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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2013/2014**

COURSE NAME : ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS II
COURSE CODE : BEF 12503
PROGRAMME : BEV
EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE 2014
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER **ALL** QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **SIX (6)** PAGES

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- Q1** (a) DC and AC power generations are the common sources for power generation. For AC generation it is involved the amplitude, frequency and phase parameters.
- (i) State the **TWO (2)** differences between the frequency and phase for AC generation. (5 marks)
- (ii) Explain **TWO (2)** advantages of AC generation compared to DC generation. (5 marks)
- (b) The time function is a important parameter in a circuit analysis. This function can be informed of voltage or current source. This function will determine the operating point of a source,
- (i) State and sketch the time function for unit step, unit impulse and unit ramp. (7 marks)
- (ii) Explain the response of the circuit if the time function is not given at the source. (3 marks)
- Q2** (a) Sketch the characteristics between voltage and current load when a AC source is connected in series with the R-L load. (3 marks)
- (b) The sinusoidal current source in the circuit shown in Figure **Q2(b)** produces the current $i_s = 8 \cos 200,000t$ A,
- (i) Construct the frequency domain equivalent circuit. (2 marks)
- (ii) Find the steady state expression for v , i_1 , i_2 and i_3 . (12 marks)
- (c) Differentiate between the impedance Z and admittance Y in a AC circuit analysis. (3marks)
- Q3** (a) Determine the voltages of V_1 , V_2 and V_3 in the circuit shown in Figure **Q3(a)** (10 marks)
- (b) The circuit in Figure **Q(3)b** has a load consisting the parallel combination of the resistor and inductor. Draw the phasor diagram of the circuit with and without the capacitor place in parallel with the R_2 and L_2 (7 marks)
- (c) Explains the advantages of adding the capacitor in Figure **Q3(b)** with responded

to the voltage and current input.

(3 marks)

- Q4** (a) The AC power analysis contains several elements. Explain,
- (i) The instantaneous power. (1 mark)
 - (ii) The average power. (2 marks)
 - (iii) Reactive power (2 marks)
 - (iv) Power factor (2 marks)
- (b) An AC source supply 120Vrms output is connected in series to the load which drawn 12kVA at 0.856 power factor lagging. Calculate,
- (i) The average and reactive power delivered to the load. (4 marks)
 - (ii) The peak current. (3 marks)
 - (iii) The load impedance. (1 mark)
- (c) Calculate the maximum power that can be transferred to the load Z_L in Figure **Q4(c)** (5 marks)
- Q5** (a) The dot marking procedures are important in order to determine the polarity of the transformer. Explain every procedures that use for dot marking and determine the dot marking for Figure **Q5(a)**. (5 marks)
- (b) Figure **Q5(a)** shows the linear transformer operation. The parameters are given by $R_1=200\Omega$, $R_2=100\Omega$, $L_1=9H$, $L_2=4H$ and $k=0.5$. The transformer couples an impedance consisting of an 800Ω resistor in series with a $1\mu F$ capacitor to a sinusoidal voltage source. The 300Vrms source has an internal impedance of $500+j100\Omega$ and a frequency of 400 rad/s.
- (i) Construct a frequency domain equivalent circuit of the system. (3 marks)

- (ii) Calculate the self impedance of the primary and secondary circuit. (2 marks)
- (iii) Calculate the impedance reflected into primary winding. (2 marks)
- (iv) Calculate the impedance seen looking into primary terminal of the transformer . (1 mark)
- (v) Calculate the rms value of the primary and secondary current. (2 marks)
- (vi) Calculate the rms value of the voltage at the terminals of the load and source. (2 marks)
- (vii) Find the average value of the power delivered to the 800Ω resistor. (1 mark)
- (viii) Determine the efficiency of the power delivered from the transformer to the load. (2 marks)

- END OF QUESTION -

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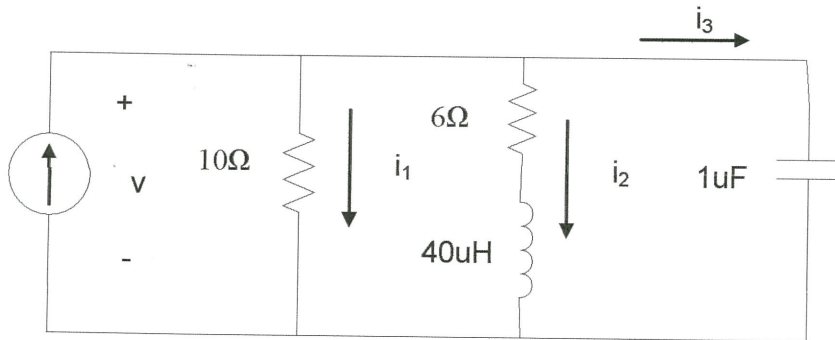


FIGURE Q2(b)

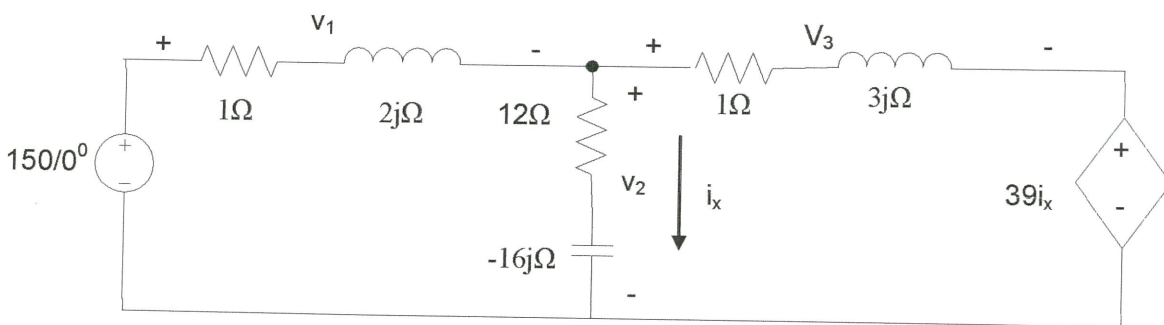


FIGURE Q3(a)

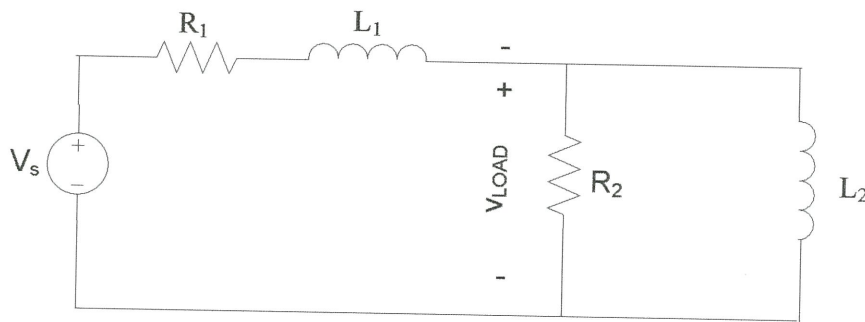


FIGURE Q3(b)

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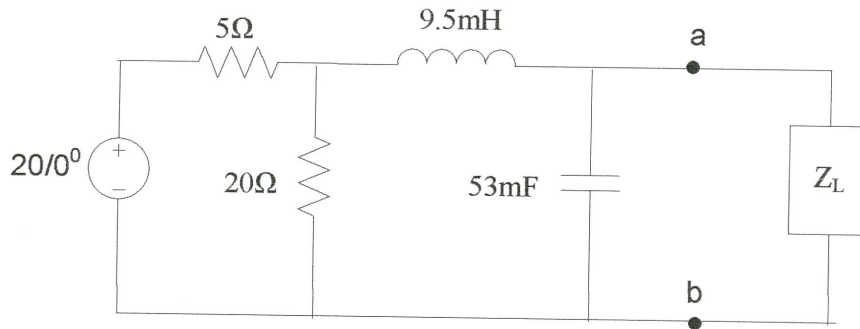


FIGURE Q4(c)

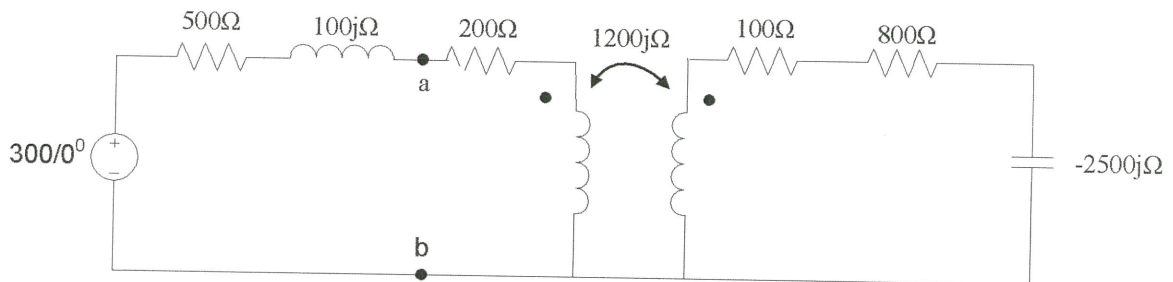


FIGURE Q5(a)