

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2019/2020

COURSE NAME

: SOLID MECHANICS

COURSE CODE

: BNJ 20903

PROGRAMME CODE

: BNM/BNL

EXAMINATION DATE :

DECEMBER 2019 / JANUARY 2020

DURATION

: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

ANSWER FIVE (5) QUESTIONS

ONLY

TERBUKA

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SEVEN (7) PAGES

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Q1	(a) The Figure Q1 (a) shows the beam is subjected to a moment of 20 kN.m.						
(i) Calculate			Calculate the centroid and mon	d moment of inertia of cross-section of the beam. (6 marks)			
		(ii)	Calculate the maximum tensile	and compressive stress.	(4 marks)		
	(b)	The Figure Q1 (b) shows the compound beam is fixed at A, pin conne supported by a roller at C. The beam is rectangular cross-section 100 m mm length.					
		(i)		(2 marks)			
		(ii)			(3 marks)		
		(iii)			(3 marks)		
		(iv)		1 stress.	(2 marks)		
Q2	Rod AB consists of two cylindrical portions AC and BC, each with a cross-sectional area 1750 mm ² . Portion AC is made of a mild steel with E = 200 GPa and σ_y = 250 MPa, a portion BC is made of a high-strength steel with E = 200 GPa and σ_y = 345 MPa. A load applied at C as shown in Figure Q2 . If P is gradually increased from zero until the deflect of point C reaches a maximum value δ_m = 0.3 mm and then decreased back to zero.						
	(a)	Evalua	aluate the maximum value of P. (8				
	(b)	Evalua	valuate the maximum stress in each portion of the rod.		(6 marks)		
	(c)	Calcu	alculate deflection of C after the load removed.				
Q3	The Figure Q3 shows the shaft is made of A992 steel (Modulus of Elasticity = the allowable shear stress, $\tau_{\text{allow}} = 75$ MPa. If a gear B supplies 15 kW of power A, C and D withdraw 6 kW, 4 kW, and 5 kW, respectively. Determine:						
	(a)	The ar	ngular velocity of the shaft, ω .		(2 marks)		
	(b)	The to	e torque exerted on gears A (T _A), C(T _c) and D (T _D).				
	(c)	The required minimum diameter d of the shaft in mm.					
	(d)	The a	ngle of twist.	TERBUKA	(4 marks)		

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Q4	(a)	An el	ement of material subjected to plane strain as shown in Figure s as follows: $\epsilon_x = -150 \text{ x } 10^{-6}$, $\epsilon_y = 450 \text{ x } 10\text{-}6$ and $\gamma_{xy} = 200 \text{ x } 10^{-6}$.	Q4 (a) has			
		(i)	Identify the strains for an element oriented at angle $\theta = 50^{\circ}$, $(\epsilon_{x'}, \epsilon_{y'}, \epsilon_{y'},$				
		(ii)	Determine these strains on a sketch of properly oriented element.	(3 marks)			
	(b)	Deter	mine the equivalent state of stress in Figure Q4 (b) by using Mohr's	ure Q4 (b) by using Mohr's Circle.			
		(i)	Sketch of the Mohr's circle. Determine σ_{avg} , point A, point C and 1 circle.	adius of the			
				(6 marks)			
		(ii)	Determine in-plane principle stress, σ_1 , σ_2 .				
		(iii)	Determine orientation of the principle plane, θ_{p1} . Determine maximum in-plane shear stress, $\tau_{max\ in-plane}$. Determine of the plane of maximum in-plane shear stress, θ_{s}	(2 marks)			
		(iv)		(2 marks)			
		(v)					
				(2 marks)			
Q5	(a)	(a) The Figure Q5 (a) shows the steel channel is used to reinforce the wood bear					
		(i)	Determine the centroid, \bar{y} and moment of inertia, I of the transform	ned section. (4 marks)			
		(ii)	Determine the maximum bending stress of the steel and the wood,	σ_{steel} , σ_{wood} . (4 marks)			
	(b)	mm a	The Figure Q5 (b) shows the tube is made copper and has an outer diameter of 35 mm and a wall thickness of 7 mm. Determine the eccentric load P that it can support without failure using Euler's Formula and Secant Formula. The tube is pin supported at its ends. $E_{copper} = 120 \text{ GPa}$, $\sigma_{max} = 750 \text{ MPa}$.				
				(12 marks)			
Q6	The	Figure	Q6 shows the pipe assembly is fixed at A. TRRBUKA				
	(a)	Determine the internal loadings. (4 mar					
	(b)	Dete	ermine the torsional strain energy, J and bending strain energy, I. (8 marks				
	(c)	Dete	rmine the strain energy stored in pipe.	(6 marks)			

-END OF QUESTION-

(d)

(e)

Determine the external work or external force.

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(4 marks)

Determine the conservation of energy and vertical displacement of end C, Δc .

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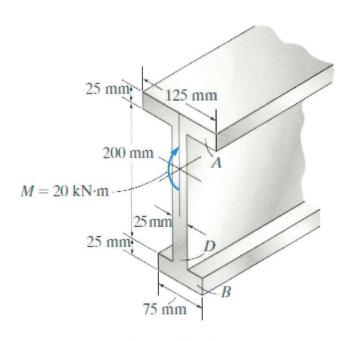
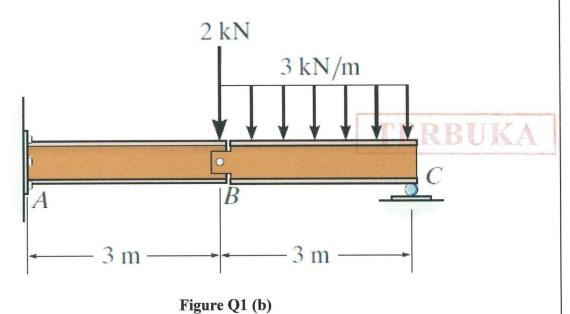


Figure Q1 (a)



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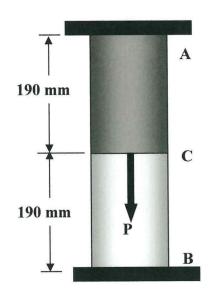


Figure Q2

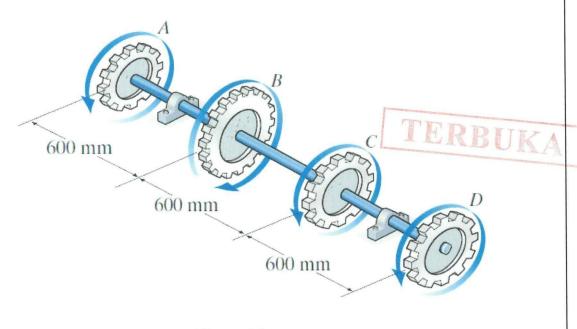


Figure Q3

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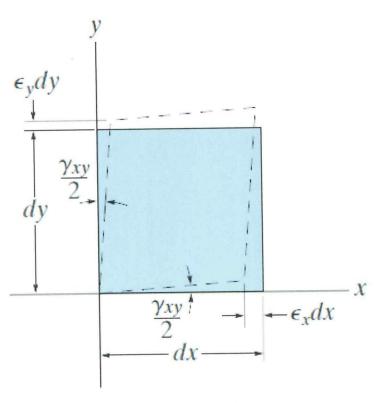
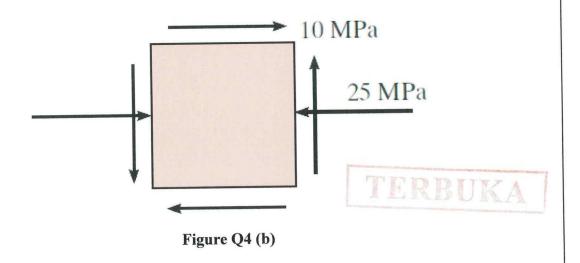


Figure Q4 (a)



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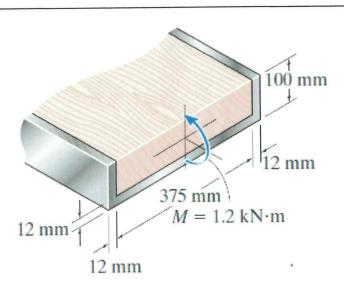


Figure Q5 (a)

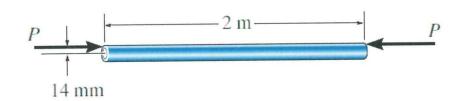


Figure Q5 (b)

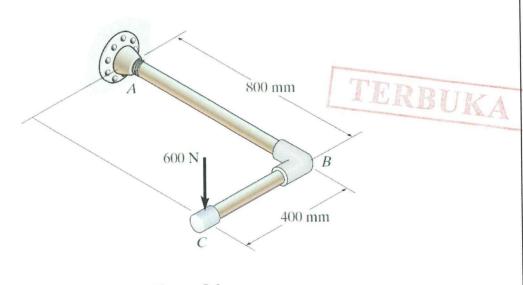


Figure Q6