



**UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA**

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
SEMESTER II  
SESSION 2010/2011**

**COURSE NAME** : EMBEDDED SYSTEM  
APPLICATIONS

**COURSE CODE** : DEC 3213

**PROGRAMME** : 3 DEE/DET

**EXAMINATION DATE** : APRIL/MAY 2011

**DURATION** : 2 1/2 HOURS

**INSTRUCTIONS** : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN  
SECTION A AND ANY TWO  
QUESTIONS IN SECTION B.

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES**

**SECTION A**

- Q1. Give a brief description of embedded systems.
- Q2. List four (4) examples of embedded system applications.
- Q3. Define the term PLD (Programmable Logic Device)
- Q4. How does the architecture of FPLAs differ from PROMs and PALs ?
- Q5. Name the seven steps involved in the design, programming and testing of a PLD.
- Q6. What capability does a polarity fuse give a PLD designer ?
- Q7. What is the main advantage of an EPLD.
- Q8. Name the three modes of operation for a GAL 16V8A.
- Q9. In which mode is pin1 of the GAL 16V8A dedicated as a clock input.
- Q10. Name the two software packages that are used to implement PLD circuits.
- Q11. What is a JEDEC file?
- Q12. Describe the difference between a low-level development software and high level compilers.
- Q13. Name four ways of entering a digital design into a computer.
- Q14. Describe what QA.D represents.
- Q15. How are compiling errors corrected ?

( 60 marks)

**SECTION B**

- Q1 For the complete PLD design file as shown on Figure Q1
  - a) Draw the complete state diagram (10 marks)
  - b) Draw the waveform diagram. It should include the following pins CLK, QD, QC, QB, QA, GT9. (10 marks)

- Q2** Write the complete CUPL input file for a Prime number detector circuit that will detect a 4-bit input number as a prime number. The prime numbers possible with 4-bits are: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13.

(20 marks)

- Q3** Part of the PLD design file for a stepper motor controller is as in Figure Q3. This is a half-step sequencer to control a stepper motor using a GAL16V8. The sequencer should produce the appropriate sequence of states to drive the motor either clockwise (CW) or counterclockwise (CCW). The stepper direction is controlled by the signal CW. The stepper enable is called STEP. The function table is as given in Table Q3. The sequencer is self-starting

- a) Draw the state diagram for the half-step sequence of the stepper motor control (10 marks)
- b) Write the complete sequence statement for the stepper motor controller

(10 marks)

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Name  Embeded Systems Applications ;
PartNo 002 ;
Date 3/22/11 ;
Revision 01 ;
Designer Engineer B.Eng. ;
Company UTHM ;
Assembly None ;
Location Parit Raja ;
Device G16V8A ;
/* ***** INPUT PINS ***** */
PIN 1 = CLK          ; /* CLOCK INPUT          */
PIN 2 = !E           ; /* COUNT ENABLE      */
PIN 11 = !OE         ; /* OUTPUT ENABLE     */

/* ***** OUTPUT PINS ***** */
PIN [14..17] = [QA,QB,QC,QD] ; /* COUNTER OUTPUTS */
PIN 12 = GT9        ; /*                   */

field COUNTER = [QD,QC,QB,QA];

$define S0 'b'0000
$define S1 'b'0001
$define S2 'b'0010
$define S3 'b'0011
$define S4 'b'0100
$define S5 'b'0101
$define S6 'b'0110
$define S7 'b'0111
$define S8 'b'1000
$define S9 'b'1001
$define S10 'b'1010
$define S11 'b'1011
$define S12 'b'1100
$define S13 'b'1101
$define S14 'b'1110
$define S15 'b'1111

sequence COUNTER {
  present S0      if E next S10;
                  default next S0;
  present S10     if E next S5;
                  default next S10;
  present S5      if E next S15;
                  default next S5;
  present S15     if E next S3;
                  default next S15;
  present S3      if E next S12;
                  default next S3;
  present S12     if E next S6;
                  default next S12;
  present S6      if E next S9;
                  default next S6;
  present S9      if E next S8;
                  default next S9;
  present S8      if E next S1;
                  default next S8;
  present S1      if E next S0;
                  default next S1;
}

GT9 = COUNTER:[10,15,12];

```

**FIGURE Q1**