

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER II SESSION 2023/2024

COURSE NAME

VISION SYSTEM

COURSE CODE

BEJ 34202

PROGRAMME CODE :

BEJ

.

EXAMINATION DATE :

JULY 2024

DURATION

2 HOUR 30 MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS

1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS

CONDUCTED VIA

☐ Open book

3. STUDENTS ARE **PROHIBITED** TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FOUR (4) PAGES

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TERBUKA

Q1 (a) In camera calibration, intrinsic and extrinsic parameters play important roles in finding the relationship between the coordinate of a point P in 3D world and a 2D pixel coordinate. Relate the focal lengths (f_x, f_y) , principal point (O_x, O_y) , rotation matrix (R) and translation parameters (T) in a Perspective Transformation Model.

(4 marks)

- (b) Radial and tangential are the two types of distortions due to optics.
 - (i) Illustrate each distortion with a proper explanation.

(8 marks)

(ii) Suggest how each of the distortion can be corrected.

(4 marks)

(c) Show the procedure to perform image calibration using *Camera Calibrator App* in Matlab.

(9 marks)

- Q2 (a) Image segementation is one of the crucial elements in vision system.
 - (i) Define the non-contextual and textual techniques of image segmentation.

 (4 marks)
 - (ii) Propose two (2) methods to perform image segementation. Explain briefly each method.

(6 marks)

(iii) One of the methods to find the threshold values is through Otsu's method. Explain how Otsu's is used to find the threshold value.

(3 marks)

(iv) In finding the threshold using Otsu's, there are several assumptions made. Suggest the assumptions.

(6 marks)

(b) Adaptive thresholding is very useful to compensate for the effects of non – uniform illumination. The threshold value depends on the coordinates x and y. Explain how adaptive thresholding using:

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(i) Chow and Kaneko.

(3 marks)

(ii) Local thresholding.

(3 marks)

Q3 (a) Ilustrate the common process of computer vision.

(4 marks)

(b) Suggest two (2) methods to enhance an image.

(6 marks)

(c) An image *I* is shown in **Figure Q3.1**. The image can be enhanced using contrast stretching transformation whose function is given below:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{0.5}{x}\right)^E}$$

where E is a constant.

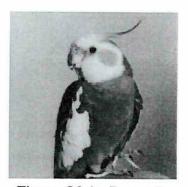


Figure Q3.1: Image I

(i) Write a Matlab code to implement the contrast stretching transformation with an appropriate E value to enhance the image.

(13 marks)

(ii) Guest the effect of E value in contrast stretching transformation.

(2 marks)



Q4 (a) Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) code using Python is shown in **Figure**Q4.1. Illustrate the model structure with details of layer labelling.

```
model = Sequential()

model.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3), input_shape = (256,256,3)))
model.add(Activation("relu"))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

model.add(Conv2D(64), (3,3))
model.add(Activation("relu"))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(64))

model.add(Dense(1))
model.add(Activation('sigmoid'))
```

Figure Q4.1: Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) code

- (b) You are an engineer in a company that involves in vision system projects.
 - (i) Write a code to implement Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) using Matlab considering the following requirements:

Input size	50 x 50 x 1
Number on convolution layer	3
Filter size	3
Padding	"Same"
Number of max. pooling	2
Stride	2
Output size	10

Set the number of filter at each layer twice than the previous ones. The initial filter number is 8.

Utilise **batchNormalizationLayer** function at every layer to speed up training of the CNN, followed by a rectified linear unit (ReLU) layer.

(15 marks)

(ii) Write a code to train the network in Q4 (a) (i).

(5 marks)

(iii) Show how to reduce intial learning rate and change the number of epochs.

(2 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -

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