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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2013/2014**

COURSE NAME : ELECTRIC CIRCUIT THEORY
COURSE CODE : BEX 10103
PROGRAMME : 4 BEE
EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE 2014
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER **FIVE (5)** QUESTIONS
ONLY

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **ELEVEN (11)** PAGES

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- Q1**
- (a) With the aid of appropriate circuit diagram, explain what is meant by supernode. (4 marks)
- (b) The pin diagram of a resistance array is shown in Figure **Q1(b)**. Find the equivalent resistance between the following.
- (i) a and b (3 marks)
- (ii) c and d (3 marks)
- (c) Three devices with P_1 Watts, P_2 Watts and P_3 Watts, respectively, are connected in parallel to a common voltage source. Prove that the total power is equal to $P_T = P_1 + P_2 + P_3$. (5 marks)
- (d) Two devices are rated as shown in Figure **Q1(d)**. Calculate the value of the resistors R_1 and R_2 needed to power the device using a 20 V battery. (5 marks)
- Q2**
- (a) Determine v_0 in the circuit shown in Figure **Q2(a)** using the superposition principle. (10 marks)
- (b) Find the Thevenin equivalent circuit of the circuit shown in Figure **Q2(b)** to the left of the terminal x - y . and the current to $R_L = 50 \Omega$. What is the maximum power transfer to the R_L and its value? (10 marks)
- Q3**
- (a) Using nodal analysis, determine V_o in the circuit in the circuit shown in Figure **Q3(a)**. (9 marks)
- (b) Use mesh analysis to obtain i_o in the Figure **Q3(b)**. (11marks)
- Q4**
- (a) For the circuit in Figure **Q4(a)**, determine
- (i) the voltage across each capacitor
- (ii) the energy stored in each capacitor (10 marks)

- (b) Show that the voltage division rule for two capacitors in series as in Figure

$$\text{Q4(b) is } v_1 = \frac{C_2}{C_1 + C_2} v_s, \text{ and } v_2 = \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} v_s$$

(5 marks)

- (c) Show that the current division rule for two capacitors in parallel as in Figure

$$\text{Q4(c) is } i_1 = \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} i_s, \text{ and } i_2 = \frac{C_2}{C_1 + C_2} i_s$$

(5 marks)

- Q5** (a) Find the current through a 10-H inductor if the voltage across it is

$$v(t) = \begin{cases} 35t^2, & t > 0 \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

Also, find the energy stored at $t = 6$ s. Assume $i(0) = 0$

(5 marks)

- (b) A 4 mF capacitor has the current waveform shown in Figure **Q5(b)**. Assuming that $v(0) = 10$ V, sketch the voltage waveform $v(t)$.

(15 marks)

- Q6** (a) Assuming that the switch in Figure **Q6(a)** has been in position *A* for a long time and is moved to position *B* at $t = 0$, find $v_o(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.

(5 marks)

- (b) For the circuit in Figure **Q6(b)**, determine;

i) $i_R(0^+)$, $i_L(0^+)$, and $i_C(0^+)$,

(ii) $di_R(0^+)/dt$, $di_L(0^+)/dt$, and $di_C(0^+)/dt$,

(iii) $i_R(\infty)$, $i_L(\infty)$, and $i_C(\infty)$.

(15 marks)

- Q7** (a) For the following pairs of sinusoids, determine which one leads and by how much.

(i) $v(t) = 10 \cos(4t - 60^\circ)$ and $i(t) = 4 \sin(4t + 50^\circ)$

(ii) $v_1(t) = 4 \cos(377t + 10^\circ)$ and $v_2(t) = -20 \cos 377t$

(iii) $x(t) = 13 \cos 2t + 5 \sin 2t$ and $y(t) = 15 \cos(2t - 11.8^\circ)$

(9 marks)

(b) For the circuit in Figure Q7(b), calculate Z_T and V_{ab} .

(11 marks)

- END OF QUESTION -

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II /2013/2014
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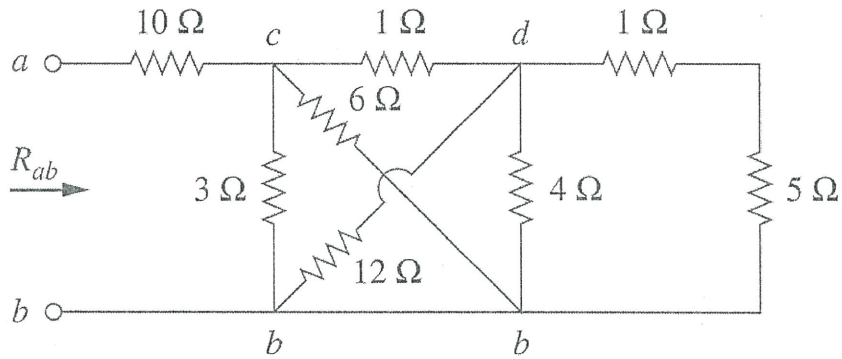


FIGURE Q1(b)

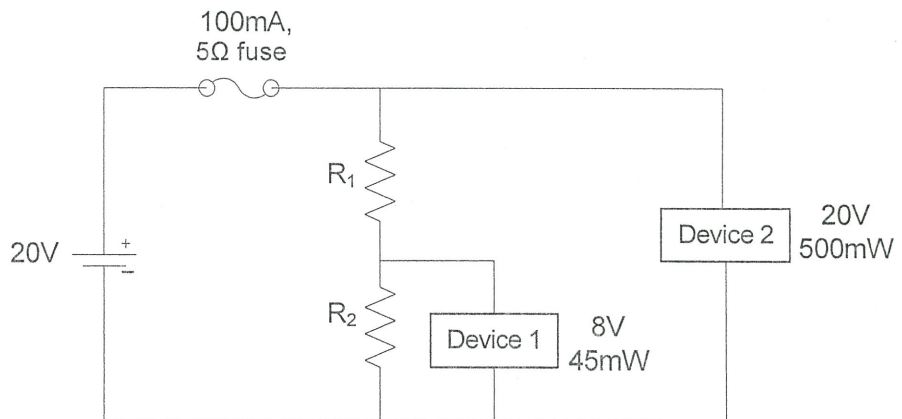


FIGURE Q1(d)

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SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II /2013/2014
 COURSE : ELECTRIC CIRCUITS

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 COURSE CODE : BEL 10103/ BEX 10103

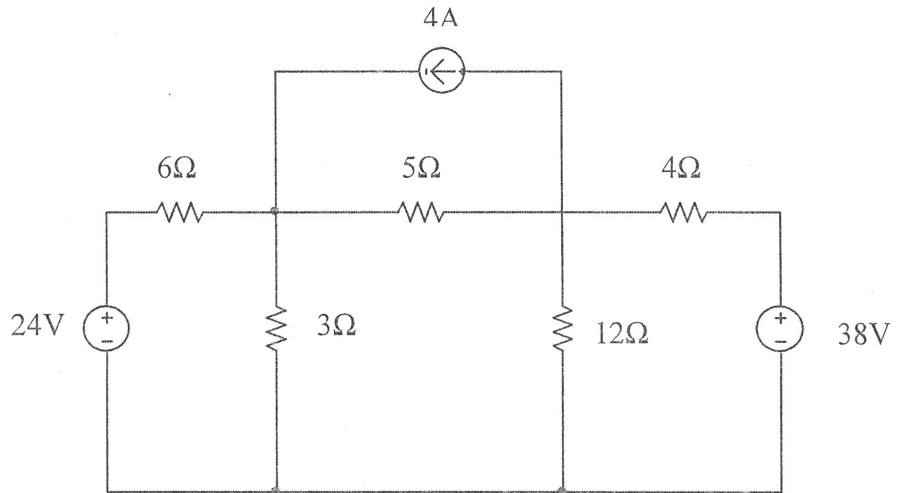


FIGURE Q2(a)

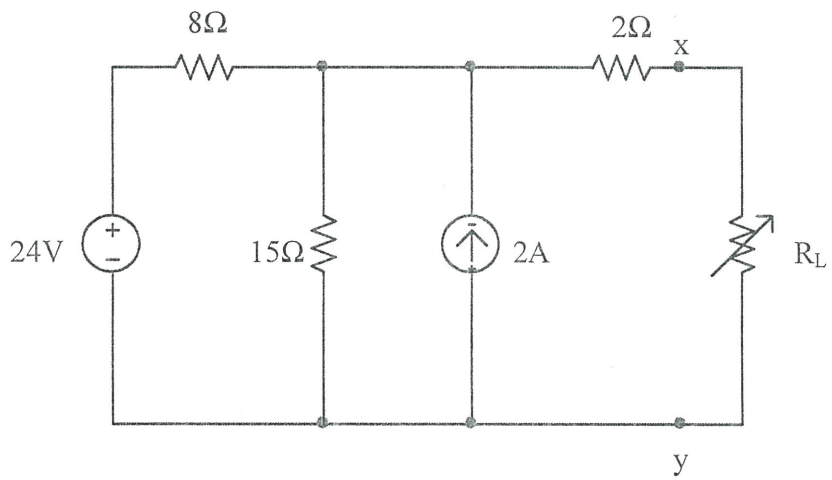


FIGURE Q2(b)

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II /2013/2014
 COURSE : ELECTRIC CIRCUITS

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 COURSE CODE : BEL 10103/ BEX 10103

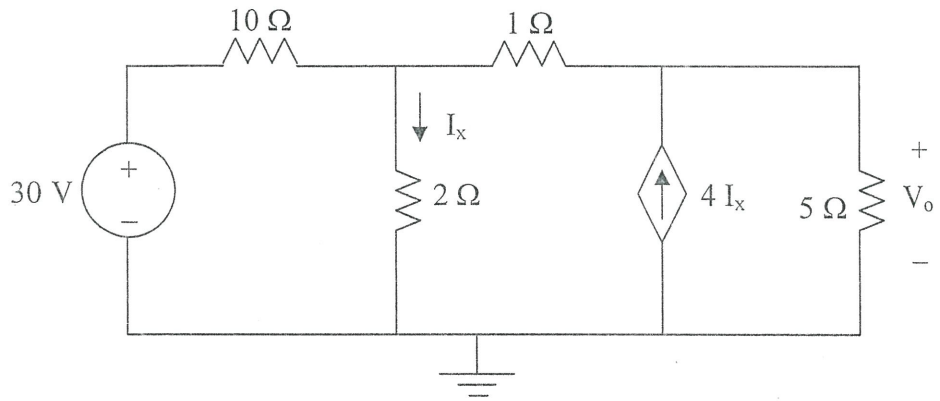


FIGURE Q3(a)

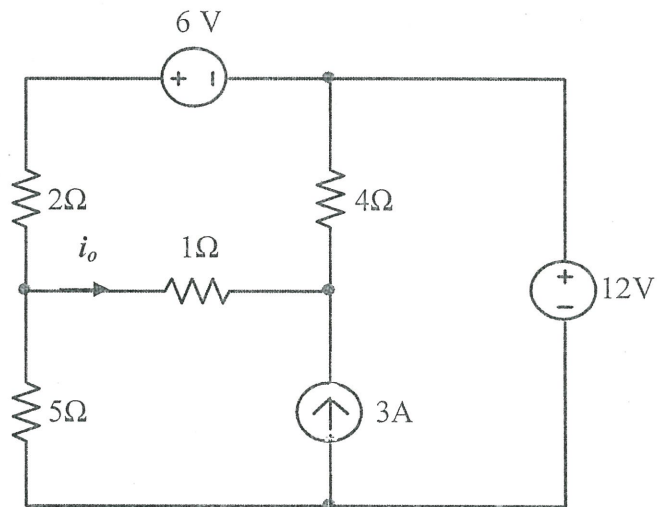


FIGURE Q3(b)

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II /2013/2014
 COURSE : ELECTRIC CIRCUITS

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 COURSE CODE : BEL 10103/ BEX 10103

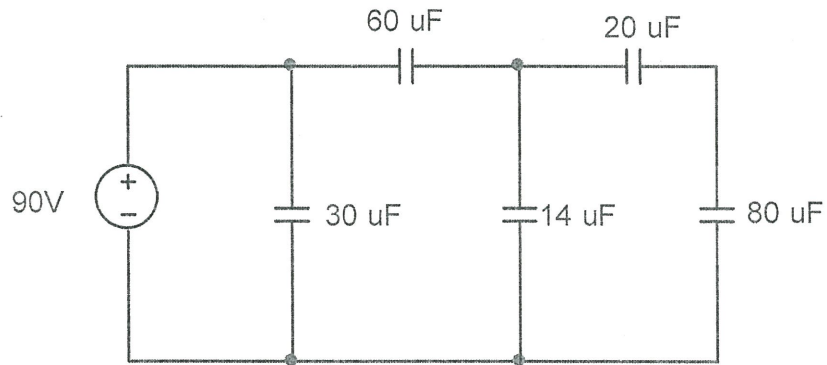


FIGURE Q4(a)

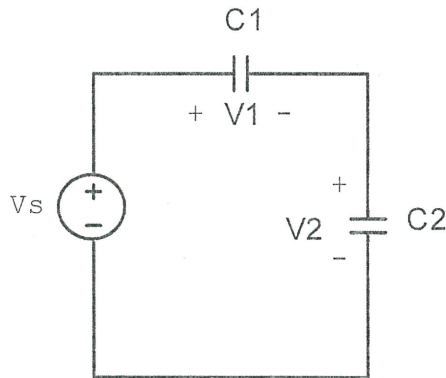


FIGURE Q4(b)

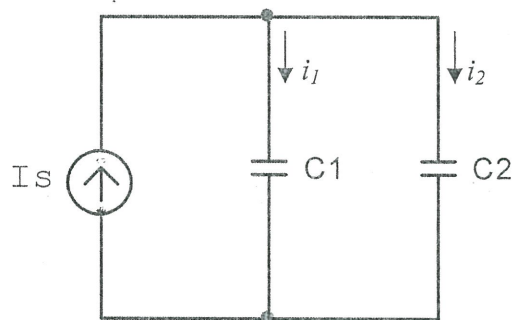


FIGURE Q4(c)

FINAL EXAMINATION

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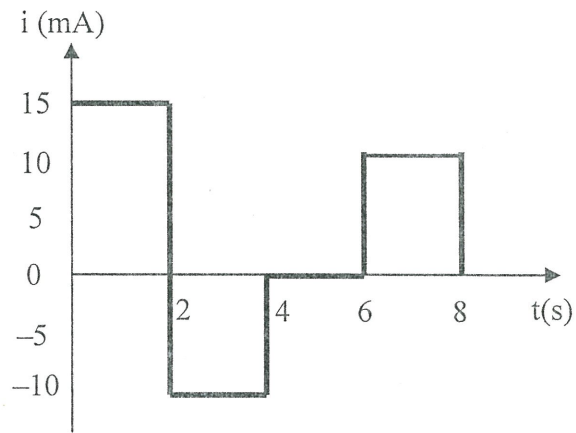


FIGURE Q5(b)

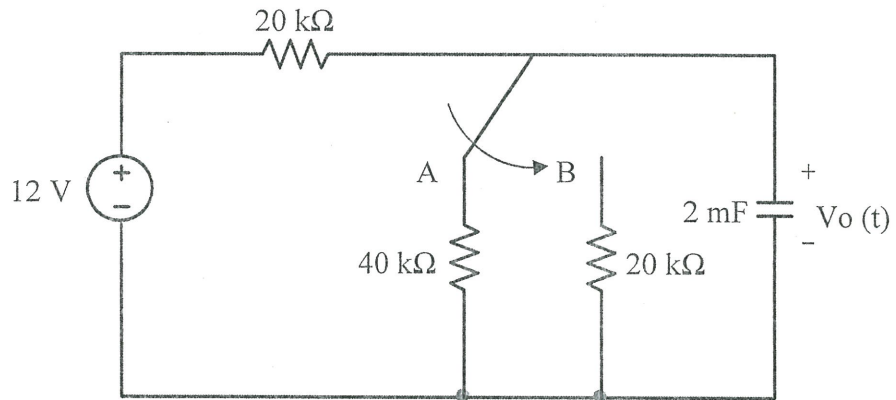


FIGURE Q6(a)

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II /2013/2014
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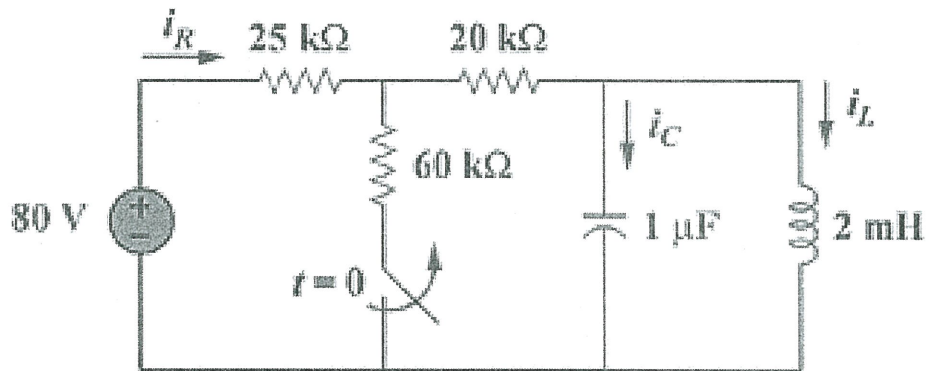


FIGURE Q6(b)

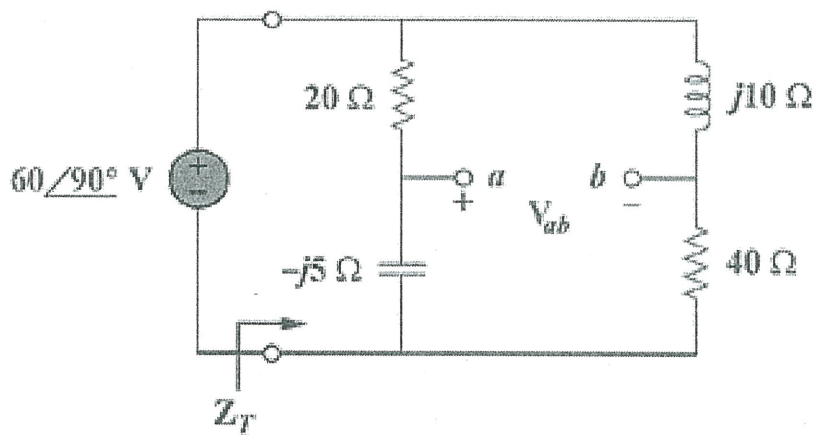


FIGURE Q7(b)

FINAL EXAMINATION

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CAPACITOR

$$v(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int_{-\infty}^t i(t) dt + v(t_0)$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon A}{d}$$

$$i = C \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$w = \frac{1}{2} C v^2$$

$$\tau = RC$$

INDUCTOR

$$i(t) = \frac{1}{L} \int_{t_0}^t v(t) dt + i(t_0)$$

$$L = \frac{N^2 \mu A}{l}$$

$$v = L \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$w = \frac{1}{2} L i^2$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R}$$