



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
(TAKE HOME)
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2020/2021**

COURSE NAME : DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING
COURSE CODE : BEB 30503 / BEJ 30603
PROGRAMME CODE : BEJ
EXAMINATION DATE : JANUARY / FEBRUARY 2021
DURATION : 6 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
OPEN BOOK EXAMINATION

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THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FIVE (5) PAGES

Q1. (a) As an expert Telecommunication engineer, you have measured an input signal, $x[n]$ and its sampling frequency as shared with you independently in the UTHM Author system.

*(Please login to www.author.uthm.edu.my, go to **Individual Activities** tab and click on your individual folder. Please download the signal.)*

(i) Estimate the magnitude spectrum of the given signal, $x[n]$. (22 marks)

(ii) Design a low pass filter (LPF) to eliminate the highest frequency of the input signal. Use Bartlett window with length $N - 9$. (39 marks)

(iii) Calculate the output signal, $y[n]$ of the HPF. (14 marks)

(iv) Estimate the magnitude spectrum of $y[n]$. (15 marks)

(v) Discuss the result in (iv). (4 marks)

(b) Given a discrete signal $g[n] = \{ \overset{\downarrow}{2}, 1, 3, 0, 0, 0, 2, -4, -2, 1 \}$. Compute the signal $z[n] = g[n] + 2x[n] - 5$.

(6 marks)

-END OF QUESTIONS -

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Table 1: Properties of the N -Sample DFT

Property	Signal	DFT
Shift	$x[n - n_0]$	$X_{DFT}[k]e^{-j2\pi kn_0/N}$
Shift	$x[n - 0.5N]$	$(-1)^k X_{DFT}[k]$
Modulation	$x[n]e^{j2\pi kn_0/N}$	$X_{DFT}[k - k_0]$
Modulation	$(-1)^n x[n]$	$X_{DFT}[k - 0.5N]$
Folding	$x[-n]$	$X_{DFT}[-k]$
Product	$x[n]y[n]$	$\frac{1}{N} X_{DFT}[k] \otimes Y_{DFT}[k]$
Convolution	$x[n] \otimes y[n]$	$X_{DFT}[k]Y_{DFT}[k]$
Correlation	$x[n] \otimes \otimes y[n]$	$X_{DFT}[k]Y_{DFT}^*[k]$
Central Ordinates	$x[0] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X_{DFT}[k], \quad X_{DFT}[0] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n]$	
Central Ordinates	$x\left[\frac{N}{2}\right] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} (-1)^k X_{DFT}[k] \quad (N \text{ even}),$ $X_{DFT}\left[\frac{N}{2}\right] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} (-1)^n x[n] \quad (N \text{ even})$	

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Table 2: Windows for FIR filter design.

Window	Expression $w_N[n], 0 \leq n \leq N-1$
Boxcar	1
Cosine	$\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{N-1}\right)$
Riemann	$\text{sinc}^L\left(\frac{2n}{N-1}\right), L > 0$
Bartlett	$1 - \frac{2 n }{N-1}$
Von Hann (Hanning)	$0.5 + 0.5 \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi}{N-1}\right)$
Hamming	$0.54 + 0.46 \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi}{N-1}\right)$
Blackman	$0.42 + 0.5 \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi}{N-1}\right) + 0.08 \cos\left(\frac{4n\pi}{N-1}\right)$
Kaiser	$\frac{I_0\left(\pi\beta\sqrt{1-4\left(\frac{n}{N-1}\right)^2}\right)}{I_0(\pi\beta)}$

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BEJ 30603**Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) Filter (Bilinear Transformation) Equations**

$$\omega_A = C \tan(0.5\Omega_D)$$

$$H(z) = H(s) \Big|_{s=C(z-1)/(z+1)}$$

$$\omega_x = \tan(0.5\Omega_D)$$

$$H_1(s) = H(s) \Big|_{s=s\omega_A/\omega_x}$$

$$H(z) = H_1(s) \Big|_{s=(z-1)/(z+1)}$$

Finite Impulse Response (FIR) Filter Equations

$$h_{LP}[n] = 2F_c \operatorname{sinc}(2nF_c) w_N[n]$$

$$h_{HP}[\mu] = \delta[\mu] - 2F_c \operatorname{sinc}(2\mu F_c) w_N[\mu]$$

$$F_c = 0.5(F_P + F_S)$$

$$h_{BP}[n] = (-1)^n 2F_c \operatorname{sinc}(2nF_c) w_N[n]$$

$$F_c = 0.5 - 0.5(F_P + F_S)$$

$$h_{BP}[n] = 4F_c \operatorname{sinc}(2nF_c) \cos(2\pi n F_0) w_N[n]$$

$$h_{BS}[n] = \delta[n] - 4F_c \operatorname{sinc}(2nF_c) \cos(2\pi n F_0) w_N[n]$$

$$F_0 = 0.5(F_2 + F_3)$$

$$F_c = 0.5(F_3 + F_4) - F_0$$

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