

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2010/2011

COURSE NAME:PRINSIP PENGATURCARAANCOURSE CODE:DAT 10603PROGRAMME:1 DITEXAMINATION DATE:NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2010DURATION:2 1/2 HOURSINSTRUCTIONS:ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

Q1	(a)	Discuss three differences between application software and system software.	(6 marks)
	(b)	Discuss two differences between high level and low level language.	(4 marks)
	(c)	Supercomputer is one of the categories of a computer. List four of the category briefly state each of them.	and
	(d)	List six components of computer organization and explain each of them.	(4 marks)
Q2	Write	tatement to accomplish each of the following;	
	(a)	integer.	(6 marks)
	(b)	Prompt the user to enter an integer and end the prompt message with letter Q is upper case or lower case.	n both (4 marks)
	(c)	Read an integer from a keyboard and store the value entered in an integer varia	ıble x . (4 marks)
	(d)	Make comment statements for a program to accomplish the following objective	es;
		(i) Compute a product of five integers contained in variable m , n , k , a and then assign the result to the variable mark .	r and
			(2 marks)
		(ii) State a program that will compute the total of three integers.	(2 marks)

.

Q3 (a) Write a scanf or printf statements for prompting the user to input value of two variables then display the sum. Use m and n as the initialized integer variables.

(4 marks)

(b) A program in C contains the following variable declaration;

int x = 12345; int y = 5678;

•

Show the output resulting from each of the following **printf** statements;

- (i) printf("%d %d %d", x, y);
 (2 marks)
 (ii) printf("%2d %3d", x, y);
 (2 marks)
- (c) A C program contains the following statements;

#include<stdio.h>
int r, s, t, u;

Write a **printf** function for each of the following groups of variables or expressions:

(i) **r**, **s**, **t**, and **u** with a minimum field of four characters per quantity.

(4 marks)

- (ii) (**r+s**) and (**t-u**) with a minimum field of three characters per quantity. (4 marks)
- (d) A program in C contains the following statements;

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main() {
    char name[30];
    printf("Enter your name >> ");
    gets (name); // read string
    printf("\n Happy Birthday to you ");
    puts("\n Its your Big Day today !!");
    getch();
}
```

What is the program output? Assuming that the input string is your first name.

(4 marks)

Q4 (a) Write a C program that resulting an output of printing integer from 1 to 100 with incremental value of 1. Choose the **while** statement in program. Take **x** as the variable. The output should display the following result:

1 2 3 4 ... 99 100

.

(6 marks)

(b) Evaluate the following C program and then write the output.

```
//block statements
#include<stdio.h>
void main() {
    int y=1;
    Do{
        printf("%d",x++);
    } while (x < 10)
}</pre>
```

(4 marks)

(c) Write a program using **control** statements to accept an **integer** input as long as the value between 0 to 100. And the number of input should be not more then 60. Display the output of all the value entered.

(6 marks)

(d) Write a program using **if-else** statements. The program accept an integer value then evaluate and identify it as either odd or even number. Display the output result as

"YOU HAVE ENTERED EVEN NUMBER" or **"YOU HAVE ENTERED ODD NUMBER"**.

(4 marks)

```
Q5
```

•

a) The following program is part of the snippet of the whole program.

```
/* Defining an using function to add digits of a number */
#include<stdio.h>
int sum digit(int number)
                                   /* function prototype*/
main() {
     int p,s;
     scanf("%d",&p);
     s = sum digit(p);
     printf("Sum of digits of %d is %d\n",p,s);
}
/*Function defining of the sum digits*/
int sum_digit(int n) {
// check if the number is greater then zero
. . . . . . . . .
           // assign n variable to minus n
. . . . . . . . .
           // while n is not equal to zero,
. . . . . . . . .
                  then start while body statement
           // assign n to n modulus 10 to get the remainder
. . . . . . . . .
           // the value of digit then added to the variable sum
. . . . . . . . .
           //assign n with n over 10
. . . . . . . . .
           // end body statements
. . . . . . . . .
return (sum);
ł
```

Read and understand the program and complete the missing statements according to the comments given.

(8 marks)

b) The following snippet is a function which raises a double to the power of an unsigned variable, and returns the result.

```
double power(double val, unsigned pow)
{
    double ret_val = 1.0;
    unsigned i;
    for(i = 0; i < pow; i++)
        ret_val *= val;
    return(ret_val);
}</pre>
```

Complete the program by adding the main function. Display the result as of the following form.

Enter numbers: XX The result is XXX

•

(8 marks)

c) Write a main function program that accepting a key press before terminating a program and displaying "**BYE! See You Again**" before quitting the program.

(4 marks)