

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION **SEMESTER II SESSION 2014/2015**

COURSE NAME

ELECTRICAL MACHINES &

DRIVES

COURSE CODE

: DAE 32303

PROGRAMME

: 2 DAE

EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE 2015 / JULY 2015

DURATION

: 2 ½ HOURS

INSTRUCTION : ANSWER FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

ONLY

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

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Q1	a)		the aid of an appropriate diagram, briefly describe the general ct Current (DC) Signal in DC machines.			
	b)	Name three (3) types of DC motors and draw their schematic diagrams.				
				(3 marks)		
	c)	A compound DC motor rated at 440 V, 10 HP, 2000 rpm has armature resistance 0.21 Ω , series field resistance 0.5 Ω and shunt field resistance 150 Ω . The rotational losses are 220 W. The full load line current is 45 A.				
		(i)	Compute the developed mechanical power.			
		(ii)	Indicate the output power.	(5 marks)		
			ii) Identify the load torque.	(2 marks)		
		(iii) (iv)		(2 marks)		
				(4 marks)		
	d)	A DC series generator delivers 150 kW at 11 kV to a load. The armature resistance is 25 Ω and the field resistance is 60 Ω .				
		(i)	Calculate the generated emf, $E_{\mbox{\scriptsize g}}$	(3 marks)		
		(ii)	Identify the input power if the stray and friction losses a	are 350 W. (3 marks)		
Q2	The purpose of open circuit test and short circuit test is to determine the shunt and series branch parameter of a practical transformer.					
	(a)	Briefly explain with the aid of an appropriate circuit configuration, the open circuit test procedures.				
	(b)	(3 marks) Briefly describe with the aid of an appropriate circuit configuration, the				
		short circuit test procedures.		(3 marks)		

(c) Short-circuit and open-circuit tests were performed on a 150kVA transformer, 50 Hz, rated at 220V/2400V, and the results are listed as follows:

Construct the equivalent circuit with the necessary parameters of the transformer referred to the low voltage side.

(14 marks)

- (d) An ideal-transformer having 100 turns on the primary and 2250 turns on the secondary is connected to a 220 V, 50 Hz source. The load across the secondary draws a current of 3 A at a power factor of 0.78 lagging.
 - (i) Calculate the effective value of the primary current.

(2 marks)

(ii) Indicate the primary current if the secondary current is 100 mA.

(1 marks)

(iii) Estimate the peak flux linked by the secondary winding.

(2 marks)

Q3 (a) State two (2) advantages and two (2) disadvantages of an Induction machines.

(4 marks)

(b) You have been requested to analyze the data for an induction motor in order to determine its performance. The following data are given to you at 440 V, 50 Hz, 6 poles, Y connected, rated at 100 hp, the equivalent parameter for the motor are which referred to the stator are given below;

$$\begin{array}{ll} R_S = 0.084 \; \Omega/phase & X_S = 0.20 \; \Omega/phase \\ R_R = 0.066 \; \Omega/phase & X_R = 0.165 \; \Omega/phase \\ R_C = \infty & X_M = 6.9 \; \Omega/phase \end{array}$$

Losses in the motor are identified as follows:

Windage & friction losses = 1.5 kW

Stray losses = 120 W

Core losses =100 W

Using approximate and actual equivalent circuit with a slip of 0.05, determine the following;

(i)	Sketch a complete equivalent circuit.	
		(2 marks)
(ii)	Calculate the line current.	(4 marks)
(iii)	Estimate the stator copper loss.	(4 marks)
		(2 marks)
(iv)	Indicate the air gap power.	(3 marks)
(v)	Identify the developed power.	(5 marks)
<i>(</i> .)		(3 marks)
(vi)	Solve the induced torque	(3 marks)
(vii)	Calculate the load torque	
(!!!)	Ideaticate officiones of the material	(2 marks)
(viii)	Identify the efficiency of the motor.	(2 marks)

- Q4 (a) A 3-phase Y-connected synchronous generator supplies a load of 15 MW at power factor 0.85 lagging and the terminal voltage is 11 kV. The armature resistance is 0.2 ohm/phase and synchronous reactance of 0.76 ohm/phase.
 - (i) Calculate the armature current

(2 marks)

(ii) Indicate the internal generated voltage

(2 marks)

(iii) Estimate the voltage regulation.

(1 marks)

(iv) Draw the phasor diagram.

(2 marks)

b) A 2400 V, 60 kW, 50 Hz, 6 poles, delta-connected synchronous motor has a synchronous reactance of 4 Ω /phase and armature resistance of 2 Ω /phase. At full load, the efficiency is 92 %. Find the following requirements for this machine when it is operating at full load at rated power factor of 0.85 lagging.

		(1)	Sketch the phasor diagram to represent back emi,	(2 marks)		
		(ii)	Calculate the supply voltage , $E_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}}$			
		(iii)	Indicate the armature current.	(3 marks)		
			Ludicate the veltage magnification	(3 marks)		
		(iv)	Indicate the voltage regulation.	(2 marks)		
		(v)	Estimate the input power	(2 marks)		
		(vi)	Solve the developed mechanical power			
		(vii)	Sketch the power flow diagram	(4 marks)		
				(2 marks)		
Q5	(a)	Brief	ly describe the following aspect of a Stepper motor.			
		(i)	The physical construction of the motor			
		(ii)	The performance of the motor	(4 marks)		
			•	(4 marks)		
		(iii) The characteristics of the motor	(4 marks)			
	(b)	State	the three (3) main types of Stepper motor	(3 marks)		
	(c)	Describe in details any one (1) of the following motors by considering its				
	(c)	design and its operating fundamentals.				
		(i)	Universal motor			
		(ii) (iii)	Servo motor Reluctance motor			
				(10 marks)		

What is the main difference between DC motor and DC generator. **Q6** (a) (2 marks) State three (3) advantages of DC motors (b) (3 marks) Illustrate the two (2) types of DC motor equivalent circuits. (c) (3 marks) (d) Illustrate the two (2) types of DC generator equivalent circuits. (3 marks) A separately excited dc motor turns at 1500 r/min when the armature is (e) connected to a 240 V source. Calculate the armature voltage required so that the motor runs at: (i) 2500 r/min (2 marks) (ii) 200 r/min (2 marks)

(f) A three phase, Y connected synchronous generator is rated 120 kVA, 2.0 kV, 50 Hz, 0.85 pf lagging. Its synchronous inductance is 2.5 mH and effective resistance is 2.5 Ω .

(i) Solve the voltage regulation at this frequency.

(5 marks)

(ii) Solve the rated voltage and apparent power if the supply frequency is going to be twice.

(5 marks)

- END OF QUESTION -