

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER II SESSION 2022/2023

COURSE NAME

PHOTONIC DEVICES

COURSE CODE

BEJ 33002

PROGRAMME CODE :

BEJ

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EXAMINATION DATE :

JULY/ AUGUST 2023

DURATION

2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

- 1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
- 2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK
- 3. STUDENTS ARE **PROHIBITED** TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF THREE (3) PAGES

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- Q1 Solar photovoltaic is one of the fastest-growing renewable energy technologies.
 - (a) Discuss the energy conversion in solar photovoltaic systems in terms of electrons and energy bands.

(6 marks)

- (b) Thin film is a second-generation technology of solar cells. Explain **THREE** (3) advantages of this technology compared to the first-generation amorphous silicon.

 (3 marks)
- (c) Discover **THREE** (3) main challenges in the implementation of solar photovoltaics. (6 marks)
- Q2 (a) Blue Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs) is able to solve energy use and climate change problem by efficient lighting.
 - (i) Analyze the suitability of gallium nitride (GaN) to produce blue LEDs. The bandgap of GaN is 3.4 eV. Show all the calculations and parameters involved.

 (6 marks)
 - (ii) Deduce ONE (1) conclusion from the answer in Q2(a)(i). (2 marks)
 - (b) Explain **TWO (2)** traditional methods to produce a different colour of light. (2 marks)
 - (c) Name TWO (2) applications of Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs) in modern transportation systems.

(2 marks)

- Q3 (a) Photoresistor is the cheapest type of photodetector compared with photodiode and phototransistor.
 - (i) Analyze **THREE** (3) weaknesses of photoresistors over two other photodetectors with the supporting theories.

 (6 marks)
 - (ii) Photoresistors are usually used as light sensors. Suggest **ONE** (1) application that used phototransistors in their light sensor system.

(1 mark)

(b) A photodetector having an area of 5×10^{-2} cm⁻² is irradiated by red light with intensity of 20 mW.cm⁻². Assuming that each photon is generated as one electron-hole pairs (EHP), calculate the number of pairs generated per second. Given $\lambda = 630$ nm. Show all the calculations.

(7 marks)



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- Q4 (a) Explain the coherence characteristics of the laser using an appropriate diagram. (4 marks)
 - (b) In lasers, photons have interacted in three ways with the atoms. List **TWO** (2) of the process.

(2 marks)

(c) Lasers can be used to measure distances and levels and help set out construction works. Discuss the operation of the laser in the surveying process.

(3 marks)

-END OF QUESTIONS-