

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER II SESSION 2017/2018

COURSE NAME : ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY AND

MICROPROCESSING

COURSE CODE : BNJ 30302

PROGRAMME CODE : BNL

EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE / JULY 2018

DURATION : 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

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THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

| Q1 | (a) | Differentiate semiconductors, conductors and insulators on the basis of band gap illustrate the energy gap for each of them. | |
|----|-----|---|-------------|
| | | | (6 marks) |
| | (b) | Briefly explain the donor and acceptor impurities. | |
| | | | (4 marks) |
| | (c) | Interpret the effect of forward bias and reverse bias on the depletion region | 1. |
| | | | (6 marks) |
| | (d) | Illustrate the following diode models: | |
| | | (i) Simplified Diode Model(ii) The Constant Voltage Diode Model | |
| | | | (4 marks) |
| Q2 | (a) | Describe the following type of diodes and draw their symbols: | |
| | | (i) Light Emitting diode (ii) Zener diode (iii) Schottky diode | |
| | | | (6 marks) |
| | (b) | Analyse the bridge rectifier in the diagram in the Figure Q2(b) and waveform based on the diagram. | construct a |
| | | | (6 marks) |
| | (c) | Briefly explain the differentiation between the NPN and PNP of the Bipol Transistor (BJT). Sketch the symbol of each transistors. | ar Junction |
| | | | (8 marks) |

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Q3 (a) A military requires a spy robot to sneak around the enemy's area. Identify the most appropriate technology between microprocessor and microcontroller to handle the military requirement. Justify your answer.

(4 marks)

(b) All components communicate via the system bus in microprocessor. Briefly explain **THREE (3)** types of buses in microprocessor.

(3 marks)

- (c) Describe the following terms on the Motorola 68000 microprocessor:
 - (i) Data registers
 - (ii) Address registers
 - (iii) Program counter
 - (iv) Stack pointer

(8 marks)

(d) Condition codes register (CCR) contains several status bits that may be directly tested by the programmer. List out and describe FIVE (5) status bits in CCR.

(5 marks)



Q4 (a) What is the advantage of using Harvard architecture compared to Von Neumann Architecture that has been used in microcontroller? Illustrate the block diagram of Harvard architecture.

(4 marks)

(b) Explain briefly the relationship between PORTA registers and TRISA registers. What is the main difference between PORTA and PORTB registers for PIC16F84?

(4 marks)

(c) Determine the contents of the file registers and working registers for each mnemonic in following codes:

| MOVLW | 0 |
|--------------|---------|
| MOVWF | 0x20 |
| INCF | 0x20, W |
| INCF | 0x20, W |
| INCF | 0x20, F |
| INCF | 0x20, F |
| INCF | 0x20 |
| INCF | 0x20, W |

(7 marks)

(d) Identify and write a comment for each of the instructions in the program below.

| reset | CLRF | 06 |
|-------|------------|--------|
| start | BTFSS05, 0 | |
| | GOTO reset | |
| | BTFSC | 05, 01 |
| | GOTO start | |
| | INCF | 06 |
| | MOVLW | OFF |
| | CALL | delay |
| | GOTO start | |
| | END | |

(5 marks)



Q5 (a) PIC16F84 is used to execute subroutine 1. If PIC clock input is 500 kHz, evaluate the total delay to execute the subroutine. (Initial C=0).

Subroutine1

| MOVI W | 30h |
|--------------|---|
| | JUII |
| MOVWF | 20h |
| MOVLW | .2 |
| MOVWF | 21h |
| MOVLW | .1 |
| RRF | 20h |
| SUBWF | 21h |
| BTFSS | 03,2 |
| GOTO | LOOP |
| RETURN | |
| | MOVWF MOVLW RRF SUBWF BTFSS GOTO |

(6 marks)

- (b) An interrupt is an important mechanism used by microcontroller to handle a request from devices that connected to it For PIC 16F84,
 - (i) Explain the process of interrupt.

(4 marks)

(ii) Propose the instruction to enable the TMR0 interrupt.

(2 marks)

(c) There are two methods in serial data communication which are asynchronous and synchronous. Explain the differences between asynchronous and synchronous communication.

(4 marks)

(d) Demonstrate the signal of character 'A' (A = 41h) in TD line of RS232 if the system used 8-bit data format with '1' start bit, '1' stop bit and used ODD parity as an error detection scheme. (Given start bit = '0', stop bit = '1')

(4 marks)



END OF QUESTIONS –

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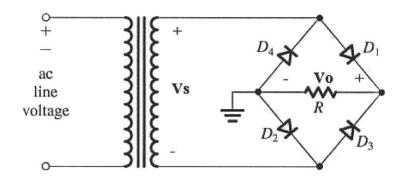


Figure Q2(b)

