

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION **SEMESTER II SESSION 2015/2016**

COURSE NAME

: BROADCASTING TECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE

: BNF 40803

PROGRAMME

BNF

EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE / JULY 2016

DURATION

2 HOURS AND 30 MINUTES

INSTRUCTION

: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

CONFIDENTIAL

) 1	(a)	(2 marks)
	(b)	Convert 50 Watt to: (i) dB
		(ii) dBm (2 marks)
	(c)	Define the frequency range of analog radio broadcasting and analog television broadcasting.
		(2 marks)
	(d)	Describe in detail the function of modulator and demodulator for AM radio broadcasting. (4 marks)
	(e)	Given are the modulating signal and the carrier frequency in Figure Q1(e). Illustrate the modulated signal of:
		(i) AM signal (ii) FM signal (4 marks)
	(f)	Describe THREE (3) advantages and ONE (1) disadvantage of AM radio broadcasting (4 marks)
	(g)	Describe TWO (2) disadvantages of analog radio broadcasting over digital radio broadcasting.
		(2 marks)
Q2	(a)	Illustrate the complete block diagram of a superheterodyne FM-radio receiver. (6 marks)
	(b)	Differentiate between the function of amplitude limiter and frequency discriminator in the superheterodyne FM-radio receiver. (4 marks)
	(c)	Differentiate between the analog radio broadcasting and digital radio/audio broadcasting (DAB).
	(4)	(2 marks) Illustrate the hybrid waveform spectrum of IBOC DAB.
	(d)	(2 marks)
	(e)	Describe TWO (2) benefit of using DAB. (2 marks)

A channel has a bandwidth of 400 kHz which spans from 400 to 800 kHz. Analyze the (f) carrier frequency and the bit rate if the modulated data are using ASK with d = 1. (2 marks) Find the bandwidth for a signal transmitting at 24 Mbps for QPSK. The value of d = 1. (g) (2 marks) Differentiate between existing analog terrestrial television and digital terrestrial Q3(a) television. (2 marks) Identify FOUR (4) benefits of digital terrestrial television. (b) (4 marks) Compute the bit rate for a 3000-baud 16-QAM signal. (c) (2 marks) Differentiate between amplitude shift keying and frequency shift keying in digital (d) broadcasting. (4 marks) A signal carries 4 bits per signal element. If 1000 signal elements are sent per second, (e) compute the bit rate. (2 marks) Differentiate between Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) and (f) Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (COFDM). (4 marks) List TWO (2) advantages of OFDM over FDM. (g) (2 marks) Describe TWO (2) advantages of Direct Broadcast Satellite (DBS). **Q4** (a) (4 marks) Define the uplink and downlink frequency range of the DBS. (b) (2 marks) List THREE (3) modulation techniques used in DBS. (c) (3 marks) Describe FOUR (4) advantages of Forward error Correction (FEC) in DBS. (d) (4 marks)

	(e)	Compute the EIRP of the ground station if:	
		 (i) High power amplifier output, P_o = 100W (ii) Waveguide loss = 2.5 dB 	
		(iii) Cessagrain antenna gain = 35 dBi (3 mark	s)
	(f)	Illustrate the block diagram of a satellite transponder. (4 mark	cs)
Q5	(a)	Define the function of an antenna. (2 mark	cs)
	(b)	From Figure Q5(b), analyze the characteristics of the radiation pattern of a Yagi U antenna.	da
		 (iv) Type of radiation pattern (v) Gain (vi) Half-power beamwidth (vii) Front to back lobe ratio (viii) Front to side lobe ratio 	
		(8 mar)	ks)
	(c)	Calculate the Noise Figure of an amplifier if the input signal to noise ratio is 30 dB and the output signal to noise ratio is 40 dBm. (2 mar.)	
	(d)	Analyze the noise factor, F and noise figure, NF of the cascaded amplifier as shown Figure Q5(d) .	in
		 (i) F_{ABC} and NF_{ABC} (ii) F_{ACB} and NF_{ACB} (iii) From the results above, choose and analyze the best set of cascaded amplifor a communication system. 	fier

- END OF QUESTION -

(8 marks)

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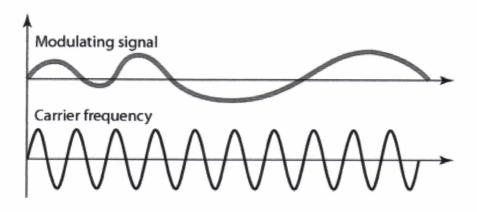


Figure Q1(e)

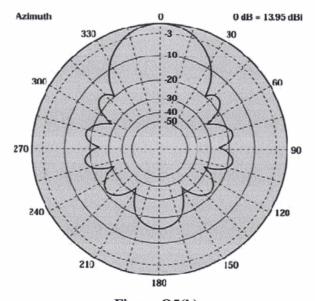


Figure Q5(b)

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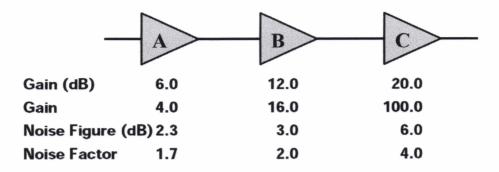


Figure Q5(d)

* ,400, Parit Raja, Batu Pahat, Johor