

CONFIDENTIAL



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
ONLINE
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2020/2021**

COURSE NAME : ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS
TECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE : BDX 10203

PROGRAMME CODE : BDX

EXAMINATION DATE : JANUARY 2021/FEBRUARI 2021

DURATION : 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION : ANSWERS THREE (3) QUESTIONS FROM
PART A AND TWO (2) QUESTIONS FROM
PART B

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **EIGHT (8)** PAGES

CONFIDENTIAL

PART A

- Q1** (a) Define and give explanation on the factor that contributes these parameters and law:
- (i) Resistance (2 marks)
 - (ii) Conductance (2 marks)
 - (iii) Ohm's Law (2 marks)
- (b) Aluminum wire with 7.5m long is connected in parallel with copper wire of 6m long as shown in **Figure Q1(a)**. When a current of 5 A is passed through the parallel circuit, it is found that the current in the aluminum wire is 3A. The diameter of the aluminum wire is 1mm. Determine the diameter of the copper wire. (7 marks)
- (c) Find the resistance between the terminals A and B for the network shown in **Figure Q1(b)** (7 marks)
- Q2** (a) Explain the steps required to perform nodal analysis in electric circuits (5 marks)
- (b) Using nodal analysis, determine the current flows in I1 and the power consumption of R3 in **Figure Q2(a)**. (10 marks)
- (c) Calculate the direction and magnitude of the current through the 5 Ω resistor between points A and B of **Figure 2 (b)** by using nodal voltage method. (10 marks)

TERBUKA

- Q3** Thévenin is a useful tool to simplify and analyze a complex electronic circuit.
- (a) Explain in detail the steps to do Thévenin analysis. (4 marks)
- (b) **Figure Q3(a)** shows a complex electronics circuit. Use Thévenin method to find the Thévenin equivalent circuit with respect to $1nF$ capacitor. Hint: use superposition to find V_{th} . (6marks)
- (c) Find the Norton Equivalent Circuit with respect to the $3k\Omega$ resistor in the middle of the circuit as shown in **Figure Q3(b)**. The $3k\Omega$ resistor itself should not be part of the equivalent circuit that you compute. (6 marks)
- (d) Based on the result that you compute in **Q3(c)** determine the Thévenin equivalent circuit of this circuit. (4 marks)
- Q4** (a) Determine the resonance for the network shown in **Figure Q4(a)** (4 marks)
- (b) A parallel plate capacitor is charged to $100V$. Its plate separation is $2mm$ and the area of each of its plate is $120cm^2$. Calculate and account for the increase or decrease of stored energy when plate separation is reduced to $1mm$
- (i) at constant voltage (3 marks)
- (ii) at constant charge (3 marks)
- (c) Three capacitors $2\mu F$, $3\mu F$ and $5\mu F$ are connected in series and charged from a $900Vdc$ supply.
- (i) Find the voltage across each capacitors. (5 marks)
- (ii) They are then disconnected from the supply and reconnected with all the $+ve$ plate connected together and all the $-ve$ plates connected together. Find the voltages across the combinations and the charge on each capacitor after reconnections. Assume perfect insulation. (5 marks)

TERBUKA

PART B

Q5 (a) The maximum value of the alternating voltage and current are 400V and 20A respectively in a circuit connected to a 50Hz supply and these quantities are sinusoidal. The instantaneous values of the voltage and current are 283V and 10A respectively at t=0 both increasing positively.

(i) Write down the expression for voltage and current at time, t. (4 marks)

(ii) Sketch the sine waveform that reflect to the expression produced in (i). (4 marks)

(iii) Determine the power consumed in the circuit. (4 marks)

(b) The half cycle of an alternating signal is as shown in Figure Q5(a). It increase uniformly from zero at 0° to Fm at α°, remains constant from α° to (180-α)°. The signal is then decreases uniformly from Fm at (180 α)° to zero at 180°.

(i) Calculate the average values of the signal. (3 marks)

(ii) Evaluate the effective values of the signal. (5 marks)

Q6 (a) One UTHM graduate has found a new property in material X where it exhibits the capability to detect the presence of a magnetic field. Describe five features required by Material X in order to make it as the right candidate for magnetic sensing. (8 marks)

(b) Apply DeMorgan's Theorems to the following Boolean expression and simplify it.

Y = (A + BC + CD) + BC

(4 marks)

(c) Reduce the function specified in the truth table of Table Q6(a) to its minimum sum-of-product (SOP) form using a Karnaugh map. Hence, develop the logic circuit using NAND gates only.

(8 marks)

-END OF QUESTIONS-



FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER / SESSION : SEM I / 2020/2021
COURSE NAME: ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY

PROGRAMME CODE : BDX
COURSE CODE : BDX 10203

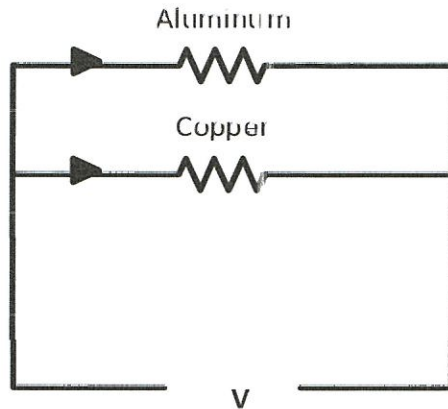


Figure Q1(a)

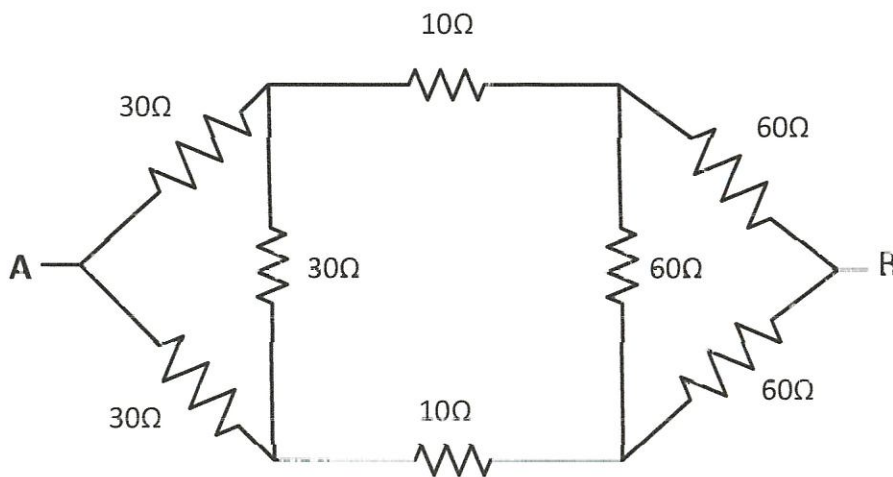


Figure Q1(b)

TERBUKA

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER / SESSION : SEM I / 2020/2021
COURSE NAME: ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY

PROGRAMME CODE : BDX
COURSE CODE : BDX 10203

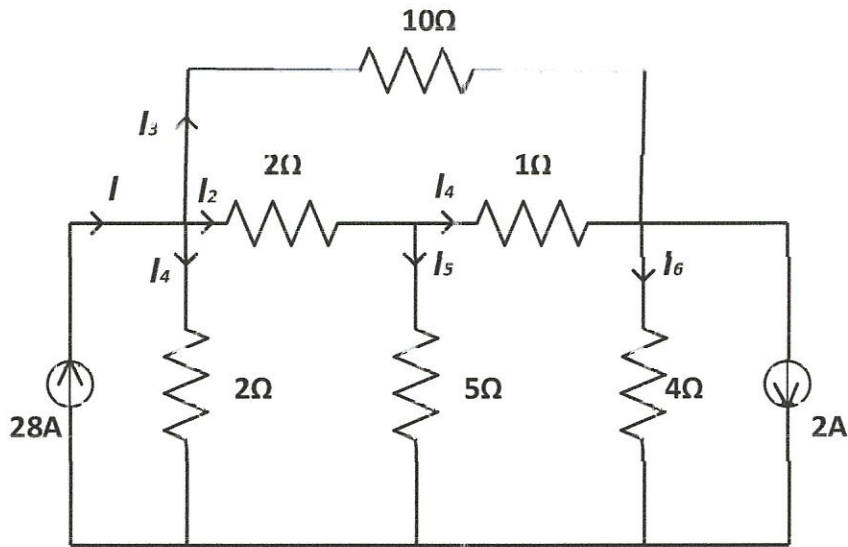


Figure Q2(a)

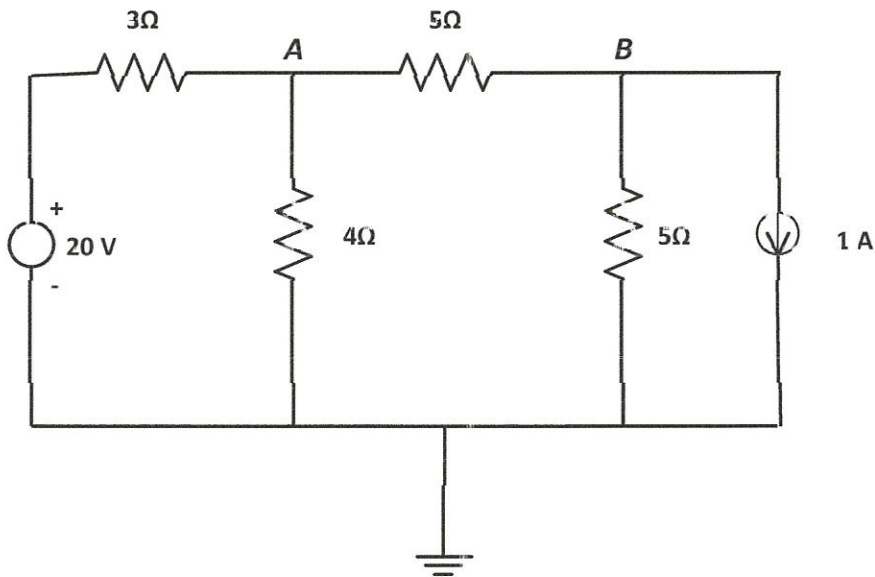


Figure Q2(b)

TERBUKA

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER / SESSION : SEM I / 2020/2021
COURSE NAME: ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY

PROGRAMME CODE : BDX
COURSE CODE : BDX 10203

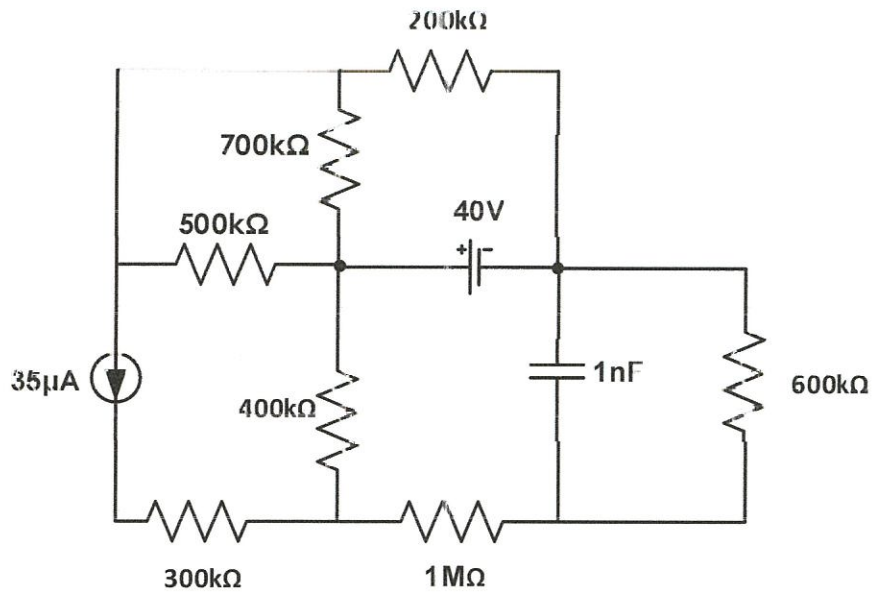


Figure Q3(a)

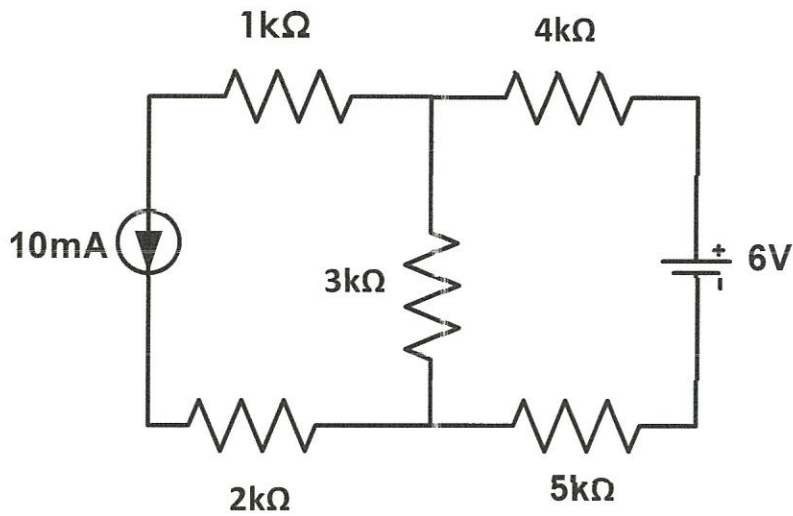


Figure Q3(b)

TERBUKA

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER / SESSION : SEM I / 2020/2021
 COURSE NAME: ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY

PROGRAMME CODE : BDX
 COURSE CODE : BDX 10203

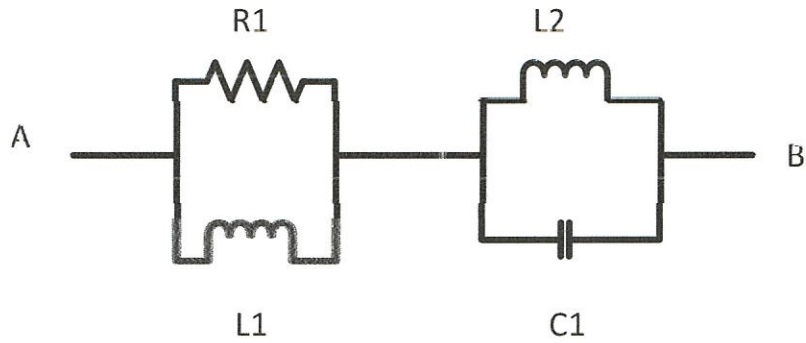


Figure Q4(a)

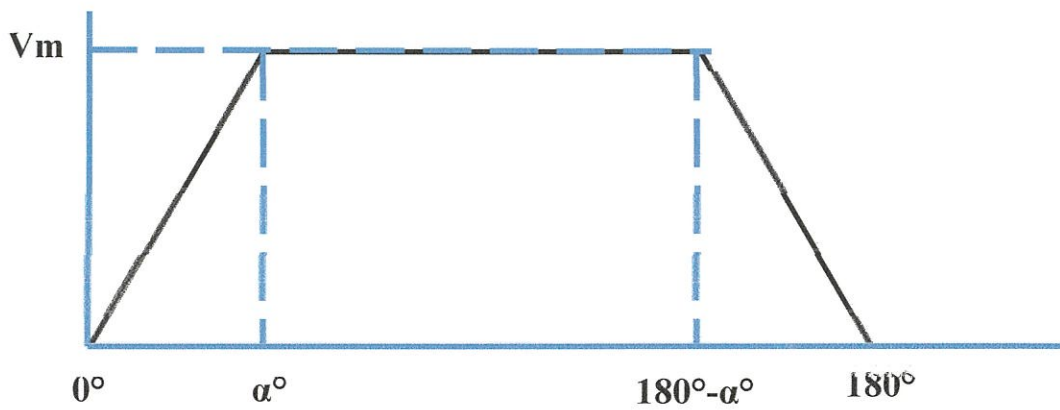


Figure Q5(a)

INPUTS			OUTPUT
A	B	C	X
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

TABLE Q6(a)

TERBUKA