

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2019/2020

COURSE NAME	:	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING
COURSE CODE	:	BEV10102 / BEC10102 / BEJ10102
PROGRAMME	:	BEV / BEJ
EXAMINATION DATE	:	DECEMBER 2019 / JANUARY 2020
DURATION	:	2 HOURS
INSTRUCTION	:	ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THE QUESTION PAPER
NAME :		
LECTURER :		

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THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF TEN (10) PAGES

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Q1 (a) Analyse the following program to locate four (4) errors. Draw a circle to the errors.

```
char bt;

cout<<"Enter your blood type:";
cin>>bt;

Switch(bt)

case 'A': cout<<"You can donate to A and AB type";;
case 'B': cout<<"You can donate to B and AB type"; break;
case 'O': cout<<"You can donate to all"; break;
dafault: cout<<"You can donate to AB type only.";
}

(8 marks)
```

(b) Assume all errors are fixed. Rewrite the *switch* statement into *if-else* statement without changing its functionality. (12 marks)

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Q2	(a)	Based on the following for statement, answer True (T) or False (F) for (i) to (iv).		
		for (i=0; i<100; i+=2) cout<<"Great Job\n"; cout<<"Loop Ends";		
		(i) The $i=0$ is executed at every iteration.		
		(ii) The loop body is $cout << "Great Job \n";$		
		(iii) The final value of <i>i</i> that terminates the iteration is 100.		
		(iv) Prints Great Job and Loop Ends on a screen for 50 times.		
		(8 marks)		
	(b)	Write a C++ program that allows the user to process the loop as long as a user input an odd number. When the user input an even number, display an appropriate message to terminate the program. Figure Q2(b) shows the sample output of the program.		
		Enter an integer number: 5 Enter the next integer number: 7 Enter the next integer number: 111 Enter the next integer number: 4 You have entered an even number to terminate the program		

Figure Q2(b)

(12 marks)



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Q3 (a) The best way to develop and maintain a large program is to organize a program into several smaller routines called functions by using modular design. State four (4) benefits of modular design in C++ programming. Explain each benefit in detail.

(8 marks)



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Write a void function definition for a function called zero_both that has two (b) reference parameters n1 and n2, both of which are variables of type int, and sets the values of both variables to 0. (6 marks)

Write a double type value-returning function definition for a function called (c) cube_volume that has a reference parameter side_length of type double variable. The function calculates the volume of a cube.

(6 marks)



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Q4 (a) Examine the following function definition. Then answer (i) and (ii).

```
Line 1 | double ComputeVolume ( double r, double h, double s) { 
 Line 2 | if ((r=0)||(h=0)||(s=0)) 
 Line 3 | return 0; 
 Line 4 | else 
 Line 5 | return (1*(3.14 *r*r*h)/s); 
 Line 6 | }
```

(i) Write a suitable function call for ComputeVolume.

(4 marks)

(ii) Determine the value that will be passed to the caller. Assume r=3, h=2 and s=3. Show your works. (4 marks)



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(b) Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers.

#include <iostream> using namespace std;</iostream>			
// function declaration			
int main () { int ret, a = 100, b = 200; // local variable declaration			
// calling a function to get max value and store it in ret;			
// display the value in ret cout << "Maximum value is : " << ret << endl;			
return 0;			
nction returning the max between two numbers(num1, int num2)			
int; // local variable declaration			
<pre>if (num1 > num2) //determine max value result = num1; else result = num2;</pre>			
//return the final value to the caller function			

(12 marks)



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Q5 (a) How would you illustrate the following declaration? int num_of_cars[] = {101, 23, 7, 89}; / (5 marks)

(b) Examine the following program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    char wish[30];

    cout<<"Tell me one of your wishes:"; //prompt and cin.getline(wish,29); //read wish inputted by user

    cout<<" I pray you will get "<<wish<<endl; //display the wish

    return 0;
}
```

When the user entered A+ for my programming class, do you think, the program will able to display the output in **Figure Q5(b)**? State a reason for your answer.

```
Tell me one of your wishes: A+ for my programming class
I pray you will get A+ for my programming class
```

Figure Q5(b)

(3 marks)



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(c) Fill in the blank with correct C++ statements that matches with the given description within the program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int SIZE = 100;
int main()
  int num=0;
                                //declare variable to store input
  int num=0;
int even[SIZE]={0};
int odd [SIZE]= {0};
                                //declare an int-type array even with size 100
                                //declare an int-type array odd with size 100
  cout << "Enter up to 100 integer numbers:\n";
  for (int i= ; i<SIZE; i++) //loop for 100 times to:
     cout<<"Input #"<<i+1<<": "; //prompt
                                   //and read 100 integer numbers
     cin>>num;
     if (num\%2==0)
                                   //if num is even
                                    //then store the value of num in array even
                                    //otherwise
     else
                                   //store the value of num in array odd
                                       //loop to:
  {
                                       //display all contents of array even
                                       //display all contents of array odd
  return 0;
```

(12 marks)



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- END OF QUESTIONS -

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