

- Q1 (a) Briefly explain the working principle of alternating current (AC) signal generation on DC machine by using an appropriate diagram.
(3 marks)
- (b) (i) Name **three (3)** types of DC generators.
(3 marks)
- (ii) **Draw** the schematic diagram of each DC generator type stated in Q1(b)(i). **Label** each diagram completely.
(3 marks)
- (c) A 120 V series motor has 0.3Ω field resistance. On full load, the line current is 17.0 A. The output power is 1600 W and the rotational loss is 160 W. Find the value of the armature resistance.
(3 marks)
- (d) A compound DC motor rated at 415 V, 7 HP, 2010 rpm has an armature resistance of 0.20Ω , series field resistance of 0.4Ω and shunt field resistance of 150Ω . The rotational losses are 210 W. The full load line current is 45 A.
- (i) Find the developed mechanical power
- (ii) Find the output power
- (iii) Find the load torque
- (iv) Find the efficiency of the motor
- (v) Draw the power flow diagram for this type of motor with complete labelling of all the power values.
(13 marks)

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Q2 (a) Briefly explain the following:

- (i) Open-circuit test procedures of the transformer
- (ii) Short-circuit test procedures of the transformer

(5 marks)

(b) A step-up transformer is rated 140 kVA, 415 / 1000 V and has the following equivalent circuit parameter:

$$\begin{matrix} R_p = 10\Omega & R_s = 50\Omega & R_m = 5000 \Omega \\ X_p = 20\Omega & X_s = 80\Omega & X_m = 1200\Omega \end{matrix}$$

- (i) Draw with complete labelling the equivalent winding impedance referred to high voltage side.
- (ii) Draw with complete labelling the equivalent winding impedance referred to low voltage side

(10 marks)

(c) Short-circuit test and open-circuit test were performed on a 100 kVA transformer, rated 277 V / 7200 V, and the results are listed below.

$$\begin{matrix} V_{sc} = 400 \text{ V} & V_{oc} = 277 \text{ V} \\ I_{sc} = 15.1 \text{ A} & I_{oc} = 14.88 \text{ A} \\ P_{sc} = 1200 \text{ W} & P_{oc} = 1000 \text{ W} \end{matrix}$$

- (i) Construct the equivalent circuit with the necessary parameters of the transformer referred to the low voltage (LV) side.

(7 marks)

- (ii) Construct the equivalent circuit with the necessary parameters of the transformer referred to the high voltage (HV) side.

(3 marks)

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- Q3** (a) By referring to the per phase equivalent circuit of a three phase induction motor state down the equation of :
- (i) The gross output power of the induction motor
 - (ii) The output torque of the motor
- (8 marks)
- (b) A 4 poles, 50 Hz, star connected 3-phase induction motor having a rating of 50 kW and 415 V has a slip of 5% at 0.85 lagging power factor. If the full load efficiency is 85%, calculate :
- (i) The input power
 - (ii) The line current and the phase current
 - (iii) The speed of the rotor (in rpm)
 - (iv) The frequency of the rotor
 - (v) The torque developed by the motor (assuming negligible friction and windage losses)
- (17 marks)
- Q4** (a) The excitation voltage of a synchronous generator is 1219.7 V (line to neutral) when the armature current is $8 \angle -20^\circ$ A. If the synchronous reactance is 10Ω and the torque angle is 3.5° . Find:-
- (i) The voltage across the synchronous reactance.
 - (ii) The terminal voltage of the generator.
 - (iii) The power factor of the generator.
 - (iv) Draw the phasor diagram.
- (13 marks)
- (b) A 3-phase star connected synchronous generator supplies a load of 8 MW at 0.7 leading power factor and at a terminal voltage of 6.6 kV. The armature resistance is 0.15Ω /phase and synchronous reactance of 0.5Ω /phase. Calculate :-
- (i) The armature current
 - (ii) The internal generated voltage
 - (iii) The voltage regulation
- (12 marks)

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- Q5** (a) Draw and label completely the basic circuit of the universal / series motor.
(2 marks)
- (b) Briefly explain the principle of operation of the universal motor.
(5 marks)
- (c) Give **four (4)** advantages of the universal motor.
(4 marks)
- (d) Determine the following for the single phase induction motor with the rotor speed (N_r) of 594 rpm and using power supply of 220V, 50 Hz.
(i) synchronous speed, N_s
(ii) number of poles, p
(iii) percentage of slip, % S.
(6 marks)
- (e) (i) State the maximum synchronous speed of the single phase motor with the power supply of 240 V, 50 Hz.
(ii) Give a reason to prove your answer in **Q5 (e) (ii)**.
(5 marks)
- (f) State the relationship between slip, S and rotor speed, N_r .
(3 marks)
- Q6** (a) Draw the following symbols:-
(i) Triac
(ii) IGBT
(4 marks)
- (b) Name **two (2)** components used for fully controlled of power switches.
(2 marks)
- (c) Give **two (2)** examples of applications for each of the following:-
(i) UJT
(ii) Diac
(4 marks)

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Q6

- (d) State **three (3)** functions of the DC / DC converters (chopper).
(3 marks)
- (e) Briefly explain the speed control of the DC motor drives using the armature voltage control method.
(5 marks)
- (f) Briefly explain the speed control of the AC motor drives using the stator voltage control method.
(7 marks)

- **END OF QUESTION** -

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