

CONFIDENTIAL



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2022/2023**

COURSE NAME : TRANSFORM CIRCUIT
COURSE CODE : BEV 20203
PROGRAMME CODE : BEV
EXAMINATION DATE : FEBRUARY 2023
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : 1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS CONDUCTED VIA **CLOSED BOOK**.
3. STUDENTS ARE **PROHIBITED** TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **EIGHT (8)** PAGES

TERBUKA

CONFIDENTIAL

- Q1** (a) Determine the convolution of the pairs of signals $x(t)$ and $h(t)$ in **Figure Q1(a)**.

(10 marks)

- (b) The Laplace transform of a function $f(t)$ is given $F(s)$, where:

$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} f(t)e^{-s} dt$$

Considering the above equation, determine the Laplace transformation of the following functions. You may refer the Laplace Transform Pairs and properties in **Table 1** and **Table 2**, respectively.

(i) $f(t) = \delta(t) + 2u(t) - 3e^{-2t}u(t)$

(2 marks)

(ii) $f(t) = \sin\omega t u(t)$

(4 marks)

(iii) $j(t) = (4 + 3e^{-2t})u(t)$

(1 mark)

- (c) Determine the Inverse Laplace transformation of the following functions.

(i) $H(s) = \frac{s+4}{s(s+4)}$

(2 marks)

(ii) $F(s) = \frac{s^2+12}{s(s+2)(s+3)}$

(3 marks)

(ii) $D(s) = \frac{10s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)}$

(3 marks)

- Q2** (a) **Figure Q2(a)** shows the time domain RC circuit with $V_S = 20$ V.

- (i) Draw the equivalent circuit in frequency domain.

(2 marks)

- (ii) Determine the current, $i(t)$ and the voltage, $v(t)$ of the circuit when $t > 0$.

(4 marks)

- (iii) When the V_S increases to 50V, determine the current, $i(t)$ and the voltage, $v(t)$ of the circuit.

(4 marks)



- (b) **Figure Q2(b)** shows the RLC circuit with $V_s(t) = 10u(t)$ V. Assume that at $t=0$, -1 A current flows through the inductor and +5V voltage drop is appear across the capacitor. Determine the value of capacitor voltage using the superposition method. (15 marks)

- Q3** (a) **Figure Q3(a)** shows the time domain and frequency domain of RC circuit.
- (i) Express the transfer function V_o/V_s for frequency domain RC circuit. (5 marks)
- (ii) Sketch the amplitude and the phase response of the results in Q3(a)(i). (4 marks)
- (b) A new system with a transfer function is cascaded to the existing system to get the new transfer function as below:

$$H(s) = \frac{s + 10}{s(s + 5)^2}$$

Analyse its characteristics by illustrating its magnitude and phase response in Bode plot. (16 marks)

- Q4** (a) Draw **one (1)** odd symmetry periodic function and **one (1)** even symmetry periodic function. (4 marks)
- (b) A voltage source, $v_s(t)$ is given in Fourier series equation as below. Determine the first three AC terms of the voltage source. Provide answers in polar form ($A\angle\theta$).

$$v_s(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin(n\pi t) \text{ V}, \quad n = 2k - 1$$

(5 marks)

- (c) An output voltage, $v_o(t)$ is given in Fourier series equation as below. Sketch the amplitude and phase spectrums of the output voltage.
- $$v_o(t) = 0.5 \cos(\pi t - 52^\circ) + 0.2 \cos(3\pi t - 75^\circ) + 0.13 \cos(5\pi t - 81^\circ) + \dots \text{V}$$
- (6 marks)



[Faint, illegible text and markings in the bottom right corner, possibly bleed-through or a stamp.]

- (d) Compute the first three AC terms of the current $i(t)$ given in **Figure Q4(d)**. The input voltage is given below. Provide answers in polar form ($A\angle\theta$).

$$v(t) = 3 - \frac{6}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin(2\pi nt) \text{ V}$$

(10 marks)

– END OF QUESTIONS –

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM I 2022/2023

PROGRAMME CODE : BEV

COURSE NAME : TRANSFORM CIRCUIT

COURSE CODE : BEV 20203

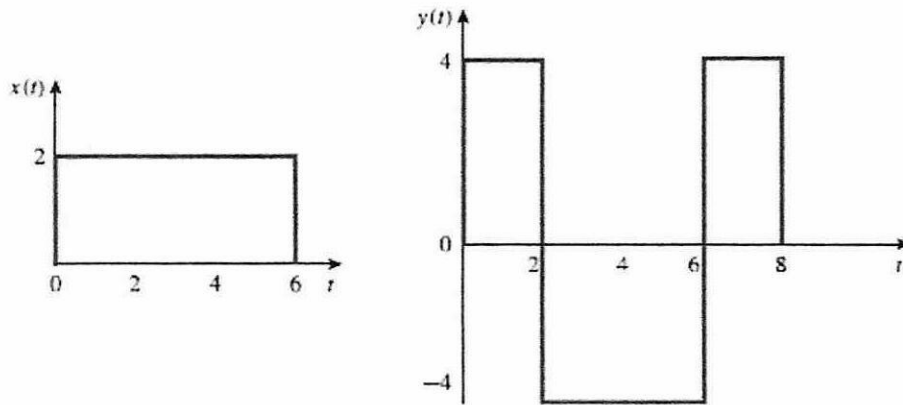


Figure Q1(a)

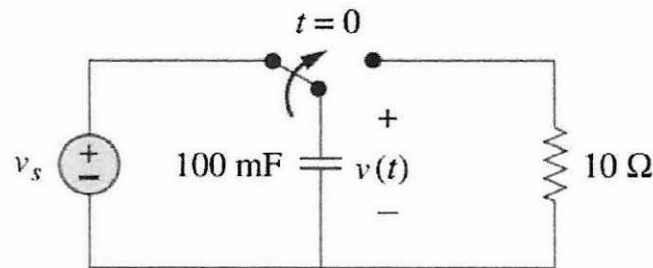


Figure Q2(a)

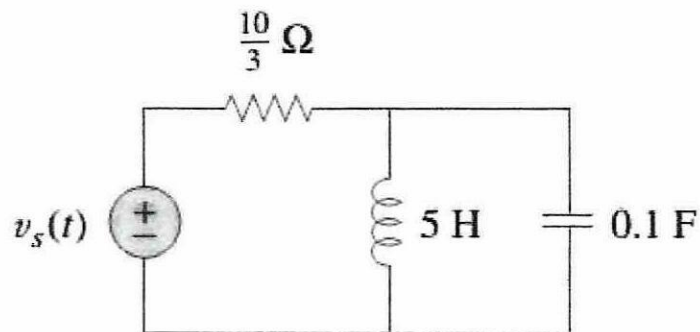


Figure Q2(b)

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM 1 2022/2023

PROGRAMME CODE : BEV

COURSE NAME : TRANSFORM CIRCUIT

COURSE CODE : BEV 20303

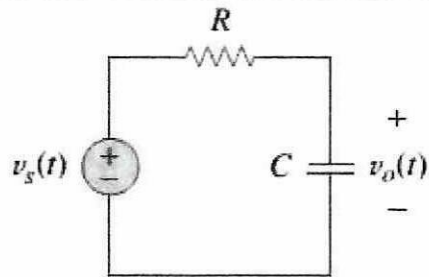


Figure Q3(a)

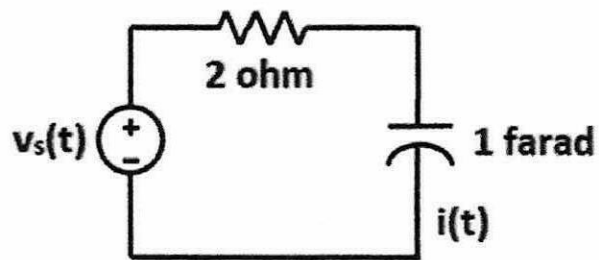


Figure Q4(d)

TERBUKA

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM I 2022/2023 PROGRAMME CODE : BEV
 COURSE NAME : TRANSFORM CIRCUIT COURSE CODE : BEV 20203

$$A_n / \phi_n = a_n - jb_n$$

$$A_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}, \quad \phi_n = -\tan^{-1} \frac{b_n}{a_n}$$

$$f(t) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos n\omega_0 t + b_n \sin n\omega_0 t)$$

$$f(t) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(n\omega_0 t + \phi_n)$$

Table 1: Laplace Transform Pairs and Euler Formula

$f(t)$	$F(s)$	$f(t)$	$F(s)$
$\delta(t)$	1		
$u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s}$	$\cos \omega t$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
e^{-at}	$\frac{1}{s + a}$	$\sin(\omega t + \theta)$	$\frac{s \sin \theta + \omega \cos \theta}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
t	$\frac{1}{s^2}$	$\cos(\omega t + \theta)$	$\frac{s \cos \theta - \omega \sin \theta}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
t^n	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	$e^{-at} \sin \omega t$	$\frac{\omega}{(s + a)^2 + \omega^2}$
te^{-at}	$\frac{1}{(s + a)^2}$	$e^{-at} \cos \omega t$	$\frac{s + a}{(s + a)^2 + \omega^2}$
$t^n e^{-at}$	$\frac{n!}{(s + a)^{n+1}}$	*Defined for $t \geq 0$; $f(t) = 0$, for $t < 0$.	
$\sin \omega t$	$\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	Euler's formula	
		a. $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}(e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta})$ b. $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2j}(e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta})$	

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM I / 2022/2023

PROGRAMME CODE : BEV

COURSE NAME : TRANSFORM CIRCUIT

COURSE CODE : BEV 20203

Table 2: Laplace Transform Properties

Property	$f(t)$	$F(s)$
Linearity	$a_1f_1(t) + a_2f_2(t)$	$a_1F_1(s) + a_2F_2(s)$
Scaling	$f(at)$	$\frac{1}{a}F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
Time shift	$f(t - a)u(t - a)$	$e^{-as}F(s)$
Frequency shift	$e^{-at}f(t)$	$F(s + a)$
Time differentiation	$\frac{df}{dt}$	$sF(s) - f(0^-)$
	$\frac{d^2f}{dt^2}$	$s^2F(s) - sf(0^-) - f'(0^-)$
	$\frac{d^3f}{dt^3}$	$s^3F(s) - s^2f(0^-) - sf'(0^-) - f''(0^-)$
	$\frac{d^nf}{dt^n}$	$s^nF(s) - s^{n-1}f(0^-) - s^{n-2}f'(0^-) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0^-)$
Time integration	$\int_0^t f(x)dx$	$\frac{1}{s}F(s)$
Frequency differentiation	$tf(t)$	$-\frac{d}{ds}F(s)$
Frequency integration	$\frac{f(t)}{t}$	$\int_s^\infty F(s)ds$
Time periodicity	$f(t) = f(t + nT)$	$\frac{F_1(s)}{1 - e^{-sT}}$
Initial value	$f(0)$	$\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s)$
Final value	$f(\infty)$	$\lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s)$
Convolution	$f_1(t) * f_2(t)$	$F_1(s)F_2(s)$