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Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia

**UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA**

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
SEMESTER II  
SESSION 2020/2021**

COURSE NAME : ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY  
MATHEMATICS II

COURSE CODE : BDU 11003

PROGRAMME CODE : BDC / BDM

EXAMINATION DATE : JULY 2021

DURATION : 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN  
**PART A AND THREE (3)**  
QUESTIONS IN **PART B**

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **SEVEN (7) PAGES**

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**PART A**

**Q1** A periodic function  $f(x)$  is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi \leq x < -0.5\pi \\ 1, & -0.5\pi < x < 0.5\pi \\ 0, & 0.5\pi < x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

and  $f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$ .

(a) Sketch the graph of  $f(x)$  over  $-3\pi < x < 3\pi$ . (2 marks)

(b) Find the Fourier coefficients corresponding to  $f(x)$ . (13 marks)

(c) From (b), prove that the Fourier series for  $f(x)$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} \cos(2n - 1)x}{2n - 1}.$$

(5 marks)

**Q2** (a) The upward velocity of a rocket, measured at 3 different times, is shown in the **Table Q2**. The velocity over the time interval  $5 \leq t \leq 12$  is approximated by a quadratic expression as

$$v(t) = a_1 t^2 + a_2 t + a_3.$$

Determine the values of  $a_1, a_2$  and  $a_3$  by using Gauss – Elimination method.

(10 marks)

(b) Solve the system of linear equations by using Thomas algorithm method.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 9 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

(10 marks)

**PART B**

- Q3** (a) By using an appropriate method, solve  

$$y'' - 2y' - 3y = 4e^{3x} + 9x$$
 with  $y(0) = 2$  and  $y'(0) = -2$ .

(13 marks)

- (b) A mass of 20.4 kg is suspended from a spring with a known spring constant of 29.4 N/m. The mass is set in motion from its equilibrium position with an upward velocity of 3.6m/s. The motion can be described in the differential equation

$$\ddot{x} + \frac{k}{m}x = 0$$

where  $m$  is the mass of the object and  $k$  is the spring constant.

- (i) Determine the initial conditions. (1 mark)
- (ii) Find an equation for the position of the mass at any time  $t$ . (6 marks)

- Q4** (a) Determine the Laplace transform for each of the following function:

- (i)  $(2 + t^3)e^{-2t}$ . (4 marks)
- (ii)  $\sin(t - 2\pi)H(t - 2\pi)$ . (4 marks)
- (iii)  $\sin 3t \delta(t - \pi)$ . (2 marks)

- (b) Consider the periodic function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 1-t, & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = f(t+2).$$

Sketch the graph of  $f(t)$  and find its Laplace transform.

$$\left[ \text{Hint: } \mathcal{L}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{1-e^{-sT}} \int_0^T e^{-st} f(t) dt, \quad s > 0. \right]$$

(10 marks)

**Q5** (a) (i) Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{s + 3}{s^2 - 6s + 13}$$

(5 marks)

(ii) From **Q5(a)(i)**, find

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(s + 3)e^{-\frac{1}{2}\pi s}}{s^2 - 6s + 13} \right\}$$

(3 marks)

(b) (i) Express

$$\frac{1}{(s - 1)(s - 2)^2}$$

in partial fractions and show that

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{(s - 1)(s - 2)^2} \right\} = e^t - e^{2t} + te^{2t}.$$

(7 marks)

(ii) Use the result in **Q5(b)(i)** to solve the differential equation

$$y' - y = te^{2t}$$

which satisfies the initial condition of  $y(0) = 1$ .

(5 marks)

**Q6** (a) (i) Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{y-x}$  is a homogeneous differential equation.

(2 marks)

(ii) Hence, solve the differential equation in part **Q6(a)(i)**.

(10 marks)

(b) Analyze the given differential equation. Determine an appropriate method to solve it in order to obtain its particular solution

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - y \tan x = \sec x, \quad y(0) = 1.$$

(8 marks)

**-END OF QUESTIONS-**

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**Table Q2:** Upward velocity of a rocket

Time , $t$ (seconds)	Velocity, $v$ (meters/second)
5	106.8
8	177.2
12	279.2

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**Formula's**  
**Characteristic Equation and General Solution**

Case	Roots of the Characteristic Equation	General Solution
1	$m_1$ and $m_2$ ; real and distinct	$y = Ae^{m_1x} + Be^{m_2x}$
2	$m_1 = m_2 = m$ ; real and equal	$y = (A + Bx)e^{mx}$
3	$m = \alpha \pm i\beta$ ; imaginary	$y = e^{\alpha x} (A \cos \beta x + B \sin \beta x)$

**Particular Integral of  $ay'' + by' + cy = f(x)$  : Method of Undetermined Coefficients**

$f(x)$	$y_p(x)$
$P_n(x) = A_n x^n + \dots + A_1 x + A_0$	$x^r (B_n x^n + \dots + B_1 x + B_0)$
$Ce^{\alpha x}$	$x^r (Pe^{\alpha x})$
$C \cos \beta x$ or $C \sin \beta x$	$x^r (p \cos \beta x + q \sin \beta x)$

**Particular Integral of  $ay'' + by' + cy = f(x)$  : Method of Variation of Parameters**

Wronskian	Parameter	Solution
$W = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix}$	$u_1 = -\int \frac{y_2 f(x)}{W} dx, \quad u_2 = \int \frac{y_1 f(x)}{W} dx$	$y_p = u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$

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**Laplace Transforms**

$$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \int_0^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt = F(s)$$

$f(t)$	$F(s)$	$f(t)$	$F(s)$
$a$	$\frac{a}{s}$	$H(t-a)$	$\frac{e^{-as}}{s}$
$t^n, n=1, 2, 3, \dots$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	$f(t-a)H(t-a)$	$e^{-as}F(s)$
$e^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$	$\delta(t-a)$	$e^{-as}$
$\sin at$	$\frac{a}{s^2+a^2}$	$f(t)\delta(t-a)$	$e^{-as}f(a)$
$\cos at$	$\frac{s}{s^2+a^2}$	$\int_0^t f(u)g(t-u)du$	$F(s).G(s)$
$\sinh at$	$\frac{a}{s^2-a^2}$	$y(t)$	$Y(s)$
$\cosh at$	$\frac{s}{s^2-a^2}$	$\dot{y}(t)$	$sY(s) - y(0)$
$e^{at}f(t)$	$F(s-a)$	$\ddot{y}(t)$	$s^2Y(s) - sy(0) - \dot{y}(0)$
$t^n f(t), n=1, 2, 3, \dots$	$(-1)^n \frac{d^n F(s)}{ds^n}$		

**Periodic Function for Laplace transform :**  $\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \frac{1}{1-e^{-sT}} \int_0^T e^{-st} f(t) dt, \quad s > 0.$

**Fourier Series**

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \right]$$

where

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$