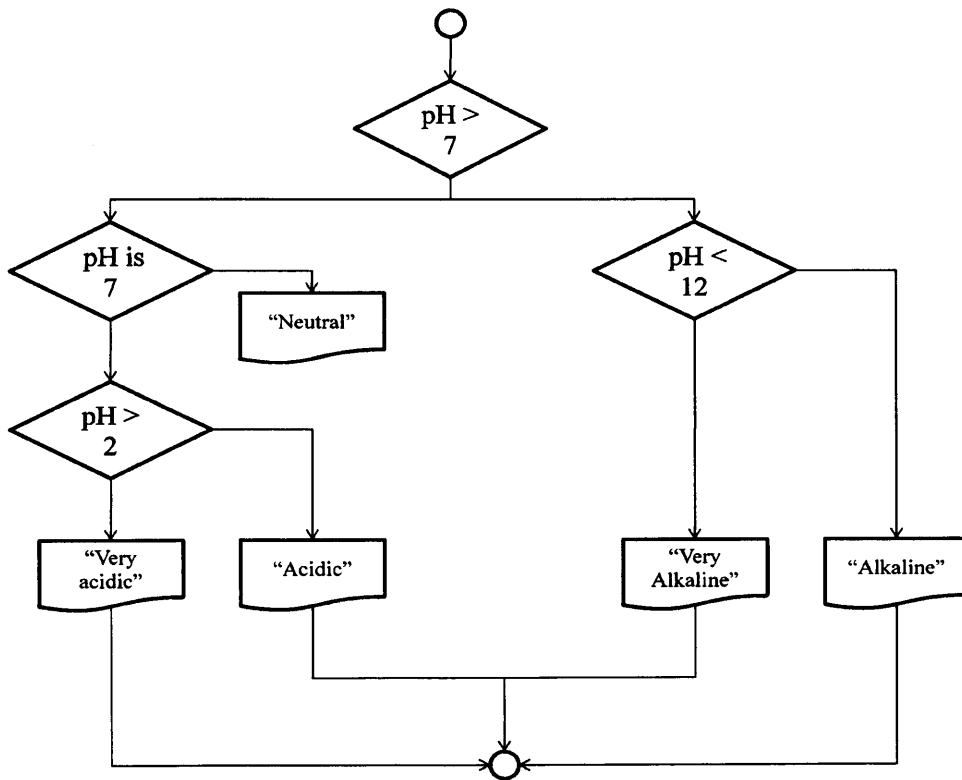


FIGURE Q2(a)

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TABLE Q2(d)

i	i²
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16
5	25
6	36