

# UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

# FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I **SESSION 2016/2017**

COURSE NAME : OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

COURSE CODE : BEC20702

PROGRAMME : 3 BEJ / 4 BEJ

EXAMINATION DATE : DECEMBER 2016 / JANUARY 2017

DURATION

: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

WRITE ALL ANSWERS USING BLUE/BLACK INK PEN. ANY

ANSWERS WRITTEN IN PENCIL WILL

**NOT** BE GRADED.

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THIS OUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF TEN (10) PAGES

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#### BEC20702

- Q1 (a) Refer to the C++ fragment code in **Figure Q1(a)**. Answer (i) and (ii).
  - (i) Explain the flow control for exception handling of the fragment code.

(8 marks)

(ii) Assume that the IsValError function is called using the following statement.

IsValError (180);

Therefore, analyse the fragment code to determine the output produced.

(5 marks)

- (b) Refer to the C++ fragment code in **Figure Q1(b)**. Answer (i) and (ii).
  - (i) Write C++ statements based on the program description in **Figure** Q1(b)(i).

(12 marks)

(ii) Rewrite the function definition of Smallest\_Object function using overloaded operator <. The task performed by overloaded operator < is same as the Smallest\_Object function.

(5 marks)



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Q2 (a) In answering this question, you are required to consider the fragment code in **Figure Q2(a)** to access the non-public member of the class. A non-member function of the *Date\_of\_Year* class named equal function performs the following task.

The equal function takes two arguments of the type of Date\_of\_Year. The function returns a boolean data type value. The function returns true if the first argument and the second argument represent a date has same value. Otherwise, the function returns false.

Write its function definition using C++ programming language.

(10 marks)

- (b) A friend function is another method to allow the equal function to access all non-public members of the class. (Please keep in mind that the equal function is a non-member of the Date\_of\_Year class).
  - (i) Explain how to implement this method in the declaration section of the class, the function definition of equal function and the function call, to call the friend function.

(5 marks)

(ii) Without altering the fragment code in **Figure Q2(a)**, write the C++ statement to declare the equal function as friend function of the Day\_of\_Year class.

(2 marks)

(iii) State which line of code to put the statement(s) of Q2(b)(ii). Provide your reason.

(3 marks)

(c) Write C++ statements for Q2(c)(i) and Q2(c)(ii) based on the program description in **Figure Q2(c)**. Please take note that in answering this question, you are required to consider the fragment code in **Figure Q2(a)**, and implementation of friend function in Q2(b)(i) to Q2(b)(iii).

(10 marks)

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Q3	(a)	Fill in the following blanks for (i) to (vi) with the correct answer. Write all answers in the answer booklet.		
		(i)	Inheritance is the process that allows a creation of a new class from existing class. The existing class is called class (derived/base) and the new class is referred to as the class (derived/base).  (2 marks)	
		(ii)	The base class may be inherited through (public/derived class's members), (protected/base class's members) and private inheritance. The type of inheritance is specified by the (member of class/access specifier).  (3 marks)	
		(iii)	Protected member may be (accessed / inaccessible) by derived class. Private members are (accessed / inaccessible) to derived class. (2 marks)	
		(iv)	(Member/Base class) access specification specifies how members of the base class are inherited by the derived class (Member/Base class) access specification specifies how class members may be accessed by code outside the class. (2 marks)	
		(v)	The following C++ statement is given.	
			class Circuit : parallelCircuit	
			What is the name of base class?(Circuit/parallelCircuit) What is the name of derived class?(Circuit/parallelCircuit) What is the class access specification of the base class?(unknown/ private)  (3 marks)	
		(vi)	The meaning of the following C++ statement is as follows.	
			class FinalExam : public GradedActivity	
			The (public/private) members of the <i>GradeActivity</i> class will become public members of the <i>FinalExam</i> . The private members of the <i>GradedActivity</i> class (accessed/inaccessible) by code in <i>FinalExam</i> class. They can only be accessed by the member functions of the ( <i>GradedActivity/FinalExam</i> ) class. (3 marks)	
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(b) Draw the UML diagram for the classes involved in **Figure Q3(b)**. In the diagram, show the relationship.

(15 marks)

(c) Analyse the program in **Figure Q3(b)**. Then, list the Rectangle's class members.

(5 marks)

(d) Without modifying the fragment code in **Figure Q3(b)**, write the C++ statement based on the program description for Q3(d)(i) and Q3(d)(ii) of in order to complete the program.

(5 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -



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/\*Q1(a) fragment code.

Please note that the left column is representing line numbers that have been added for you to identify certain parts of the program.\*/

```
void IsValError(int val){
1.
2.
       try
3.
       {
         cout <<"Try block entered. \n";</pre>
4.
         if (val>100)
5.
6.
            throw val;
         cout <<"This is the text after leaving try block. \n";</pre>
7.
8.
9.
       catch (int thrown value)
10.
        cout <<"Error at val " << thrown_value <<".\n";</pre>
11.
12.
       cout <<"This is the text after leaving catch block. \n";</pre>
13.
14.
```

### FIGURE Q1(a)

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```
//Q1(b) program
 1. | #include <iostream>
 2. | using namespace std;
 3. | class Circle
 4.| {
 5. private:
 6.1
           float radius;
 7.
           float diameter:
 8. | public:
 9.
           Circle(float, float);
10.
           void setRadius(float);
           void setDiameter(float);
11.
12.
           double SmallestObject(Circle, Circle);
13. | };
14. Circle::Circle(float r=1.0, float d=1.0)
15. | {
16.
           radius=r:
17.
           diameter=d;
18.
19. void Circle::setRadius(float r)
20.
21.
          radius=r;
22.
23. | void Circle::setDiameter(float d)
24.
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25.
          diameter=d;
26.| }
```

/\*Q1(b)(i)Function definition for function Smallest\_Object. The function takes two arguments of type Circle. The function compares between two objects of type Circle and returns a value of smallest diameter.

(12 marks)\*/

/\*Your C++ code for Q1(b)(i) is placed here.\*/

FIGURE 01(b)



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```
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     Q2(a) fragment code of class declaration and implementation
      1. class Date of Year
      2. | {
      3. | public:
      4.
                Date_of_Year ();
                Date_of_Year (int, int);
      5.
                void setMonth (int); //set the month of the year
      7.1
                void setDay (int); // set the day of the month
      8.
      9. private:
      10
               int month:
      11
                int day;
      12 };
      13
      14
      15| Date_of_Year::Date_of_Year(){
      16
                day=1;
      17
                month=1;
      18
      19
      20  Date_of_Year::Date_of_Year(int t_month, int t_day){
      21
               day=t day;
      22
                month=t month:
      23
      24
      25| void Date_of_Year::setMonth(int t_month){
      26
               month=t month;
      27
         }
      28
      29 void Date_of_Year::setDay (int t day){
      30 day=t_day;
      31 }
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                               FIGURE Q2(a)
```

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//Q2(c) fragment code in client program

Date\_of\_Year today(12,3); Date\_of\_Year birthday(12,3);

/\*Q2(c)(i) Call the mutator functions to modify the instance variable day and month in birthday to become 7 and 9, respectively.

(4 marks)\*/

/\*Your C++ code for Q2(c)(i) is placed here.\*/

/\*Q2(c)(ii) Call the equal function to compare and determine either the date is equal or not. If the date is equal, display "Today is your birthday." Otherwise, display "Today is someone else birthday.

(6 marks)\*/

/\*Your C++ code for Q2(c)(ii) is placed here.\*/

FIGURE Q2(c)



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#### SEMESTER / SESSION : SEM I/2016/2017 PROGRAMME : 3BEJ/4BEJ COURSE : OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING COURSE CODE : BEC20702 //Q3(b) program 1. | #include <iostream> 2. | using namespace std: 3. 4. | class Shape{ 5. public: 6. void setWidth(int w){ 7. width=w; 8. } 9. void setHeight(int h){ 10. height=h; 11. } 12. | protected: 13. int width; 14. int height; 15. }; 16. 17. | class Rectangle:public Shape{ \_\_\_\_\_: /\*Q3(d)(i): Suggest a suitable access specifier 18. 19. and give a reason. (2 marks) \*/ 20.1 int getArea(){ return(width\*height); 21. 22. 23.| }; 24. | void main(){ 25. Rectangle Rect; 26. 27. Rect.setWidth(5); 28. Rect.setHeight(7); 29. 30. | /\*Q3(d)(ii) Fill in the blanks with suitable C++ statements 31. | to display the area of the object.(3 marks)\*/ 32. \_\_\_\_\_ <<"Area of rectangle is "<<\_\_\_\_ <<endl; 33.| } FIGURE Q3(b) TERBUKA