



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
(ONLINE)
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2020/2021**

COURSE NAME : WIRELESS AND MOBILE COMMUNICATION

COURSE CODE : MEP 10503

PROGRAMME CODE : MEE

EXAMINATION DATE : JULY 2021

DURATION : 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
OPEN BOOK EXAMINATION

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **FOUR (4)** PAGES

Q1 (a) Celcom engineer is measuring a cellular system at a base station. If a signal-to-interference ratio of (First student id no. And Second last student id no.) dB is required for satisfactory forward channel performance of a cellular system, what is the frequency reuse factor and cluster size that should be used for maximum capacity if the path loss exponent is :-

- (i) $n = 5$, (5 marks)
- (ii) $n = 2$ (5 marks)

Assume that there are six co-channel cells in the first tier and all of them are at the same distance from the mobile device. Use suitable approximations.

(b) Maxis decided to setup a new base station in Batu Pahat. Given the following geometry in **Figure Q1(b)**. Design :

(i) the loss due to knife-edge diffraction, (5 marks)

(ii) the height of the obstacle required to induce (Last student id no.)dB diffraction loss. Assume $f = 950\text{M Hz}$.

Show your new layout design after modification base on **Figure Q1(b)**. (5 marks)

(c) You are appointment as head project for a cellular system. Find the median path loss using Okumura's model for $d = 65\text{km}$, $h_{te} = 200\text{m}$, $h_{re} =$ (First student id no. And Second last student id no.) m in a suburban environment. The measurement at base station transmitter radiates an EIRP of 5kW at a carrier frequency of 1100 MHz, formulate the power at the receiver. (assume a unity gain receiving antenna) (5 marks)

Q2 (a) You are serving as a system designer in a telco company. You are required to provide a real-time communication system operating within an available bandwidth of 2400 Hz over an adaptive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel.

(i) The required data rate and the available E_b/N_o are 9600 bps and 14 dB, respectively. You are allowed to choose one modulation types for the system, either 8-FSK or 16-QAM. Verify using appropriate calculation that your choice is able to achieve the desired bandwidth requirements. (4 marks)

(ii) Based on your modulation choice in **Q2 (a)(i)**, prove that the system could attain slower signaling rate. (5 marks)

(iii) The probability of error, P_e attained by the system is 10^{-4} . As the system design engineer you are given the task to reduce the P_e to 10^{-6} . Solve the problem. (4 marks)

- (b) Energy-efficient wireless network, which emphasize energy efficiency as well as spectrum efficiency, have been proposed as an effective solution and are becoming the mainstream for future wireless network design. Consider the downlink of a single cell Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access (OFDMA) network consisting of K mobile users. The total bandwidth B is equally divided into N subcarriers.
- (i) Identify **TWO (2)** types of diversities available in the network. (2 marks)
- (ii) Discuss the relationship between spectrum-efficient and energy-efficient designs. (10 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -

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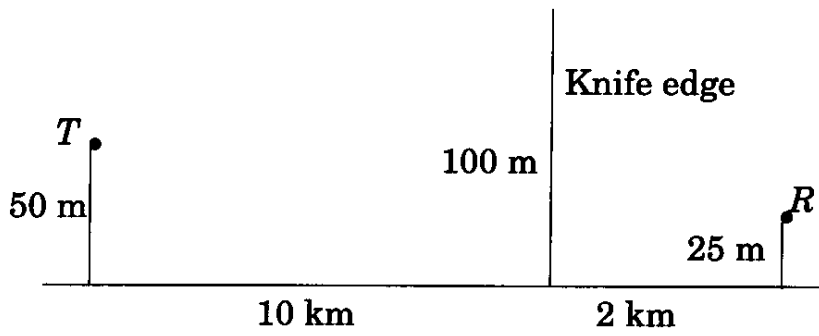


Figure Q1(b): Geometry of a new Maxis base station