



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2011/2012

COURSE NAME

INTRODUCTION TO AIRCRAFT

COURSE CODE

BDU 10202

PROGRAM

1 BDC, 1 BDM

EXAMINATION DATE :

JANUARY 2012

DURATION

: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

PART A: ANSWER ONE (1)

QUESTION ONLY

PART B: ANSWER ALL

QUESTIONS

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF SEVEN (7) PRINTED PAGES

PART A: ANSWER ONE (1) QUESTION ONLY.

Q1	The full specifications	of Airbus 380-800	are shown in	Table Q1.	Based on the	given specs
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a)	Compute the minimum takeoff speed, the runway length and the time needed to takeof			
	if the airplane is going to operate in Malaysia. Take μ =0.01; C_L and C_D at takeoff flap			
	configuration as 3.22 and 0.34 respectively			

(25 marks)

b) Does Kuala Lumpur International Airport ready to accept the operation of Airbus 380-800 now since its runway is only 13,530ft (4,124m) long?

(5 marks)

c) Analyze the above factors in cases of the airplane operating in Saudi Arabia and Toronto Canada where the extreme temperature may reach 41° C (μ = 0.01, ρ = 0.913 kg/m³) and -10° C (μ = 0.005, ρ =1.537 kg/m³) respectively.

(16 marks)

d) Comment on the suitability of operating this type of aircraft world wide.

(4 marks)

- Q2 The maiden flight for UTHM's Learjet is scheduled from Tanjong Laboh Airport in December 2013. **Table Q2** illustrates the aircraft specifications. Based on the given information:
 - a) Briefly differentiate between service ceiling and absolute ceiling.

(5 marks)

b) For the Learjet, using the maximum typical cruising speed, plot a graph or construct a table of Lift produce versus various Air Densities.

[Cruise Configuration: C_L=0.71 and use standard basic operation weight]

(15 marks)

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	c)	By using the plot/table estimate the absolute ceiling for the aircraft. the equal for all aircrafts that fly in the sky?	Are these values
		the equal test and affectable that the sity.	(10 marks)
	d)	Calculate the percentage different between the absolute and service Learjet. Does this percentage different is the same for all aircraft? Plea	_
			(10 marks)
	e)	To fly at 4,000m altitude at a constant cruising speed, what is the parameters setting needed? Take $C_D = 0.071$.	oercentage power
			(10 marks)
PAF	RT B : Al	NSWER ALL QUESTIONS.	
Q3	Several	aircraft have retractable landing gears while others have non-retractable	landing gears.
	a)	Give one example of aircraft for each type of landing gear. Sketch and	d briefly explain

the working principle of both types of landing gears.

(10 marks)

Establish the reasons for having these types of landing gear. b)

(5 marks)

c) With the help of a diagram briefly outline the brake system for a non-retractable landing gear. State also the type of brake fluid used.

(10 marks)

- Q4 There are various types of clouds in the sky.
 - a) Name three (3) types of clouds and state at what height each type exists?

(6 marks)

b) Determine two types of cloud that are dangerous to flying activities and justify your selections?

(6 marks)

c) Explain why some aircraft are permissible and some are not permissible to fly through the dangerous cloud? Explanation should be accompanied by an appropriate diagram.

(13 marks)

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TABLE Q1

AIRBUS A380 SPECS					
Measurement	A380-800	A380-800F			
Cockpit crew		wo			
	525 (3-class)				
Seating capacity	644 (2-class)	12 couriers			
taming tapean,	853 (1-class)	1 .2 334.1313			
Length overall	72.73 m (238.6 ft)				
Wingspan		79.75 m (261.6 ft)			
Height	24.45 m (80.2 ft)				
	33.58 m (110.2 ft) wing landing gear				
Wheelbase	36.85 m (120.9 ft) body landing gear				
Wheel track		1 (40.9 ft)			
Outside fuselage width		(23.4 ft)			
Outside fuselage height		(27.6 ft)			
		ft) Main deck			
Maximum cabin width		per deck (floor level)			
Cabin langth		ft) Main deck			
Cabin length	44.93 m (147.4 ft) Upper deck				
Wing area),100 sq ft)			
Aspect ratio		7.5			
Wing sweep		3.5°			
Maximum taxi/ramp weight	571,000 kg (1,260,000 lb)	592,000 kg (1,310,000 lb)			
Maximum take-off weight	569,000 kg (1,250,000 lb)	590,000 kg (1,300,000 lb)			
Maximum landing weight	391,000 kg (860,000 lb)	427,000 kg (940,000 lb)			
Maximum zero fuel weight	366,000 kg (810,000 lb)	402,000 kg (890,000 lb)			
Typical Operating empty weight	276,800 kg (610,000 lb)	252,200 kg (556,000 lb)			
Maximum structural payload	89,200 kg (197,000 lb)	149,800 kg (330,000 lb)			
Maximum cargo volume	176 m3 (6,200 cu ft) 1,134 m3 (40,0				
Maximum operating speed	Mach 0.89				
at cruise altitude	(945 km/h, 587	mph, 510 knots)			
Maximum design speed		า 0.96			
in dive at cruise altitude	(at cruise altitude: 1020 km/h, 634 mph, 551 knots)				
Take off run at MTOW/SL ISA	2,750 m (9,020 ft)	2,900 m (9,500 ft)			
Range at design load	15,400 km (8,300 nmi, 9,500 mi)	10,400 km (5,600 nmi, 6,400 mi)			
Service ceiling		(43,028 ft)			
	323,546 L	310,000 L			
Maximum fuel capacity	(85,472 US gal)	(81,893 US gal),			
		323,546 L			
		(85,472 US gal) option			
Engines (4.)	GP7270 (A380-861)	GP7277 (A380-863F)			
Engines (4 x)	Trent 970/B (A380-841)	Trent 977/B (A380-843F)			
	Trent 972/B (A380-842)				
Thomas (4.)	310 kN (70,000 lbf) – GP7270	340 kN (76,000 lbf) – GP7277			
Thrust (4 x)	310 kN (70,000 lbf) – Trent 970/B	340 kN (76,000 lbf) - Trent 977/B			
	320 kN (72,000 lbf) - Trent 972/B				

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TABLE Q2

LEARJET TECHNICAL SPEC

General	Performance	Approximate Dimensions		
Capacity: 2 Crews + 10 passengers	Range Maximum Range (±5%): 3,000 NM (5,556 km)	External Dimensions Length: 68.1 ft (20.76 m) Wingspan (approximately): 56.7 ft (17.28 m)		
Engines PW307B Pratt & Whitney (Twin Engines) Turbofans Thrust: 6,100 lb (27.13 kN) Flat Rated To: ISA + 15°C	Speed Mach kt mph km/h Max 0.82 470 541 871 Operating Speed Total 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Overall Wingspan: 61.5 ft (18.75 m) Wing Area: 401.0 ft² (37.25 m²) Height Overall: 19.9 ft (6.08 m)		
(86°F)	Typical 0.80 459 528 850 Cruise Speed (±3%) (at 41,000 ft, 31,200 lb cruise weight, standard ISA conditions) Long-Range 0.78 447 515 829 Speed (±3%) (at 45,000 ft, 31,200 lb cruise weight, standard ISA conditions)	Weights * A. Maximum Ramp Weight (±3%): 36,900 lb (16,733 kg) B. Maximum Takeoff Weight (±3%) 36,700 lb (16,682 kg) C. Maximum Landing Weight (±3%): 30,150 lb (13,676 kg) D. Maximum Zero Fuel Weight		
	Airfield Performance Takeoff Distance (±5%): 4,800 ft 1,463 m (SL, ISA, MTOW. Field lengths are based on a level hard surface, dry paved runway with zero wind.) Landing Distance (±5%): 2,700 ft (SL, ISA, MLW, 14CFR 91. Field lengths are based on a level hard surface, dry paved runway with zero wind.)	(±3%): 26,500 lb (12,046 kg) E. Standard Basic Operating Weight (±3%): 23,850 lb (10,841) kg F. Approximate Fuel Capacity (±3%): 12,500 lb (5,682 kg) (usable at 6.75 lb/gal)		
	Operating Altitude Maximum Operating Altitude: 49,000 ft (14935 m) Initial Cruise Ceiling: 43,000 ft (SL, ISA, MTOW) (13,106 m)			

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DATA FROM U.S. STANDARD ATMOSPHERE

Altitude, km	Temperature. °C	Absolute Pressure, kPa	Specific Weight, N/m³	Density. kg/m³	Viscosity × 10 ⁵ , Pa·s
0	15.00	101.33	12.01	1.225	1.789
2	2.00	79.50	9.86	1.007	1.726
4	-11.00	61.64	8.02	0.819	1.661
6	- 23.96	47.22	6.46	0.660	1.595
8	-36.94	35.65	5.14	0.526	1.527
10	-49.90	26.50	4.04	0.414	1.458
12	- 56.50	19.40	3.05	0.312	1.422
14	- 56.50	14.17	2.22	0.228	1.422
16	-56.50	10.35	1.62	0.166	1.422
18	- 56.50	7.57	1.19	0.122	1.422
20	- 56.50	5.53	0.87	0.089	1.422
22	-54.58	4.05	0.63	0.065	1.432
24	- 52.59	2.97	0.46	0.047	1.443
26	- 50.61	2.19	0.33	0.034	1.454
28	-48.62	1.62	0.24	0.025	1.465
30	-46.64	1.20	0.18	0.023	1.475