



**UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA**

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
SEMESTER II  
SESSION 2012/2013**

**COURSE NAME** : ELECTRIC CIRCUITS /  
ELECTRIC CIRCUIT THEORY

**COURSE CODE** : BEL 10103/BEX 10103/BEE 1113

**PROGRAMME** : BED/ BEB/ BEH/ BEC/ BEU/ BEE

**EXAMINATION DATE** : JUNE 2013

**DURATION** : 3 HOURS

**INSTRUCTION** : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SEVEN (7) PAGES**

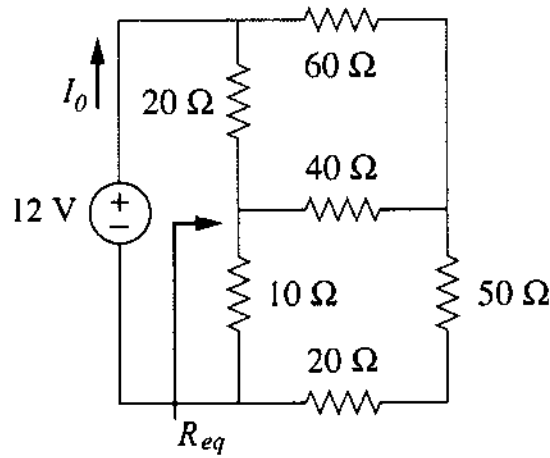
- Q1** (a) Voltages are assigned polarities that indicate the direction of energy flow, while current is the time rate of flow of electrical charge through a conductor of circuit element. Define the following concepts.
- (i) Ideal conductor (2 marks)
  - (ii) Dependent voltage sources (3 marks)
  - (iii) Dependent current sources (3 marks)
- (b) Find  $R_{eq}$  for the circuit shown in **Figure Q1 (b)**. Then solve for  $I_0$ . (12 marks)
- Q2** (a) Use the node-voltage method to find  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  and  $v_3$  in the circuit shown in **Figure Q2 (a)**. (10 marks)
- (b) A source transformation allows a voltage source in series with resistor to be replaced by a current source in parallel with the same resistor or vice versa. For the circuit shown in **Figure Q2 (b)**, show the source transformation technique in finding the value of power associated with the 6 V. (10 marks)
- Q3** (a) (i) For the circuit in **Figure Q3 (a)**, obtain the Thevenin equivalent at terminals  $a-b$ . (6 marks)
- (ii) Calculate the current in  $R_L = 8 \Omega$ . (3 marks)
- (iii) Find  $R_L$  for maximum power deliverable to  $R_L$  and determine that the maximum power. (4 marks)
- (b) Obtain the Norton equivalent at terminal a-b of the circuit in **Figure Q3 (b)**. (7 marks)

- Q4** (a) The inductor in **Figure Q4 (a)** are initially charged and are connected to the black box at  $t = 0$ . If  $i_1(0) = 4$  A,  $i_2(0) = -2$  A, and  $v(t) = 50e^{-200t}$  mV,  $t \geq 0$ , analyze:
- (i) The initial energy stored in each inductor, (4 marks)
  - (ii) The total energy delivered to the black box from  $t = 0$  to  $t = \infty$ , (2 marks)
  - (iii)  $i_1(t)$  and  $i_2(t)$ , at  $t \geq 0$ , (6 marks)
- (b) Three capacitors,  $C_1 = 10 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_2 = 10 \mu\text{F}$  and  $C_3 = 20 \mu\text{F}$ , are connected in parallel across a 150 V DC source. Determine:
- (i) the total capacitance. (4 marks)
  - (ii) the charge on each capacitor. (4 marks)
- Q5** (a) If  $R = 10 \Omega$ ,  $L = 5$  H, and  $C = 2$  mF in **Figure Q5 (a)**, find the damping factor,  $\alpha$ , the resonant frequency,  $\omega_0$ , and the characteristic roots,  $s_1$ , and  $s_2$ . What type of natural response will the circuit have? (7 marks)
- (b) For the circuit in **Figure Q5 (b)**, calculate the value of  $R$  needed to have a critically damped response. (6 marks)
- (c) The natural response of a series RLC circuit is
- $$i(t) = 10e^{-500t} + 12e^{-800t} \text{ mA}, \quad t \geq 0.$$
- If  $R = 200 \Omega$ , find  $L$  and  $C$ . (7 marks)

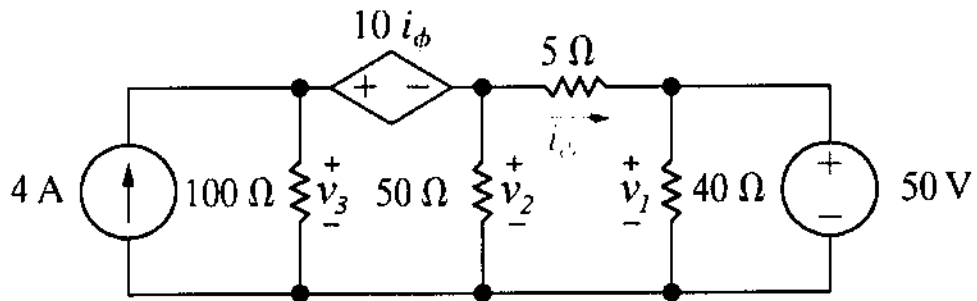
**-END OF QUESTION-**

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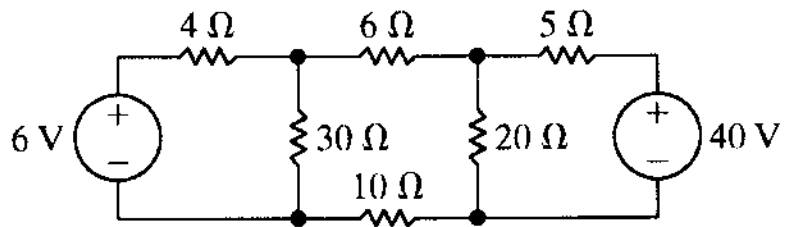
**FIGURE Q1 (b)**



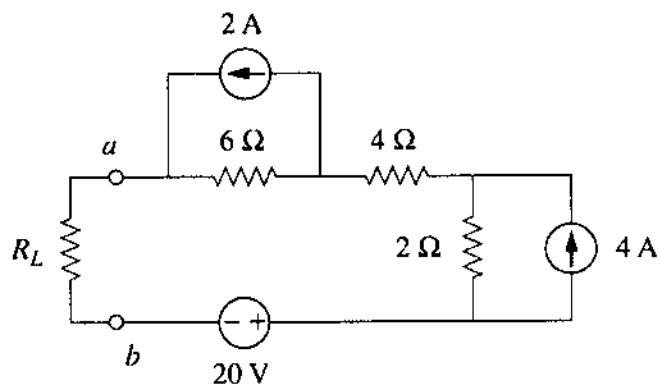
**FIGURE Q2 (a)**

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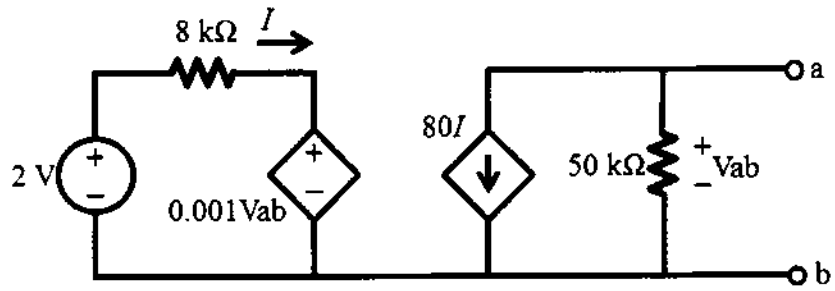
**FIGURE Q2 (b)**



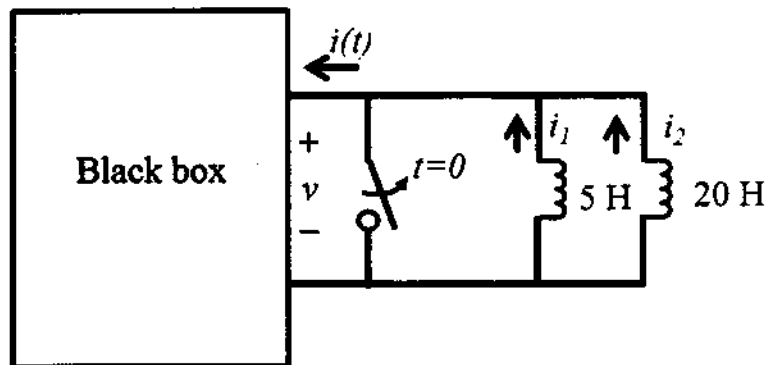
**FIGURE Q3 (a)**

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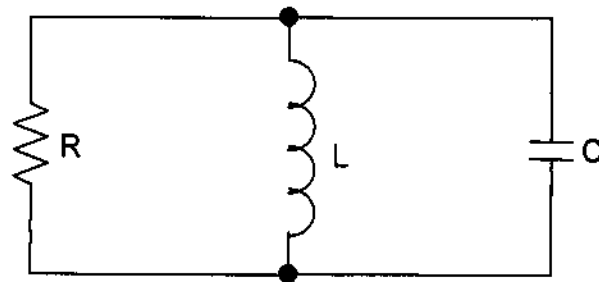
**FIGURE Q3 (b)**



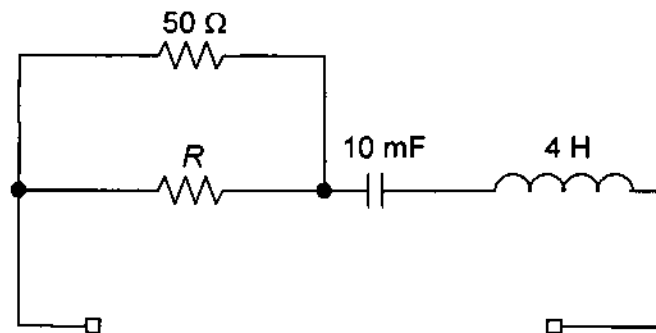
**FIGURE Q4 (a)**

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**FIGURE Q5 (a)**



**FIGURE Q5 (b)**