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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
(ONLINE)
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2019/2020**

COURSE NAME : REINFORCED CONCRETE DESIGN II
COURSE CODE : BFC32803
PROGRAMME CODE : BFF
EXAMINATION DATE : JULY 2020
DURATION : 6 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : 1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
2. DESIGN SHOULD BE BASED ON
BS EN 1990:2002+A1:2005, BS EN
1991-1-1:2002, BS EN 1992-1-1:2004

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **EIGHT (8)** PAGES

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Q1 **Figure Q1(a)** shows a plan view of an unbraced frame building that will be constructed at hilly area. Side elevation of the building is shown in **Figure Q1(b)** and exposed to open terrain with few or no obstructions. The wind load is non-linear, windward wall permeable and varies at different height, depending on the value of $\rho = 0.613(V_s)^2(M_{z,cat})^2(C_{p,e}-C_{p,i})$ kN/m according to MS 1553:2002. If the wind load is imposed at the right of reinforced concrete building,

- (a) Calculate the possible V_s , $M_{z,cat}$, $C_{p,e}$ and $C_{p,i}$ for this frame system by using simplified procedure. (5 marks)
- (b) Determine and draw the distribution of wind load of the frame consisting Beam B/1-4 at each level as shown in plan view. (9 marks)
- (c) Analyse and draw the axial and shear forces in beams and columns at Level F. (11 marks)

Q2 (a) **Figure Q2(a)** illustrates **TWO (2)** different types of column. Explain in details each types of column (i) and (ii) based on the support conditions. (5 marks)

- (b) A plan and front elevation of a braced concrete structural frame is given in **Figure Q2(b)**. The column size is 225 mm x 350 mm extending from the footing to second floor. All beams are 175 mm x 500 mm. The following data are given:

Uniformly distributed load on beam 1 inclusive self-weight;

Characteristic dead load = 25 kN/m

Characteristic live load = 15 kN/m

Uniformly distributed load on beam 2 inclusive self-weight;

Characteristic dead load = 22.5 kN/m

Characteristic live load = 10.5 kN/m

Characteristic strength of concrete = 25 N/mm²

Characteristic strength of steel = 500 N/mm²

Concrete cover = 25 mm

- (i) Determine the ultimate moment M_{yy} , M_{zz} and ultimate axial load N at column A from footing to first floor. Given the column A carries the total ultimate axial load of 150 kN from second and third floor. (15 marks)

- (ii) Calculate the effective height, L_c of column A about Z and Y axis. (5 marks)

- Q3** (a) The type of foundation to be used depends on several factors. List **THREE (3)** general factors that affect the foundation selection and most economical type to be used. (3 marks)
- (b) A pile foundation needs to be designed for a shop lot building that will be constructed at soft soil area. It is requires to support a permanent axial action of 3600 kN and variable action of 2400 kN. Based on **Figure Q3** and the following data given:
- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Characteristic strength of concrete, f_{ck} | = C35/45 |
| Characteristic strength of steel, f_{yk} | = 500 N/mm ² |
| Unit weight of concrete | = 25 kN/m ³ |
| Assume diameter of reinforcement, ϕ_{bar} | = 32 mm |
| Nominal concrete cover, c | = 75 mm |
| Column size | = 500 mm x 500 mm |
| Pile: Prestressed Micro pile | = 400 mm diameter |
| Service load | = 2000 kN |
- (i) Determine the required number of pile and size of the pile cap. (6 marks)
- (ii) Draw the size of pile cap with all dimensions and design the main reinforcement of the pile cap. (9 marks)
- (iii) Verify the shear resistance of the pile cap. (7 marks)
- Q4** (a) Describe **FOUR (4)** different types of concrete retaining walls. (4 marks)
- (b) **Figure Q4** shows the cross section of retaining wall with loads acted on the retaining wall. The wall is to be cast into the foundation soil to the depth of 0.5 m and will retain a granular fill to a height of 3.5 m without any surcharge.
- (i) Check the stability of the retaining wall based on sliding, overturning and settlement. Given unit weight of concrete = 25 kN/m³, safe bearing pressure = 200 kN/m² and friction coefficient = 0.45. (7 marks)
- (ii) Determine the bending moment of the wall, footing and the main reinforcements of the wall and footing. Given; cover = 40 mm, $f_{ck} = 30$ N/mm², $f_{yk} = 500$ N/mm², $f_{ctm} = 2.9$ N/mm²). (9 marks)
- (iii) Predict the effect of reinforcement and stability if toe inserted at the edge of the retaining wall (5 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS –

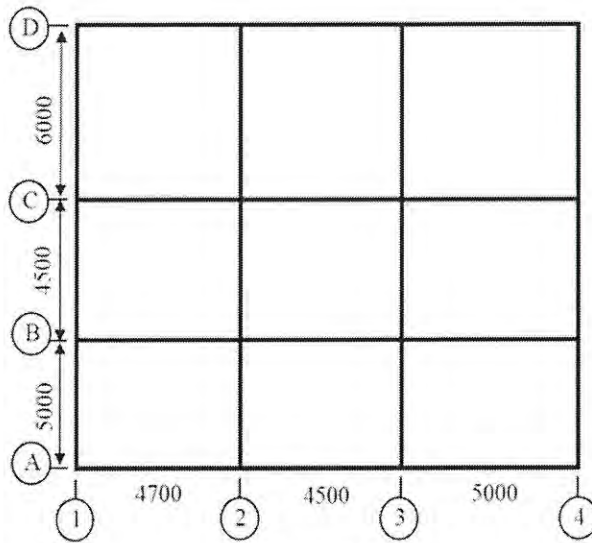
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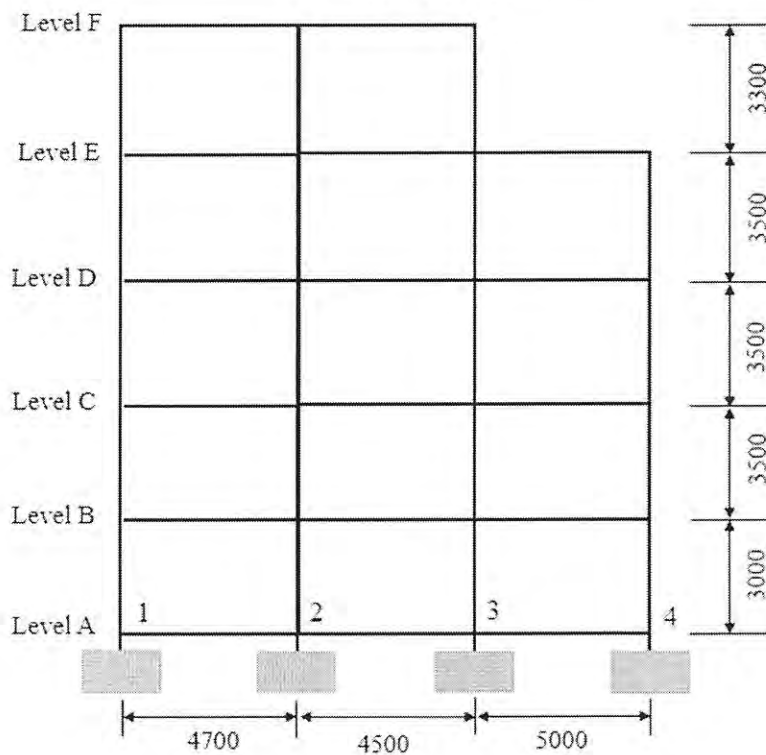
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All unit in mm

FIGURE Q1(a)



All unit in mm

FIGURE Q1(b)

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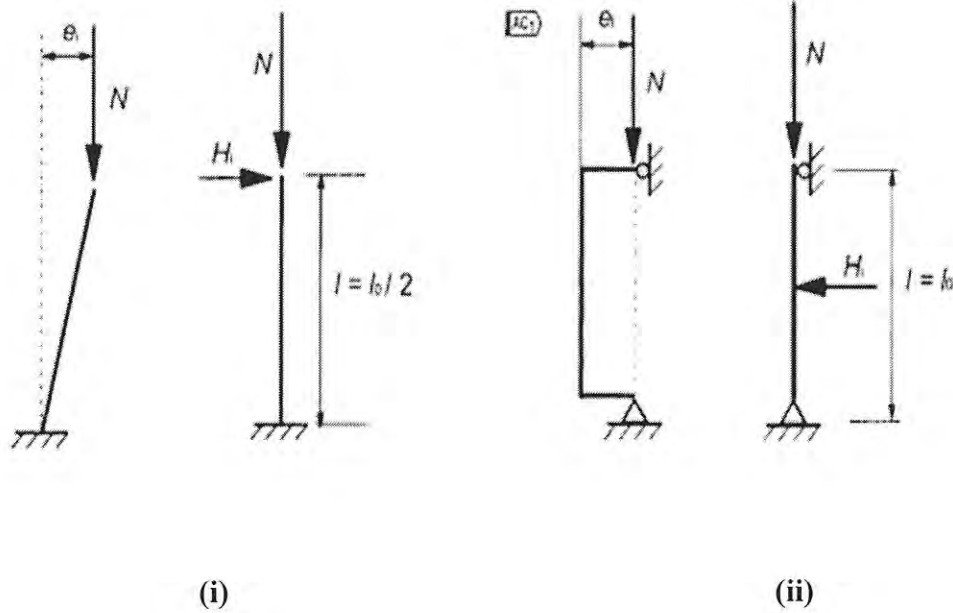


FIGURE Q2(a)

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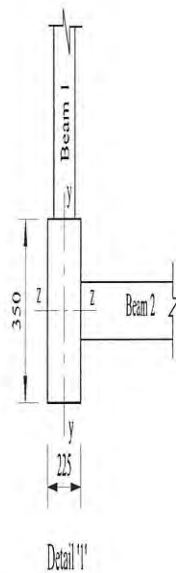
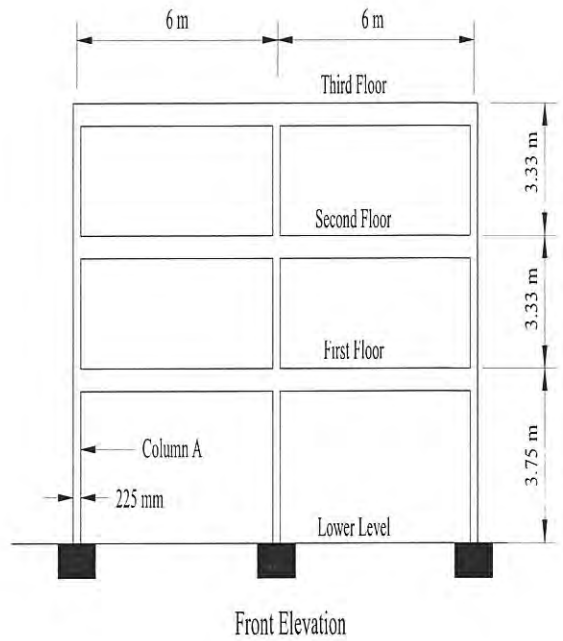
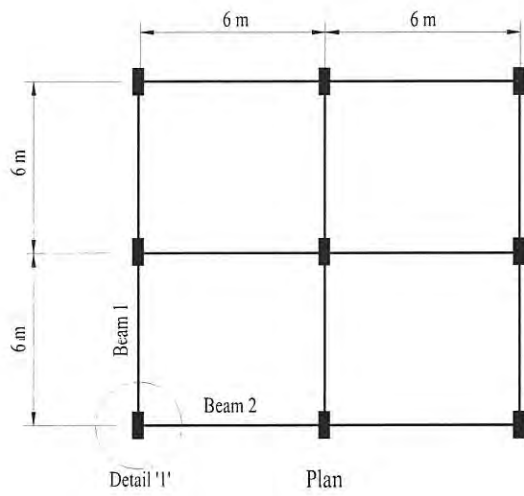


FIGURE Q2(b)

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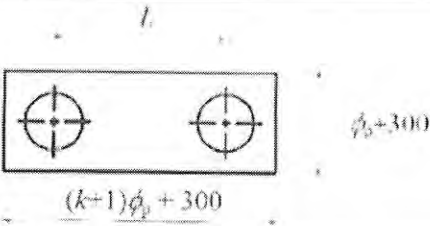
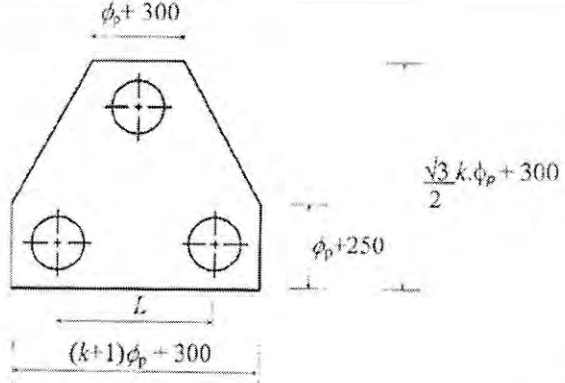
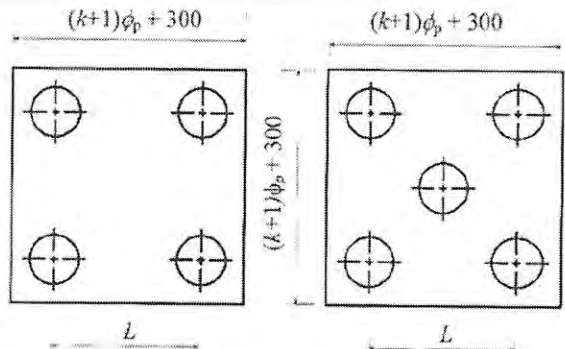
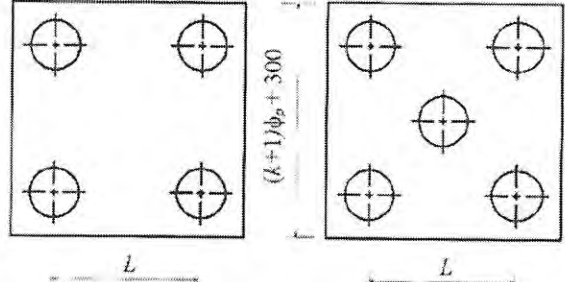
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Number of piles	Dimension of pile cap	Tensile force
2		$\frac{NL}{4d}$
3		$\frac{NL}{9d}$
4		$\frac{NL}{8d}$
5		$\frac{NL}{10d}$

Notation : N = Axial load, ϕ_p = size of pile, d = effective depth, k = spacing factor of pile

FIGURE Q3

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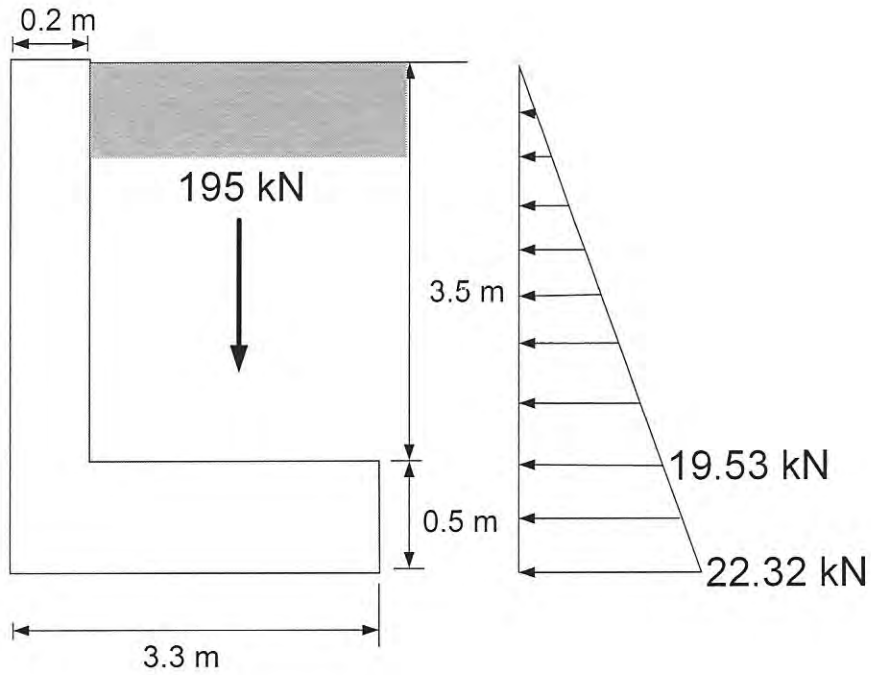
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All unit in mm

FIGURE Q4

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