



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2010/2011**

COURSE NAME : ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II
COURSE CODE : BWM10203 / BSM1923
PROGRAMME : 1 BFF/ BDD
2 BFF/ BDD
3 BFF/ BDD
4 BFF/ BDD
EXAMINATION DATE : APRIL / MAY 2011
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN **PART A**
AND **THREE (3)** QUESTIONS IN **PART B**

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

PART A

Q1 A periodic function is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi < x < -\frac{\pi}{2}, \\ 4, & -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi, \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = f(x + 2\pi).$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of the function over $-2\pi < x < 2\pi$. (4 marks)
- (b) Determine whether the function is even, odd or neither. (1 marks)
- (c) Show that the Fourier series of the function $f(x)$ is

$$2 + \frac{8}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n} \cos nx.$$

(15 marks)

Q2 An insulated uniform metal bar, 2 units long, has the temperature of its ends maintained at 0°C and at $t=0$ the temperature distribution $f(x)$ along the bar is defined by $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x$. Given a heat conduction equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$$

with $c^2 = 9$.

- (a) By separation of variables, the solution of heat equation above can be written as $u(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$. By implementing this method and applying the boundary conditions, show that

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) e^{-9\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)^2 t},$$

where A_n is an arbitrary constant.

(14 marks)

- (b) Then, apply initial condition to find A_n .

(6 marks)

PART B

Q3 (a) Solve the following linear differential equation

$$(\cos x) \frac{dy}{dx} + (\sin x)y = 2 \cos^3 x \sin x - 1$$

when $y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 3\sqrt{2}$.

(11 marks)

(b) Given a differential equation

$$\left[\left(\frac{2x}{x^2+1} \right) y - 2x \right] dx + \left[\ln(x^2+1) - 2 \right] dy = 0.$$

- (i) Show that the equation is exact.
 (ii) Solve the differential equation for $y(x)$.

(9 marks)

Q4 (a) Solve $y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$ by using variation of parameters method.

(12 marks)

(b) The equation of motion is governed by

$$\ddot{x} + \frac{a}{M} \dot{x} + \frac{k}{M} x = \frac{F(t)}{M}$$

where M is a mass, a is resistance, k is a spring constant and $F(t)$ is an external force. A steel ball has a mass of 2 kg is suspended from a spring with a known spring constant of 32 N/m.

- (i) Assuming no air resistance and no external force, show that an expression for the position of the ball at any time t is

$$x(t) = A \cos 4t + B \sin 4t.$$

- (ii) Hence, find A and B if $x(0) = 0$ and $\dot{x}(0) = 1$.

(8 marks)

Q5 (a) Show that $\mathcal{L}\{t \cos 4t\} = \frac{s^2 - 16}{(s^2 + 16)^2}$.

(7 marks)

(b) From Q5(a), find $\mathcal{L}\{t e^{-3t} \cos 4t\}$.

(3 marks)

(c) Consider the function

$$g(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & 0 \leq t < \pi, \\ -\sin t, & t \geq \pi. \end{cases}$$

(i) Write the function $g(t)$ in the form of Heaviside / unit step function.

(ii) Then, find the Laplace transform of $g(t)$.

[Hint: $\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$]

(10 marks)

Q6 (a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions.

(i) $Y(s) = \frac{e^{-\pi s}}{(s^2 + 1)}$.

(ii) $Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 - 6s + 18}$.

(7 marks)

(b) Given the second order linear differential equation

$$y'' + 5y' + 6y = e^{-t}$$

with the boundary conditions, $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 0$.

(i) Show that by using Laplace transform, the differential equation above becomes

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2 + 5s + 6)}$$

(ii) Hence, solve $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\}$.

(13 marks)

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Formulae**Characteristic Equation and General Solution**

Case	Roots of the Characteristic Equation	General Solution
1	m_1 and m_2 ; real and distinct	$y = Ae^{m_1x} + Be^{m_2x}$
2	$m_1 = m_2 = m$; real and equal	$y = (A + Bx)e^{mx}$
3	$m = \alpha \pm i\beta$; imaginary	$y = e^{\alpha x} (A \cos \beta x + B \sin \beta x)$

Particular Integral of $ay'' + by' + cy = f(x)$: Method of Undetermined Coefficients

$f(x)$	$y_p(x)$
$P_n(x) = A_n x^n + \dots + A_1 x + A_0$	$x^r (B_n x^n + \dots + B_1 x + B_0)$
$Ce^{\alpha x}$	$x^r (Pe^{\alpha x})$
$C \cos \beta x$ or $C \sin \beta x$	$x^r (p \cos \beta x + q \sin \beta x)$
$P_n(x) e^{\alpha x}$	$x^r (B_n x^n + \dots + B_1 x + B_0) e^{\alpha x}$
$P_n(x) \cdot \begin{cases} \cos \beta x \\ \sin \beta x \end{cases}$	$x^r (B_n x^n + \dots + B_1 x + B_0) \cos \beta x +$ $x^r (C_n x^n + \dots + C_1 x + C_0) \sin \beta x$
$Ce^{\alpha x} \cdot \begin{cases} \cos \beta x \\ \sin \beta x \end{cases}$	$x^r e^{\alpha x} (p \cos \beta x + q \sin \beta x)$
$P_n(x) e^{\alpha x} \cdot \begin{cases} \cos \beta x \\ \sin \beta x \end{cases}$	$x^r (B_n x^n + \dots + B_1 x + B_0) e^{\alpha x} \cos \beta x +$ $x^r (C_n x^n + \dots + C_1 x + C_0) e^{\alpha x} \sin \beta x$

Particular Integral of $ay'' + by' + cy = f(x)$: Method of Variation of Parameters

Wronskian	Parameter	Solution
$W = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix}$	$u_1 = -\int \frac{y_2 f(x)}{W} dx, \quad u_2 = \int \frac{y_1 f(x)}{W} dx$	$y_p = u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$

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Laplace Transforms

$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \int_0^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt = F(s)$			
$f(t)$	$F(s)$	$f(t)$	$F(s)$
a	$\frac{a}{s}$	$H(t-a)$	$\frac{e^{-as}}{s}$
$t^n, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	$f(t-a)H(t-a)$	$e^{-as}F(s)$
e^{at}	$\frac{1}{s-a}$	$\delta(t-a)$	e^{-as}
$\sin at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$	$f(t)\delta(t-a)$	$e^{-as}f(a)$
$\cos at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$	$\int_0^t f(u)g(t-u)du$	$F(s) \cdot G(s)$
$\sinh at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}$	$y(t)$	$Y(s)$
$\cosh at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}$	$y'(t)$	$sY(s) - y(0)$
$e^{at}f(t)$	$F(s-a)$	$y''(t)$	$s^2Y(s) - sy(0) - y'(0)$
$t^n f(t), n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$	$(-1)^n \frac{d^n F(s)}{ds^n}$		

Periodic Function for Laplace transform : $\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-sT}} \int_0^T e^{-st} f(t) dt, \quad s > 0.$

Fourier Series

$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \right]$	$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$ <p>where</p> $a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$ $b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$
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