



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2019/2020**

COURSE NAME : POWER ELECTRONICS
COURSE CODE : BEV 30203/BEF 34503
PROGRAMME CODE : BEV
EXAMINATION DATE : DECEMBER 2019/ JANUARY 2020
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

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THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **SIX (6)** PAGES

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- Q1** (a) Demonstrate power electronics system by sketching suitable block diagrams. Then, explain the function of each block. (7 marks)
- (b) Explain diode reverse recovery time (t_{rr}) condition. You may consider suitable diagrams to support your answer. (5 marks)
- (c) A power switching device has maximum voltage and current of 280 V and 120 A, respectively. It takes 1.5 μs to fully turn-ON and 3.3 μs to fully turn-OFF. The switching period is 40 μs .
- (i) Calculate the switching frequency. (1 mark)
- (ii) If the switching device is a MOSFET, sketch and label drain-source voltage (V_{DS}) and drain-source current (I_{DS}) waveforms with rise time (t_r) and fall time (t_f). (6 marks)
- (iii) Calculate average power dissipation of the switching device based on the parameters given in Q1(c). (6 marks)
- Q2** (a) Explain the operation of the rectifier circuit shown in **Figure Q2(a)** (4 marks)
- (b) A battery of 48 V e.m.f. is charged through 10 Ω resistor as shown in the **Figure Q2 (b)**.
- (i) Derive an expression for the average value of charging current, I_{battery} when firing angle is α . Assume the thyristor is fired continuously. (6 marks)
- (ii) For an AC source of 240 V, 50 Hz, find the value of the average charging current I_{battery} . (6 marks)
- (iii) Find the power supplied to battery, P_{battery} . (2 marks)
- (iv) Sketch the waveforms of:
 (a) axis 1: input voltage (V_s), battery voltage (E) and firing angle (α) signal
 (b) axis 2: input current (I_s) and battery current (I_{battery})
 (c) axis 3: Resistor voltage (V_R) and resistor current (I_{resistor})
 All waveforms should be labelled accordingly. (7 marks)

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- Q3** (a) State **three (3)** advantages and disadvantages of PWM switching scheme (3 marks)
- (b) A single-phase full-bridge inverter has an input supply of $V_{DC} = 230$ V and consist of RLC load in series with $R = 1.2 \Omega$, $\omega L = 9 \Omega$ and $1/\omega C = 8 \Omega$ respectively. The output frequency of the inverter is 60 Hz and the transistor switching scheme is complementary bipolar. Determine:
- (i) The instantaneous output voltage and load current expresses as a Fourier series up to 9th order harmonic. (7 marks)
- (ii) amplitude of fundamental rms output current, I_{o1} (2 marks)
- (iii) The power delivered to the load due to the fundamental component (1 mark)
- (c) An inverter that will supply the series R-L load of $R = 10 \Omega$ and $L = 25$ mH with a fundamental frequency and load current of 50 Hz and 9.27 A respectively. If at the beginning of designing stage, the inverter has very high of Total Harmonic Distortion (THD;) of load current, modify the inverter so that it has the THD less than 10 %. The analysis must be done up to 9th harmonic numbers. (12 marks)

Q4 Identify the steps in assessing the performance of the single-phase half-wave AC voltage controller shown in **Figure Q4**. The AC voltage controller has a parallel resistive loads of $R_1 = 8 \Omega$ and $R_2 = 10 \Omega$ respectively and the input voltage is $V_s = 230$ V_{rms}, 50 Hz. The first experiment is conducted with on-off control when the thyristor switch on is $n = 115$ cycles while the off is $m = 75$ cycles. The second experiment is conducted at delay angle control of thyristor T1 when $\alpha = \pi/2$. Compare the performance of AC voltage controller for both experiments in term of,

- (a) Experiment 1: with on-off control when the thyristor switch on and off for 115 and 75 cycles respectively, find,
- (i) The rms output voltage. (2 marks)
- (ii) The input power factor (PF). (1 mark)
- (iii) The average input current at thyristor. (5 marks)
- (iv) The average current flows in R_1 and R_2 . (2 marks)

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- (b) Experiment 2: delay angle control of thyristor T1 when $\alpha = \pi/2$, find,
- (i) The rms output voltage. (6 marks)
 - (ii) The input power factor (PF). (4 marks)
 - (iii) The average input current at thyristor. (3 marks)
 - (iv) The average current flows in R1 and R2. (2 marks)

-END OF QUESTIONS-

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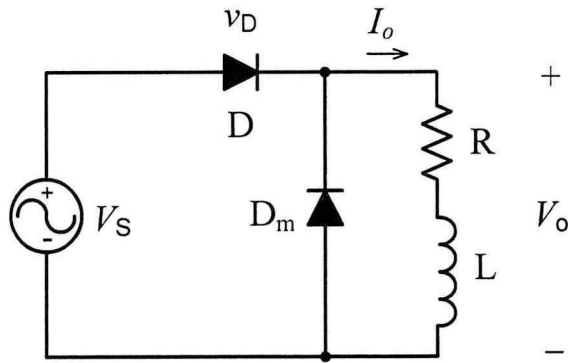


Figure Q2(a)

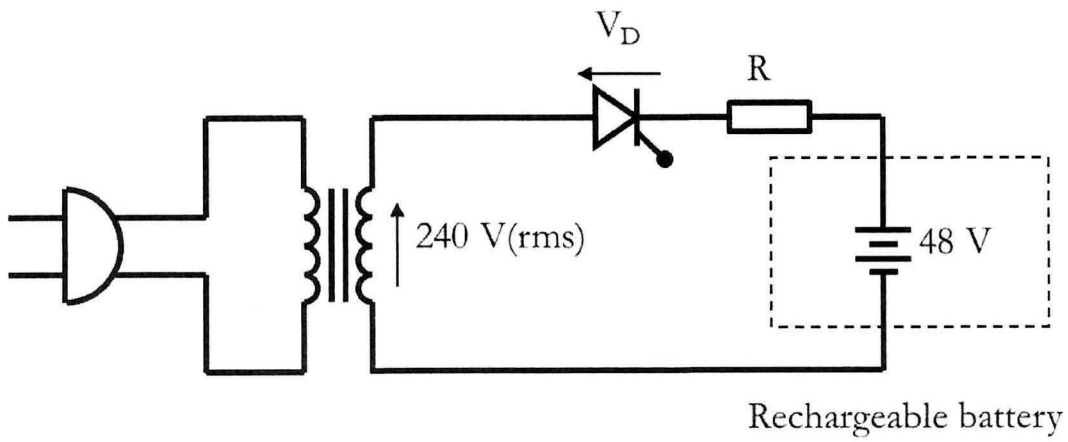


Figure Q2(b)

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5

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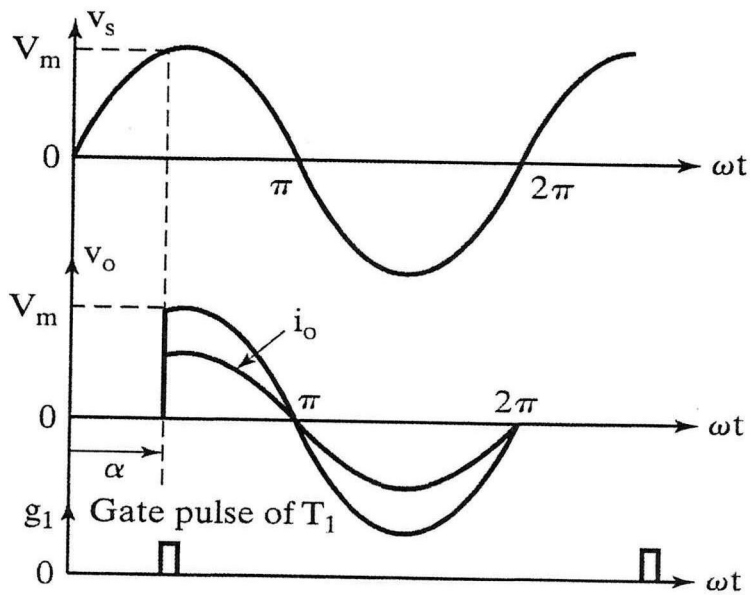
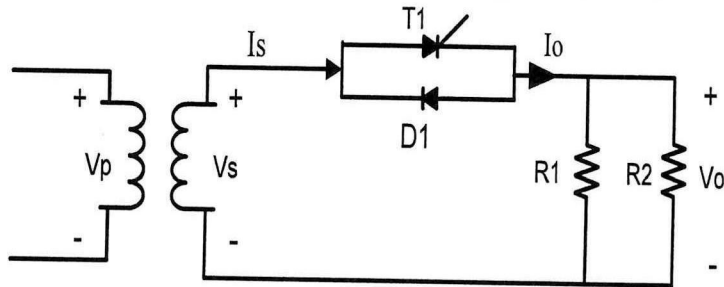


Figure Q4

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6

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