

# UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

## FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2017/2018

**COURSE NAME** 

POWER QUALITY

**COURSE CODE** 

BEF 44803

PROGRAMME CODE :

**BEV** 

:

**EXAMINATION DATE** 

DECEMBER 2017/JANUARY 2018

DURATION

3 HOURS

**INSTRUCTION** 

1. ANSWER FIVE (5) QUESTIONS ONLY

2. CHOOSE ANYONE OF Q3 OR Q4

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THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SEVEN (7) PAGES

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Q1 (a) Mark and write names of four (4) regions of operation of the ITIC curve shown in Figure Q1(a).

(4 Marks)

- (b) A switchgear busbar is subjected to voltage variations of +19% and -21% from its nominal value lasting for up to 0.40 seconds due to the operation of an automatic welding machine.
  - (i) Argue, whether a device that is compliant with the ITIC curve shown in **Figure Q1(a)** tolerate these voltage deviations.

(2 Marks)

(ii) By referring to the ITIC curve as shown in **Figure Q1(a)**, deduce the impact if the duration of the voltage swings lasts for 9 seconds.

(2 Marks)

(c) Deduce the effects of voltage imbalance on three-phase induction motors.

(2 Marks)

(d) Calculate the percent voltage unbalance, if Voltage measurements carried out between the different phases of a three-phase supply gave the following readings:

$$R-Y = 470 \text{ V}$$

$$Y-B = 472 \text{ V}$$

$$B-R = 450 \text{ V}$$

(10 Marks)

Q2 (a) Draw step by step (from load to source) distortion in voltage waveform caused by nonlinear loads (drawing non-linear current waveform) in an electrical distribution system (supplying pure sinusoidal voltage).

(8 Marks)



(b) Figure Q2(b) shows the single line diagram of a small industrial plant. Where a variable speed drive of 100 HP is supplied by a transformer at 415 V, 50 Hz. The transformer is rated at 500 kVA and 5.75% impedance. The line current drawn by the load is given by the expression:

$$i = 100Cos(\omega t - 30.37^{\circ}) + 20Cos(5\omega t + 28.08^{\circ}) + 14Cos(7\omega t - 32.66^{\circ}) + 8Cos(11\omega t + 25.78^{\circ}) + 6Cos(13\omega t - 34.78^{\circ}) + 3Cos(17\omega t + 23.49^{\circ}) + Cos(19\omega t - 37.24^{\circ})$$

Calculate the percent total voltage harmonic distortion (THD $_{\nu}$ ) at the point of common coupling (PCC).

(12 Marks)

- Q3 (a) Explain with neat diagrams any two (2) of the following harmonic mitigation techniques.
  - (i) Line reactors.

(4 Marks)

(ii) Isolation transformers.



(4 Marks)

(iii) Tuned harmonic filters

(4 Marks)

(iv) 12 & 18 pulse rectifiers.

(4 Marks)

(v) Active harmonic filters.

(4 Marks)

(b) Figure Q3(c) shows the single-line diagram of an industrial plant. The plant is supplied by 11 kV, 50 Hz three-phase distribution feeder from the utility. The short-circuit data on the 11 kV system indicates a three-phase short circuit availability of 20 MVA at 11 kV with an X/R ratio of 2.4. The step-down transformer is rated 2000 kVA, 11 kV/415 V and has percentage resistance and reactance of  $R_{TR} = 1\%$  and  $X_{TR} = 6.5\%$ , respectively. A Y-connected 200 kVAR capacitance bank is connected to the 415 V busbar for power factor correction. Determine the parallel resonant frequency of the system.

(12 Marks)

Q4	(a)	(i)	Briefly explain passive filter.	
			•	(4 Marks)
		(ii)	Draw a simple power system circuit by showing passive filter ap	oplied in it. (4 Marks)
	(b)	3 <b>-</b> Ф, supp	ulate L and C parameters of a simple 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic notch filter for 50 Hz power system, where harmonics are produced due to a slied load. The power factor correction approach indicates a need for t capacitors.	5 converted or 40 kVAR
				(12 Marks)
Q5	(a) With the help of a waveform, explain any two (2) of the following			erms:
		(i)	Voltage sag.	(3 Marks)
		(ii)	Voltage interruption.	(5 Marks)
		(11)	vottage interruption.	(3 Marks)
		(iii)	Voltage swell.	
				(3 Marks)
	(b)	Explain the principle of operation of any two (2) of the following sag mitigation technologies.		
		(i)	Stativ VAR Compensator (SVC).	
				(2 Marks)
		(ii)	Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS).	
				(2 Marks)
		(iii)	Static Transfer Switch (STS).	
				(2 Marks)
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- (c) Assume that the motor depicted in **Figure Q5(c)** drives an air compressor in a manufacturing plant. Find the instantaneous voltage drop at the motor terminals any time the compressor starts. Motor data is given as:
  - 3000 HP, 3-phase, 4000 V, squirrel cage induction motor
  - Full-load current: 377 A
  - Locked rotor current: 2070 A

(10 Marks)

Q6 (a) Give two (2) indicators that are used to quantify and evaluate the harmonic distortion in current and voltage waveforms. Illustrate how these indicators are used to determine any necessary corrective action.

(4 Marks)

- (b) Two of the power electronic devices used for voltage sag mitigation are: PWM Shunt Compensator and Dynamic Voltage Restorer.
  - (i) Draw their respective appropriate diagrams.

(4 Marks)

(ii) Write their corresponding relevant equations.

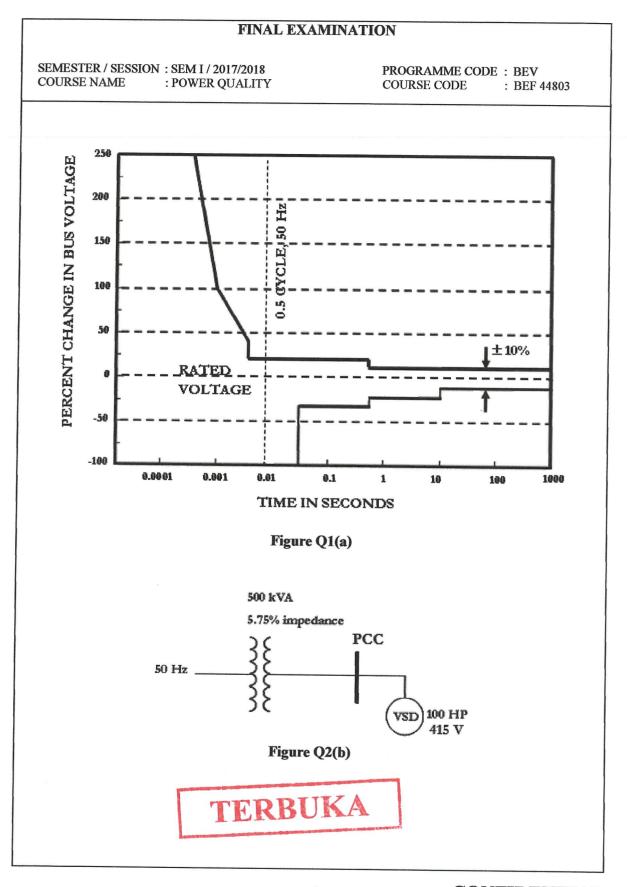
(4 Marks)

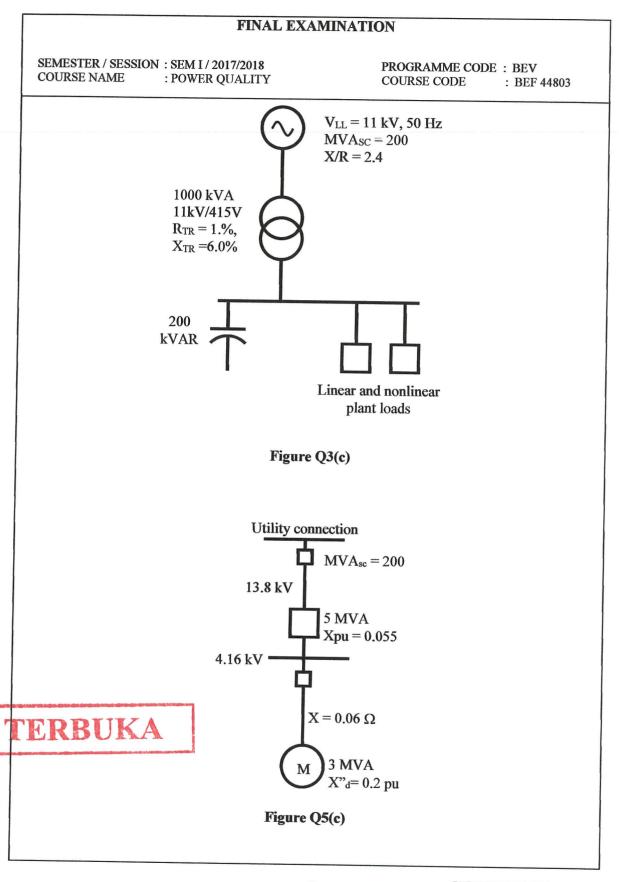
(iii) Examine their own principles of operation.

(8 Marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -

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