



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER I
SESSION 2017/2018**

COURSE NAME : QUALITY MANAGEMENT
COURSE CODE : BPB 44002
PROGRAMME CODE : BPB
EXAMINATION DATE : DECEMBER 2017 / JANUARY 2018
DURATION : 2 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

TERBUKA

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **FIVE (5)** PAGES

- Q1** (a) List **FIVE (5)** steps of Kaizen activities in quality improvement. (5 marks)
- (b) GTB produces television and exports to Japan. However, GTB company recently has received many complaints from their customers. The company has identified the problem of rejected unit as presented in **Table Q1(b)**.

Table Q1(b): Problem of rejected unit

No	Problem	Quantity
1	Scratching	48
2	Capacitor damage	33
3	Plastic deform	4
4	Panel bending	3
5	Workmiss amongst employees	3
6	SOP problem	3
7	Missing remote	2
8	Adjustment	2
9	Cabinet color problem	1
10	Button not function	1

- (i) Draw Pareto chart based on data from **Table Q1(b)**. (5 marks)
- (ii) Determine the root cause of scratching based on five why analysis. (5 marks)
- (c) ALFA company has to select an improvement between four machines for improving their process based on three selection criteria as **Table Q2(c)**. Rank 1 is the most importance and rank 5 is the least importance.

Table Q2(c): Decision Criteria and Rank

Decision Criteria	Importance
Cost	0.3
Easy to implement	0.2
Benefit	0.5

Decision Criteria (Cost)	Importance
Machine A	1
Machine B	2
Machine C	3
Machine D	4

TERBUKA

Table Q2(Continued)

Decision Criteria (Easy to implement)	Importance
Machine A	3
Machine B	2
Machine C	4
Machine D	1

Decision Criteria (Benefit)	Importance
Machine A	4
Machine B	2
Machine C	1
Machine D	3

- (i) Calculate the score of each machine based on decision criteria and final rankings. (8 marks)

- (ii) Determine the best machine for improvement. (2 marks)

TERBUKA

- Q2**
- (a) Explain **THREE (3)** categories of variation in production process. (6 marks)
 - (b) Compare **THREE (3)** differences between random variation and non random variation. (6 marks)
 - (c) Differentiate between type error I and type error II in sampling process. (4 marks)
 - (d) The weight of part K is specified between 5.95 and 6.05 kg. 200 sample have been measured with resulting mean of 6.03 kg and standard deviation of 0.01.

Calculate the followings:

- (i) C_{pu} (3 marks)
- (ii) C_{pl} (3 marks)
- (iii) C_{pk} (3 marks)

TERBUKA

- Q3** (a) (i) State **FOUR (4)** aims of ISO 9001. (4 marks)
- (ii) Discuss **THREE (3)** main sections in Quality Management System: ISO 9001. (9 marks)
- (b) Elaborate **SIX (6)** steps in improving quality in production through benchmarking. (12 marks)
- Q4** (a) SYM Sdn. Bhd. has decided to improve their quality level to 5 ppm. Their current quality level of the company is 17,054 ppm. They want to implement Six Sigma approach to reduce the defects.
- (i) Calculate value in percentage for 17,054 ppm. (3 marks)
- (ii) State **FOUR (4)** key players in implementing Six Sigma. (4 marks)
- (iii) Explain **ONE (1)** reason why basic quality tools is not suitable for achieving 2 ppm. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss **FIVE (5)** DMAIC process in improving variation in the process. (15 marks)

TERBUKA

-END OF QUESTIONS-