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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2012/2013**

COURSE NAME : COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

COURSE CODE : DAM 31303

PROGRAMME : 2 DAM / 3 DAM

EXAMINATION DATE : OCTOBER 2012

DURATION : 2 ½ HOURS

**INSTRUCTIONS : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN
SECTION A AND
ONE (1) QUESTION ONLY IN
SECTION B**

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF EIGHT (8) PAGES

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SECTION A

Instruction : Answer ALL Questions.

Q1 Read the system requirement below:

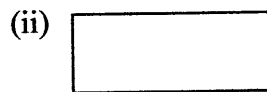
Description : A program that reads **FOUR (4)** numbers and calculate the average of the input numbers.

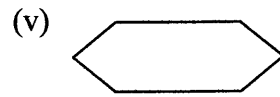
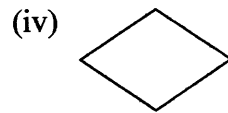
Input : User key in **FOUR (4)** numbers.

Process : Average = (Number1 + Number2 + Number3 + Number4) / 4.

Output : Display Average.

- (a) Illustrate a flowchart for the above system requirement. (10 marks)
- (b) Prepare pseudocode for the above system requirement. (5 marks)
- (c) Name the flowchart components below :





(5 marks)

(d) Define

(i) Flowchart.

(ii) Pseudocode.

(5 marks)

Q2

Identify the output produced by the following C program.

(a)

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int x,y;

    x = 21;
    y = 22;

    printf("Value for X is : %d\n", x);

    printf("Value for Y is : %d\n", y);
    // scanf("%d",&y);

    if ( x > y )
        printf("\nX is Larger - %d\n\n",x);

    else
        printf("\nY is Larger - %d\n\n",y);

    return 0;
}
```

(5 marks)

```
(b) #include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    int i, j;

    // for loop
    printf("This is a for loop\n");
    for(i = -2; i <= 0; i = i +1)
        printf("%d ", i);
    printf("\n");
    printf("\nThis is a while loop\n");
    j = -4; // initial condition

    // while loop
    while(j <= 0) // terminal condition
    {
        printf("%d ", j);
        j = j + 1; // iteration
    }
    printf("\nResult is different...\n");
    return 0;
}
```

(7 marks)

```
(c) #include <stdio.h>

int maximum(int, int, int);
void Display();

void main()
{
    printf("Maximum is:%d\n",maximum(9,7,8));
    Display();
    Display();
}

int maximum(int x, int y, int z)
{
    int max = x;
    if (y > max)
        max = y;

    if (z > max)
        max = z;

    return max;
}
```

```
void Display()
{
    printf("\nDisplay Maximum Number...");
}
```

(7 marks)

```
(d) #include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    int a= 3;
    int b= 6, c=0, d=1;

    c++;
    printf("%d %d ", 41-d++, c);
    printf("%d",d);

    return 0;
}
```

(3 marks)

```
(e) #include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    int a= 3, b=6, c=0, d=1;

    c++;
    printf("%d %d ", a++, --b + --d);
    printf("\n%d", b);
    return 0;
}
```

(3 marks)

Q3

(a) (i) State **THREE (3)** types of looping statement in C programming.
(6 marks)

(ii) Give example of a *for... loop* statement.
(4 marks)

(b) Write a FULL C program that produces output as per below by using the *while... loop* statement.

```
WARNING!!!  
  
Error Detected!!!  
Close Program Immediately!!!  
Error Detected!!!  
Close Program Immediately!!!  
  
Cooperation Appreciated...
```

(15 marks)

(c) Write a FULL C program that produces screen output as per below by using the *for...loop* statement.

```
3 6 9 12 15 18
```

(10 marks)

SECTION B**Instruction : Answer ONE (1) question only.****Q4** Answer the following questions.

(a) Define Array.

(4 marks)

(b) Analyze the C program fragment below and answer the following questions based on it.

```
int grades[2][3];
```

(i) State how many memory cells are allocated for data storage?

(1 mark)

(ii) State what type of data can be stored there?

(1 mark)

(iii) Write a C program statement to refer to the first array element.

(2 marks)

(iv) Write a C program statement to refer to the last array element.

(2 marks)

(c) Write a single line C program for the following scenario:

(i) Declare a **TWO (2)** dimensional array called Data that allocate **FIFTY (50)** spaces with **TEN (10)** columns and **FIVE (5)** rows to be of data type double.

(3 marks)

(ii) Declare the variable `sumNumber` to be of type float.

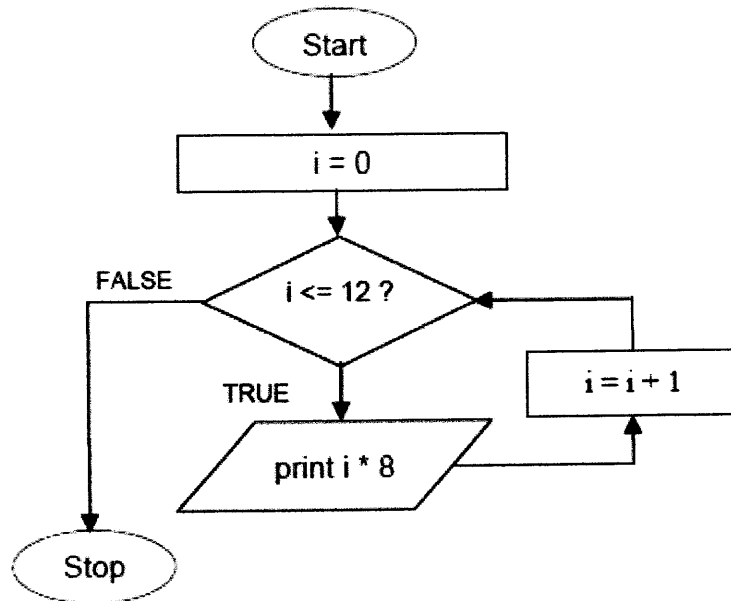
(2 marks)

Q5

Write a full C program that will print the times table for number **EIGHT (8)**.

You can refer to the flowchart and sample output provided to solve this problem.

FLOWCHART :



SAMPLE OUTPUT :

```
Times 8 Table
0 x 8 = 0
1 x 8 = 8
2 x 8 = 16
3 x 8 = 24
4 x 8 = 32
5 x 8 = 40
6 x 8 = 48
7 x 8 = 56
8 x 8 = 64
9 x 8 = 72
10 x 8 = 80
11 x 8 = 88
12 x 8 = 96
```

(15 marks)