



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2022/2023**

- COURSE NAME : RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURE AND FACILITIES
- COURSE CODE : BNT 20903
- PROGRAMME CODE : BNT
- EXAMINATION DATE : JULY/AUGUST 2023
- DURATION : 3 HOURS
- INSTRUCTION : 1. ANSWER **ALL** QUESTIONS
2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS CONDUCTED VIA **CLOSED BOOK**
3. STUDENTS ARE **PROHIBITED** TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **FIVE (5)** PAGES

- Q1** (a) List down **SIX (6)** components of bridge. (6 marks)
- (b) With aid of diagram, illustrate **THREE (3)** types of bridge in term of compression-tension diagram. (6 marks)
- (c) **Figure 1(c)** shows the single span bridge with length and width of 25 meter and 12 meter respectively.
- i. Assume the selfweight of bridge is 25kN/m^2 , determine maximum shear force and bending moment acting on the bridge. (5 marks)
- ii. By combining selfweight and RU loading (refer to **Figure 1(c)(i)**), analyze maximum shear force and bending moment acting on the bridge. (8 marks)
- Q2** (a) Briefly explain **THREE (3)** functions of tunnel lining. (3 marks)
- (b) Differentiate the design concept between bridge and tunnel. (6 marks)
- (c) There are several tunneling method commonly used for railway construction such as bored tunnel and sequential excavation. With aid of diagram, briefly explain each of tunneling method. (6 marks)
- (d) Functional classification of stations is divided into **FIVE (5)** types such as halt, flag, roadside or crossing, junction and terminal. Illustrate each type of station. (10 marks)

- Q3** (a) The retaining wall should be designed to sustain the load applied to avoid such failure occurring. Briefly explain **THREE (3)** types of failure of retaining wall. (6 marks)
- (b) There are several types of retaining walls used in railway construction nowadays. Describe **FOUR (4)** types of retaining wall commonly used in Malaysia. (8 marks)
- (c) As a consultant, you are required to check the stability of the proposed retaining wall shown in **Figure Q3(c)**. Related parameter in designing the retaining wall as shown in **Table Q3(c)**.
- i. Calculate the Active Soil Pressure, P including related diagram. (4 marks)
- ii. Analyse the vertical load and moment for each element of retaining wall. (7 marks)
- Q4** (a) Briefly explain **FOUR (4)** sources of percolated water in the track. (8 Marks)
- (b) Briefly explain **TWO (2)** track drainage system for the track to cater the surface water. (4 Marks)
- (c) The rectangular surface drain is needed to convey a 10-year ARI according to proposed 5-hectare LRT station at Puchong Damansara, Selangor.
- i. Referring to fitting constants (**Table 4(c)(i)**), calculate the design flow for the drain. Assume $d = 15$ minutes. (6 marks)
- ii. Determine the size of surface drain section. Assume $n = 0.013$, $S_o = 0.5\%$, drain width, $B = 0.9\text{m}$. (7 marks)

-END OF QUESTION

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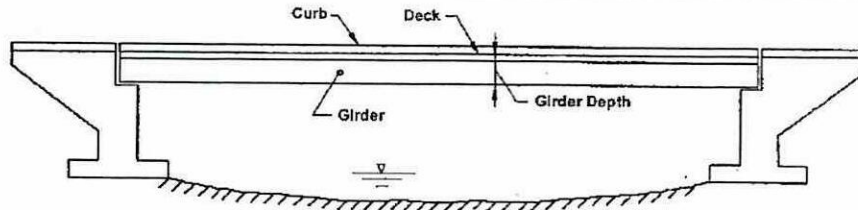


Figure 1(c): Bridge span

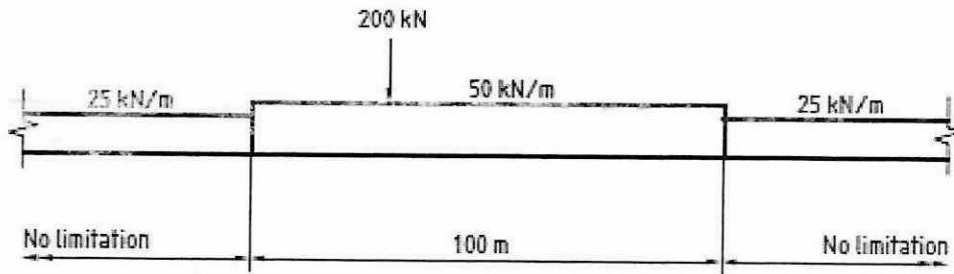


Figure 1(c)(i): RL loading

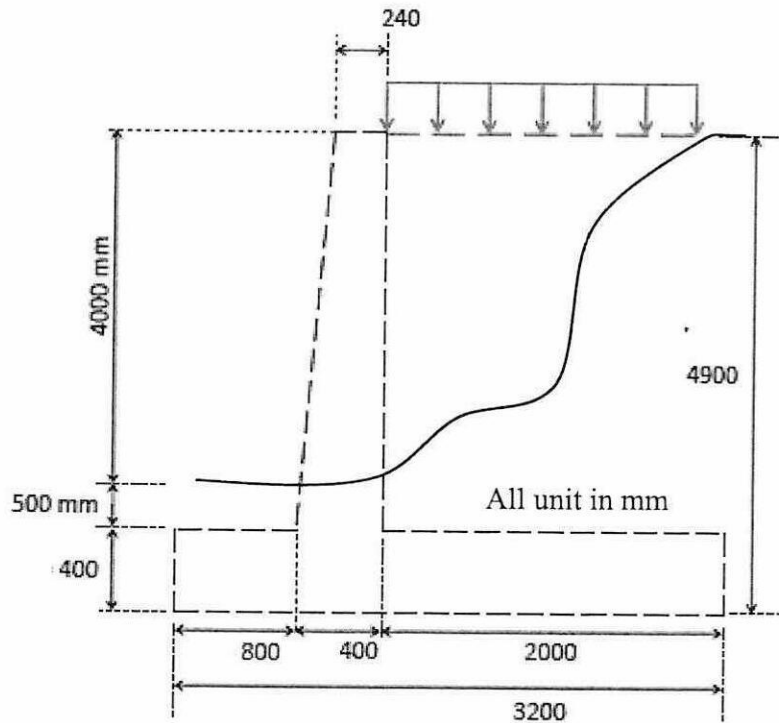


Figure Q3(c)

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Table Q3(c)

Well drained sand, $\gamma_{\text{soil}} =$	19.0 kN/m ³
Concrete density, $\gamma_{\text{conc.}} =$	24.0 kN/m ³
Angle of internal friction, $\phi =$	35°
Cohesion, $c =$	0
Surcharge, $w =$	10.0 kN/m ²
Soil Bearing Capacity =	200 kN/m ²

Table Q4(c)(i)

λ	K	θ	η
69.650	0.151	0.223	0.0000

Equations All unit in mm

$$i = \frac{\lambda T^K}{-\theta)^\eta}, \quad Q = \frac{C.I.A}{360}, \quad R = \frac{A}{P}, \quad Q = vA, \quad v = \frac{1}{\eta} S_0^{\frac{1}{2}} R^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

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