

# UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

## FINAL EXAMINATION **SEMESTER II SESSION 2014/2015**

COURSE NAME

: HIGH SPEED NETWORK

COURSE CODE : BIT 32903

PROGRAMME

: 3 BIT

EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE 2015 / JULY 2015

DURATION

: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

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- Q1 (a) Two common LAN technology are Ethernet and Token Ring.
  - (i) Compare the access methods used in Ethernet and Token Ring. (6 marks)
  - (ii) 100BaseVG-AnyLAN is a fast Ethernet that abandons the access method commonly used in Ethernet 100BaseT. Provide **TWO(2)** reasons why would one is better than the other.

(4 marks)

(b) The American National Standard Institute (ANSI) introduced FDDI LANs as ANSI standard X3T9.5. With appropriate diagram, demonstrate TWO(2) significant features of FDDI access method over regular token ring.

(8 marks)

- (c) Specify and justify suitable transmission media for the following case studies:
  - (i) A college main campus is separated by just 1 km from its new campus. Between the 2 campuses are factories and residential homes.

(3 marks)

(ii) A gas station in an Island, 150 km offshores.

(2 marks)

(iii) A network near an electrical generator.

(2 marks)

Q2 (a) Gigabit Ethernet is currently the most accepted network technology for many organizations. Provide FOUR (4) reasons why it is the most logical choice for most organizations.

(8 marks)

(b) Consider the following case study:

A small branch with 20 computers, 15 notebooks and a database server is to be setup at Parit Raja. This branch is to be connected 24 hours to its headquarters in Penang, which has 2000 computers.

Specify and justify which LAN and WAN network technology are more appropriate for this new company.

(8 marks)

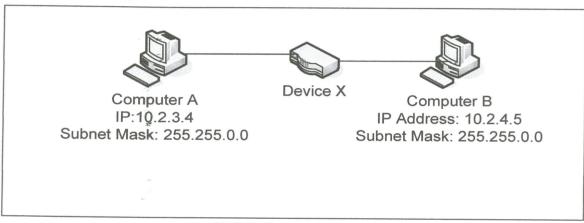
- (c) Current WIFI technology is fast and great for access in public areas.
  - (i) Provide **TWO(2)** reasons why would installing a WIFI network in a tree-densely garden and crowded area such as train exchange stations poses some challenges.

(6 marks)

(ii) For such cases in **Q2(c)(i)**, where would you propose the best place for WIFI access points installation?

(3 marks)

### Q3 (a) Given Figure Q3(a):



#### FIGURE Q3(a)

If we put a switch between Computer A and B, will the computers be able to send and-receive messages? Show all your works.

(5 marks)

(b) Consider the following case study:

A stack of packet switches in a LAN has 120 users, each user offering packets at an average rate of 10 pps. The average length of the packets is 1024 bits. Only 50% of this packet goes to a 56-kbps WAN circuit.

(i) Calculate the load, utilization and queuing depth for both within the LAN and also on the WAN circuit.

(6 marks)

(ii) Based on Q3(b)(i), would you recommend an upgrade or not to the WAN circuit? State your reasoning and propose the appropriate WAN connection speed.

(6 marks)

(c) Given the following **TWO** (2) case studies:

Case A: University of Royal Parit, Senggarang has 5 big buildings all separated roughly 300 meters from each other. Each building has 500 computers. They have also purchased a leased line service to provide Internet access to their students.

Case B: Joomlah and his wife Noolah are moving to their newly purchased home at Taman Banang, Air Hitam. They have subscribed to UNIFY broadband to receive Internet services. With a total 5 kids all having their own tablets, Joomlah has decided to share the high speed broadband access between members of his family.

Propose a suitable highspeed Internet **WAN redundant topology** (state your reasoning to support your choice).

(8 marks)

#### Q4 Given the following scenario for a company Museum Manage Sdn Bhd:

Headquarters: Melaka

No.	Department	Number of network node
		required
1.	Main Office Access	77
2.	Operation	14
3.	Museum IP Cameras	131

Branch #1: Batu Pahat (western Johor)

No.	Department	Number of network node
		required
1.	Sofware Development	33
2.	R&D	12

Branch #2: Gemas (northern Johor)

No.	Department	Number of network node
		required
1.	Training	62

Several legal IPs have been purchased from Jaring -200.1.1.0, 200.1.2.0, 200.1.3.0 each with default subnet mask 255.255.255.0. They will need a DNS server, an email server and a web server. Due to company policy, all nodes will be accessing the Internet using these legal IP, no internal IP addressing is allowed.

(a) Draw a network diagram for Museum Manage Sdn Bhd.

(4 marks)

(b) Calculate how many subnets are needed in Museum Manage Sdn Bhd (list all of these subnets).

(3 marks)

- (c) Produce a table that tabulates all the subnets. Consider the following information to be included in your table:
  - (i) Given IP
  - (ii) Subnet Address
  - (iii) Subnet Mask
  - (iv) Number of Host Supported
  - (v) Number of Host Needed
  - (vi) Address Range
  - (vii) Broadcast Address
  - (viii) Gateway Address
  - (ix) Assigned to which department

(12 marks)

- (d) Generate configurations for the following device:
  - (i) routers

(2 marks)

(ii) servers

(2 marks)

(iii) one(1) PC from each department.

(2 marks)

-END OF QUESTION-