

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION (ONLINE) **SEMESTER I SESSION 2020/2021**

COURSE NAME

FLIGHT MECHANICS

COURSE CODE

: BDU 20603

PROGRAMME CODE : BDC

EXAMINATION DATE : JANUARY / FEBRUARY 2021

DURATION

: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

ANSWERS FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

ONLY

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FIVE (5) PAGES

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PART A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- Q1 A high-speed subsonic aeroplane with 10 m wingspan and a mean chord of 1.5 m is flying at an altitude of 5 km. The pitot tube at the wing leading edge measures the stagnation pressure as 70 kPa.
 - (a) Determine the outside air temperature (OAT) at the 5 km altitude

(4 marks)

(b) Determine the aircraft's true airspeed (TAS) and indicated airspeed (IAS)

(6 marks)

(c) The aeroplane wing has the following characteristic.

Span efficiency factor. 0.9 Profile drag coefficient: 0.0045 Zero-lift angle of attack: -2° Lift curve slope: 0.12.

Compare the lift force, drag force and lift-to-drag ratio produced at mean sea level and 5 km altitude.

(10 marks)

- Q2 An aeroplane glides with the engine off at an airspeed of 80 knots, and is found to lose height at the rate of 1500 ft/min.
 - (a) Determine the glide angle (Assume conditions of no wind).

(6 marks)

(b) Find the value of the lift to drag ratio for this aeroplane on this glide

(4 marks)

(c) If the aeroplane weight is 5000 N, drag polar is $0.01 + 0.02C_L^2$ and wing area is 10 m², assuming glide angle is very small, examine whether 80 knots airspeed can produce the maximum glide range at sea level and no wind condition?

(10 marks)

- Q3 An aeroplane of 1750 kg mass makes a co-ordinated level turn at a bank angle of 25° from a straight and level flight
 - (a) Explain why the aeroplane will experience increasing drag during the turn (2 marks)
 - (b) Explain why at the beginning of the turn, adverse yaw occurs if the aeroplane is not equipped with necessary devices or the pilot not applying adequate rudder force

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(c) If the airspeed in the turn is 85 knots, what is the radius of the turn?

(6 marks)

Examine whether the 25° bank angle and 85 knots airspeed can make the aeroplane fly at Rate 1 turn.

(10 marks)

PART B: ANSWER ONE QUESTION ONLY

1wo commercial twin jet engine aeroplanes, namely Aircraft A and Aircraft B, have the same empty weight W = 80 kN and use identical jet engines that can provide thrust T = 80 kN per engine. Their differences are in term of drag polar and wing area as follow:

		Aircraft A	Aircraft B
Reference wing area, S (m ²)	:	24	30
Drag polar coefficient	:	$C_D = 0.02 + 0.06 C_L^2$	$C_D = 0.016 + 0.054 C_L^2$

A buyer wants to buy one of them based on three criteria; (1) the aircraft which gives a higher maximum speed, (2) has a lower minimum power required and (3) which provide a high rate of climb.

(a) As a consultant, which aircraft will you advise the buyer to buy? Support your advice by providing data based on the required criteria.

(24 marks)

- (b) Assume the buyer choose Aircraft A.
 - (i) If during a climb, the engine is producing 20 kN thrust per engine; determine the climb gradient if one engine inoperative during the climb

(6 marks)

(ii) Calculate the maximum range the aircraft can glide from 10 km altitude if both engines inoperative

(10 marks)

Q5 A jet airplane having a weight of 441450 N and wing area of 110 m² has a tricycle type landing gear. Its C_{Lmax} with flaps is 2.7 and other data as given as follows:

The take-off speed $V_1 = 1.16 \ Vs$ The transition speed $V_2 = 1.086 \ V_1$

The lift coefficient C_{Lg} during ground run is 1.15

The drag polar with landing gear and flaps is $C_{Dg} = 0.044 + 0.05C_{Hg}^2$

Thrust variation during take-off, $T = 128,500 - 0.0929 V^2$

where, V is the km/hour and gravitational acceleration g is 9.81 m/s