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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2016/2017**

COURSE NAME : CALCULUS OF VARIATION
COURSE CODE : BWA 31203
PROGRAMME CODE : BWA
EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE 2017
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

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THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **THREE (3)** PAGES

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BUKTI HANYA YONG JIN

(01) 2500 1111

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Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia

Q1 Find an approximate solution for $y(x)$ for which the functional

$$J[y(x)] = \int_0^1 (-y'^2 + y^2 - xy) dx, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 1,$$

is extremum, using finite difference approximation of order h , where $h = 0.25$. Next, show the error of approximation at $x = 0.25, 0.50$ and 0.75 .

(20 marks)

Q2 (a) Determine the extremals for the following functional

$$J[y(x)] = \int_{t=0}^{t=\pi/2} \left(\left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)^2 + 2xy \right) dt,$$

subject to the boundary conditions

$$x(0) = 0, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad x\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1, \quad y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1.$$

[Hint: General solution for $\frac{d^4 y}{dt^4} - m^2 y(t) = 0$ is

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{\sqrt{m} t} + C_2 e^{-\sqrt{m} t} + C_3 \sin(\sqrt{m} t) + C_4 \cos(\sqrt{m} t)]$$

(10 marks)

(b) Show that the extremal of the elementary variational problem can be included in the extremal field (proper or central).

$$J[y(x)] = \int_0^1 (2e^x y + y'^2) dx, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y(1) = e.$$

(5 marks)

(c) If two batteries which have resistance r and electromotive force v are connected in parallel to a resistance R , then power loss in the resistance is given by

$$P = \frac{4v^2 R}{(2r + R)^2}.$$

How much should be the resistance R be so that the power loss is maximum?

(5 marks)

Q3 (a) Find the shortest distance between circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and straight line $2x + y = 6$.

(12 marks)

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(b) Show that for the functional

$$J[y] = \int_0^a (x^2 + y^2 + y'^2) dx, \quad u(0) = 0 \text{ where } z = \delta y,$$

the Jacobi condition is fulfilled and for the extremal, $u = c \sinh(x)$, the functional is minimum where c is a constant.

(8 marks)

Q4 (a) Show that the extremum of the functional

$$J[y(x)] = \int_0^\pi (y'^2 - y^2) dx, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y(\pi) = 1,$$

subject to the constraint

$$K[y(x)] = \int_0^\pi y dx = 1$$

is defined by a family $y = -\frac{1}{2} \cos x + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sin x + \frac{1}{2}$.

(10 marks)

(b) Find the general solution of the extremal for the functional

$$J[y(x)] = \int_0^1 y^2 (y'^2 - x^2) dx, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 1,$$

under coordinate transformation $x^2 = u, y^2 = v$.

(10 marks)

Q5 Solve the boundary value problem

$$y'' + y = e^x, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0,$$

by direct integration method and Ritz method. Compare the two results.

(20 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -

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